Michigan State Bar Foundation Report on Financial Statements

Years Ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Michigan State Bar Foundation

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Michigan State Bar Foundation (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Michigan State Bar Foundation as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Maner Costerisan, P.C. December 20, 2016

MICHIGAN STATE BAR FOUNDATION STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

September 30, 2016 and 2015

ASSETS	2016	2015
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments—current. Accounts receivable—IOITA Accounts receivable Unconditional promises to give Accrued interest receivable. Prepaid expenses.	\$ 782,697 15,540,086 62,048 120,997 54,191 63,904 4,717	\$ 799,281 4,819,718 63,001 122,050 96,566 13,186 4,872
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	16,628,640	5,918,674
less current portion. INVESTMENTS—long-term EQUIPMENT, net	143,585 3,055,468 18,637	176,083 2,877,675 20,244
TOTAL ASSETS	\$19,846,330	\$8,992,676
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable:		
General	\$ 53,955 36,554	\$ 60,746 24,429
Capital lease obligation, current portion	2,874	2,651
Grants payable	1,367,931	596,254
IOLTA payable	491,099	557,496
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,952,413	1,241,576
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, less current portion	5,623	8,496
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,958,036	1,250,072
NET ASSETS:		
Unrestricted	1,101,978	1,092,486
Unrestricted, board designated	500,000	500,000
Total unrestricted	1,601,978	1,592,486
Temporarily restricted	13,230,848	3,272,443
Permanently restricted	3,055,468	2,877,675
TOTAL NET ASSETS	17,888,294	7,742,604
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$19,846,330	\$8,992,676
	See notes to fin	nancial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The financial statements of Michigan State Bar Foundation have been prepared on the accrual basis in accordance with United States of America generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The significant accounting policies followed are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

Financial Statement Presentation—The Foundation is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets,

temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets and are explained as follows.

- · Unrestricted net assets represent the portion of expendable funds available for support of Foundation operations and unrestricted contributions. Currently, the board has designated \$500,000 for future uses.
- · Temporarily restricted net assets consist of contributions or earnings, which have been restricted by the donor. Amounts not received or expended are included in temporarily restricted net assets. These resources originate from IOLTA activities, the Access to Justice Campaign, Civil

Michigan State Bar Foundation Statements of Activities

Years Ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

Years Ended September 30, 2016 a				2016				2015
	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
REVENUE AND OTHER SUPPORT:								
Contributions—IOLTA—net (See Note 10) Fellows memberships Access to Justice Fund contributions Civil Justice System Access Legal Self-Help Program grant Filing fees reimbursement Regular memberships	\$ 62,511 50	\$ 658,590 15,415 919,299 11,361,120 400,000	\$ 177,793	\$ 658,590 15,415 1,097,092 11,361,120 400,000 62,511 50	\$ 64,315 400	\$ 663,718 43,216 991,209 1,349,545 400,000	\$ 184,243	\$ 663,718 43,216 1,175,452 1,349,545 400,000 64,315 400
Interest Contributions and memorials Realized gain (loss) on investments Net assets released from restrictions	96,155 2,100 3,521 3,835,102	324,597 3,452 (17,161) (3,835,102)		420,752 5,552 (13,640)	81,628 10	232,800 5,246 (1,368) (2,630,158)		314,428 5,256 (1,074)
total revenue and other support	3,999,439	9,830,210	177,793	14,007,442	2,776,805	1,054,208	184,243	4,015,256
EXPENSES:								
Program services: IOLTA grants IOLTA Program Fellows Program Filing fees Cohn Endowment Program Access to Justice Program Civil Justice System Access Program Legal Self-Help Program Other programs	326,599 441,818 30,018 152,122 1,846 1,246,423 1,361,797 400,000 2,219			326,599 441,818 30,018 152,122 1,846 1,246,423 1,361,797 400,000 2,219	349,739 408,366 25,955 127,763 1,344 1,410,639 400,000 1,870			349,739 408,366 25,955 127,763 1,344 1,410,639 400,000 1,870
TOTAL PROGRAM SERVICES	3,962,842			3,962,842	2,725,676			2,725,676
Management and general Fundraising	65,339 10,697			65,339 10,697	22,056 6,401			22,056 6,401
TOTAL EXPENSES	4,038,878			4,038,878	2,754,133			2,754,133
Change in net assets before unrealized gain (loss) on current marketable securities	(39,439)	9,830,210	177,793	9,968,564	22,672	1,054,208	184,243	1,261,123
unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities	48,931	128,195		177,126	(100,161)	(223,207)		(323,368)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	9,492	9,958,405	177,793	10,145,690	(77,489)	831,001	184,243	937,755
NET ASSETS, beginning of year	1,592,486	3,272,443	2,877,675	7,742,604	1,669,975	2,441,442	2,693,432	6,804,849
NET ASSETS, end of year		\$13,230,848	\$3,055,468	\$17,888,294		\$3,272,443	\$2,877,675	\$7,742,604

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Justice System Access Program, gifts, grants, bequests, contracts, emergency appeals and investment income earned on investments related to these activities. IOLTA revenue is directly affected by changes in interest rates.

• Permanently restricted net assets are gift instruments requiring the principal be maintained intact in perpetuity and only the income be used for purposes specified by the donor.

Functional Expenses—Expenses are classified on a functional basis as program services, management and general, and fundraising.

The following is a definition of the Foundation's significant program services:

- IOLTA Grants and IOLTA Program—Grants and related expenses regarding improvements in the administration of justice and civil legal services to the poor.
- Fellows Program—A membership program that generates revenue for the Foundation's public service activities.
- Filing fees—Funds expended to provide grants for civil legal services to the poor.

- Cohn Endowment Program—Grants from endowment earnings have typically supported law related education and bar leadership development.
- Access to Justice Program—Grants and related expenses regarding civil legal services to the poor.
- Civil Justice System Access Program—Grants and related expenses regarding access to the civil justice system for low-income residents of Michigan.
- Legal Self-Help Program—Grants and related expenses regarding provision of legal information and forms online, support for and operation of legal self-help centers, and training related to legal self-help.
- \bullet Other Programs—Miscellaneous programs administered by the Foundation.

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash accounts and money market funds.

Investments—Investments in equity securities and debt securities with readily determinable fair values are reported at fair value with gains and losses included in the statement of activities. Amounts on deposit for investment purposes are not considered cash equivalents for cash flows

MICHIGAN STATE BAR FOUNDATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Increase (decrease) in Cash and Cash equivalents:		
Cash flows from operating activities: Change in net assets	\$10,145,690	\$ 937,755
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation Realized (gain) loss on sale of	5,730	8,228
marketable securities Unrealized (gain) loss on	13,640	1,074
marketable securities	(177,126)	323,368
Permanently restricted contributions	(177,793)	(184,243)
Accounts receivable	2,006	740
Unconditional promises to give	74,873	2,113
Accrued interest receivable	(50,718)	(3,107)
Prepaid expenses	155	178
Accounts payable and IOLTA payable	(61,063)	(114,627)
Grants payable	771,677	9,406
Total adjustments	401,381	43,130
Net cash provided (used)		
by operating activities	10,547,071	980,885
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of investments	(17,976,452)	(2,132,319)
Sale of investments	7,241,777	1,065,093
Purchase of property and equipment	(4,123)	(7,055)
Net cash provided (used)		
by investing activities	(10,738,798)	(1,074,281)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Principal payments on	(2,650)	(2.445)
capital lease obligation Donations of permanently restricted funds		(2,445)
Donations of permanently restricted funds	177,793	184,243
Net cash provided by financing activities	175,143	181,798
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(16,584)	88,402
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: Beginning of year	799,281	710,879
End of year	\$782,697	\$799,281

See notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

purposes. Losses on investments of permanently restricted net assets in excess of the original gift reduce unrestricted net assets. Subsequent related gains are recorded as increases in unrestricted net assets until the gain offsets the amount of losses previously recorded as decreases in unrestricted net assets.

Unconditional Promises to Give and Accounts Receivable—These amounts are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a provision for bad debt expense and an adjustment to a valuation allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to accounts receivable. See Note 5 for changes in the valuation allowance.

Contributions-Contributions received are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted support, depending on the existence or nature of any donor restrictions or the timing of the receipt.

Support that is restricted by the donor is reported as an increase in unrestricted net assets if the restriction expires in the reporting period in which the support is recognized. All other donor-restricted support is reported as an increase in temporarily or permanently restricted net assets, depending on the nature of the restriction. When a restriction expires (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished), temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions

Promises to Give-Unconditional promises to give are recognized as revenue in the period the promise is received and as assets, decreases of liabilities, or expenses depending on the form of the benefits received. Promises to give are recorded at net realizable value if they are expected to be collected in one year and at fair value if they are expected to be collected in more than one year. Long-term unconditional promises to give are initially recorded as temporarily restricted assets.

Prepaid expenses consist primarily of advance payments for insurance and maintenance agreements.

Equipment is stated at cost. Depreciation is computed over the estimated useful lives of the assets on the straight-line method and the Foundation's capitalization policy is \$1,000.

Contract services for personnel consist of reimbursement to other entities for services provided to the Foundation. These personnel are covered under the benefit plans of their respective entities.

NOTE 2—ORGANIZATION, RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Michigan State Bar Foundation was formed on September 30, 1947 as a non-profit corporation under U.S. Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3). Created in recognition of the legal profession's responsibilities to the public, the Foundation provides financial assistance to educational, research and public service projects that promote advancements in the administration of justice, further a better understanding of our legal system and improve relations among the legal profession, the courts and the public, and further the delivery of legal services to the poor. No provision for income taxes is required due to the Foundation's tax-exempt status.

Credit Risk—The Foundation is required to disclose significant concentrations of credit risk regardless of the degree of such risk. Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Foundation to concentrations of credit risk, consist principally of cash and investments, promises to give and accounts receivable.

The Foundation places its cash and investments with financial institutions. Although such cash balances exceeded the federally insured limits at certain times during the year and at year-end they are, in the opinion of management, subject to minimal risk. Certain investments are subject to changes in fair value daily.

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

In the preparation of tax returns, tax positions are taken based on interpretation of federal, state and local income tax laws. Management periodically reviews and evaluates the status of uncertain tax positions and makes estimates of amounts, including interest and penalties, ultimately due or owed. No amounts have been identified, or recorded, as uncertain tax positions. Federal, state, and local tax returns generally remain open for examination by the various taxing authorities for a period of three to four years.

The Foundation evaluates events and transactions that occur after year end for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. These subsequent events have been considered through December 20, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 3—INVESTMENTS

Investments consist of traded securities on the New York Stock Exchange, government securities, corporate debt securities and mutual funds. IOLTA funds are not invested in equities or equity funds.

	Cost basis	Fair value	Unrealized gain (loss)
Investments:			
September 30, 2016:			
Government securities,			
corporate debt securities			
and mutual funds	\$13,806,549	\$13,833,002	\$ 26,453
Equities	3,681,022	4,762,552	1,081,530
Total	\$ 17,487,571	\$18,595,554	\$1,107,983
Investments:			
September 30, 2015:			
Government securities, corporate debt securities			
and mutual funds	\$ 3,244,747	\$ 3,261,625	\$ 16,878
Equities	3,521,789	4,435,768	913,979
Total	\$ 6,766,536	\$ 7,697,393	\$ 930,857
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Investments are presented in the statements of financial position as follows:

2016	2015
\$15,540,086	\$4,819,718
3,055,468	2,877,675
\$18,595,554	\$7,697,393
	\$15,540,086 3,055,468

NOTE 4—FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Foundation is subject to the provisions of accounting standards to report certain assets at fair value. The standard establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques giving the highest priority to readily available unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements) when market prices are not readily available or reliable. The three levels of the hierarchy are described below.

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.

Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk and others.

Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant (for example, when there is little or no market activity for an investment at the end of the period), unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect the Foundation's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at September 30, 2016 and 2015.

Mutual funds: Valued at the daily closing price, net asset value (NAV) as reported by the various mutual funds.

Common stocks: Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

Corporate bonds: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.

U.S. government securities: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities.

Mortgage backed securities: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing value on recent market transactions and spread data for similar instruments.

Collateralized mortgage obligations: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing value on recent market transactions.

Asset backed securities: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities based on the last business day. This includes basing value on recent market transactions.

From time to time, changes in valuation techniques may result in reclassification of an investment's assigned level within the hierarchy from year to year.

The following is a market value summary by the level of the inputs used, as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, in evaluating the Foundation's assets carried at fair value. The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities may not be an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.

	Level 1:	Level 2:	Level 3:	
Description	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets	Significant other observable inputs	Significant unob- servable inputs	Total September 30, 2016
Valued on a recurring basis:				
Mutual funds:				
Index funds	\$1,713,872	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,713,872
Growth funds	1,203,706	_	_	1,203,706
Fixed income funds	1,394,023	_	_	1,394,023
Blended funds	993,850	_	_	993,850
Value funds	851,125	_	_	851,125
Corporate and foreign bonds/notes:				
AA credit rating	_	388,211	_	388,211
A credit rating		2,602,855	_	2,602,855
BAA credit rating	_	863,000	_	863,000
BA credit rating	_	134,463	_	134,463
US government securities	_	8,191,950	_	8,191,950
Mortgage-backed				
securities	_	19,054	_	19,054
Collateralized				
mortgage obligations	_	140,550	_	140,550
Asset-backed securities	_	98,895	_	98,895
Total	\$6,156,576	\$12,438,978		\$ 18,595,554

	Level 1:	Level 2:	Level 3:	
Description	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets	Significant other observable inputs	Significant unob- servable inputs	Total September 30, 2015
Valued on a recurring basis:				
Mutual funds:				
Index funds	\$1,566,487	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,566,487
Growth funds	1,168,725	_	_	1,168,725
Fixed income funds	1,376,490	_	_	1,376,490
Value funds	1,700,556	_	_	1,700,556
Corporate and foreign				
bonds/notes:				
AA credit rating	_	95,119	_	95,119
A credit rating	_	631,750	_	631,750
BAA credit rating	_	29,263	_	29,263
US government securities	_	870,627	_	870,627
Mortgage-backed				
securities	_	12,598	_	12,598
Collateralized		/		,
mortgage obligations	_	37,792	_	37,792
Asset-backed securities	_	207,986	_	207,986
Total	\$5,812,258	\$1,885,135		\$ 7,697,393

NOTE 5—UNCONDITIONAL PROMISES TO GIVE

		2016		
_	Access to Justice	Fellows Program	Total	2015
Gross amounts due in:				
Less than one year	\$ 9,733	\$ 44,950	\$ 54,683	\$ 97,382
One to five years	1,500	150,025	151,525	172,600
More than five years		24,750	24,750	34,550
Total	\$11,233	\$219,725	\$230,958	\$304,532
Current portion—net	\$ 9,686	\$ 44,505	\$ 54,191	\$ 96,566
Long-term portion—net	1,411	142,174	143,585	176,083
Total—net	\$11,097	\$186,679	\$197,776	\$272,649

The discount rate used to determine the net amounts above was 1%, which amounted to \$7,646 and \$9,323 for 2016 and 2015, respectively.

The above net amounts are net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts of \$25,536 and \$22,560 at September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

NOTE 6-EQUIPMENT AND DEPRECIATION

Equipment at September 30 consists of the following.

	2016	2015
Computers and equipment	\$57,423	\$78,714
Office furniture	14,718	14,718
Leasehold improvements	1,525	_
	73,666	93,432
Less accumulated depreciation	55,029	73,188
Equipment—net	\$18,637	\$20,244
Depreciation expense	\$ 5,730	\$ 8,228

NOTE 7—LEASES

Capital Lease

The Foundation leases a copier under a capital lease. The economic substance of the lease is that the Foundation is financing the acquisition of the assets through the lease, and, accordingly, it is recorded in the Foundation's assets and liabilities.

The copier is included in the Foundation's capitalized equipment with a cost of \$14,173 and accumulated depreciation of \$6,378.

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum payments required under the lease together with their present value as of September 30, 2016:

Year ending September 30:

2017	\$ 3,457
2018	3,457
2019	2,594
Total minimum lease payments	. 9,508
Less amount representing interest	. 1,011
Present value of minimum lease payments	.\$ 8,497
Capital lease obligation, current portion	.\$ 2,874
Long-term portion	. 5,623
	\$ 8,497

Amortization of assets held under capital lease is included with depreciation expense.

Operating Lease

Facilities are leased under agreements running through September 30, 2020. Rental expense for the years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 was approximately \$37,580 and \$37,580, respectively. Minimum future rental amounts are calculated on the base monthly rent amount which includes office space, phone, and internet. The rent payment is adjusted annually by the Consumer Price Index. The maximum annual increase per adjustment is 5%.

Minimum future rentals under this lease are as follows.

Year ending September 30:

\$ 44,384	2017
44,384	2018
44,384	2019
44,384	2020
\$177,536	Total
44,384 44,384	2019 2020

NOTE 8—NET ASSETS

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses or satisfying the restricted purposes.

Purpose and time restrictions accomplished and other items.

	2016	2015
IOLTA—grants	326,599	\$ 349,739
IOLTA expenses	441,818	408,366
Fellows memberships	54,400	58,200
Cohn Endowment Program	1,846	1,344
Access to Justice Program		
grants and expenses	1,246,423	1,410,639
Civil Justice System Access Program	1,361,797	_
Special programs	2,219	1,870
Legal Self-Help Program	400,000	400,000
	3,835,102	\$2,630,158
-		

Temporarily restricted net assets at year-end consist of the following.

117,592
225,664
117,413
15,566
1,426,099
1,352,760
17,349
3,272,443

Permanently restricted net assets at year-end consist of the following.

2016	2015
Access to Justice Program \$3,005,468	\$2,827,675
Cohn Endowment Program	50,000
\$3,055,468	\$2,877,675

NOTE 9—ENDOWMENT

The Foundation's endowment consists of two individual donor-restricted funds established for the following purposes.

Cohn Endowment Program—The principal of the Irwin I. Cohn Endowment Fund shall be kept intact under all circumstances. Any income or capital gains generated from the principal may be used.

Access to Justice—This program seeks to increase resources for civil legal services for low-income persons. The principal is permanently restricted by option of the donor. Income and capital gains are restricted for the purpose of the program.

As required by GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Interpretation of Relevant Law

The Foundation has interpreted the Michigan Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation classified as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of initial gifts donated to the permanent

endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the Fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Foundation in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the Fund
- 2. The purposes of the Foundation and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of the Foundation
- 7. The investment policies of the Foundation

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ending September 30, 2016 were as follows.

	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year,	¢	¢1.1(0.0(2	¢2.077./75	¢4.047.630
October 1, 2015	<u> </u>	\$1,169,963	\$2,877,675	\$4,047,638
Investment return: Investment income	_	243,028	_	243,028
Net gain (realized and unrealized) Total investment		136,136		136,136
return		379,164		379,164
Contributions		2,681	177,793	180,474
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure	_	(212,604)	_	(212,604)
Endowment net assets, end of year, September 30, 2016		\$1,339,204	\$3,055,468	\$4,394,672

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ending September 30, 2015 were as follows.

	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year,				
October 1, 2014		\$1,595,932	\$ 2,693,432	\$4,289,364
Investment return:				
Investment income	_	207,261	_	207,261
Net loss				
(realized and unrealized)		(220 500)		(220.500)
		(220,598)		(220,598)
Total investment return		(12 227)		(12 227)
return		(13,337)		(13,337)
Contributions		8,191	184,243	192,434
Appropriation of				
endowment assets				
for expenditure		(420,823)		(420,823)
Endowment net assets, end of year,				
September 30, 2015	\$ —	\$1,169,963	\$ 2,877,675	\$4,047,638

Funds with Deficiencies

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires the Foundation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with GAAP, deficiencies of this nature are reported in unrestricted net assets. These deficiencies resulted from unfavorable market fluctuations that occurred after the investment of new permanently restricted contributions and continued appropriation for certain programs that was deemed prudent by the Foundation. There were no such deficiencies as of September 30, 2016 and 2015 respectively.

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the Foundation must hold in perpetuity. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Trustees, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce the following results.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Foundation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Foundation targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy

Endowment funds available for spending are determined by the Foundation using a total return system. The spending policy will use the average of the market value of the fund as of September 30 for the previous five years. At the end of each successive fiscal year, the most recent year will be added and the initial year will be dropped. The calculation is as follows:

- Each year a five-year rolling average of the market value is determined as of September 30.
- b. The amount which can be spent will be up to 5% of the average market value calculated in "a" above.

The funds that may be spent under this spending policy for a particular endowment fund may be drawn from both ordinary income earned (i.e., dividends, interest, rents, royalties, etc.) and capital appreciation, both realized and unrealized, for that endowment fund. All income and appreciation not needed to meet spending needs for a particular endowment fund is credited directly to that fund and reinvested. A designated endowment recipient may elect to reinvest the spending amount available rather than receive payment.

NOTE 10—RESTRICTED ACTIVITIES

Franck Program—(Michael Franck Fund for Professional Responsibility). The income and principal are restricted to the furtherance of professional responsibility.

IOLTA Program (Interest on Lawyer's Trust Accounts)—The Michigan Supreme Court issued Administrative Order 1990-2 that the Board of Trustees of the Michigan State Bar Foundation would administer the IOLTA Program established pursuant to amendment of Rule 1.15 of the Michigan Rules of Professional Conduct (MRPC). Administrative Order 1997-9, effective November 14, 1997, modified Order 1990-2. The Michigan Supreme Court also adopted amendments to MRPC 1.15, effective October 18, 2005.

After administrative expenses, the IOLTA funds are to be distributed by the Foundation consistent with administrative orders issued by the Michigan Supreme Court. Under the current order, IOLTA funds distributed to the Michigan Supreme Court for Gender/Racial/Ethnic related issues and to the Michigan Supreme Court Historical Society are reported in an agency capacity.

The following is a summary of the IOLTA activity for the years ended September 30.

	2016	2015
IOLTA funds (accrual basis)—net of bank service charges	\$704,305	\$718,480
Less allocation for Gender/Racial/Ethnic Related Issues and Supreme Court		
Historical Society	(45,715)	(54,762)
IOLTA revenue—net of funds received		
in an agency capacity	\$658,590	\$663,718
Calculation of funds received in an agency cap	oacity.	
	2016	2015
IOLTA funds (accrual basis)	\$704,305	\$718,480
Administrative expenses and		
investment activity	(446,608)	(409,550)
IOLTA funds—net	\$257,697	\$308,930

IOLTA revenues presented in the Statement of Activities are reported net of any applicable fees charged by financial institutions. For the years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, fees charged by institutions were \$10,628 and \$10,013, respectively.

	2016		
	Gender/ Racial/Ethnic Related Issues	Supreme Court Historical Society	Total IOLTA payable
IOLTA funds—net	\$ 257,697	\$ 257,697	\$ 257,697
Allocation per administrative order	10%	5%	15%
	25,770	12,885	38,655
Allocation of accumulated funds			
at beginning of year	541,946	15,550	557,496
Interest earned	6,977	82	7,059
Total funds available	574,693	28,517	603,210
Payments made	(96,561)	(15,550)	(112,111)
IOLTA payable, end of year	\$ 478,132	\$ 12,967	\$491,099

	2015		
	Gender/ Racial/Ethnic Related Issues	Supreme Court Historical Society	Total IOLTA payable
IOLTA funds—net	\$ 308,930	\$308,930	\$308,930
Allocation per administrative order	10%	5%	15%
	30,893	15,447	46,340
Allocation of accumulated funds	- ,		,-
at beginning of year	682,454	14,272	696,726
Interest earned	8,318	104	8,422
Total funds available	721,665	29,823	751,488
Payments made	(179,719)	(14,273)	(193,992)
IOLTA payable, end of year	\$ 541,946	\$ 15,550	\$557,496

NOTE 11—BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN ASSETS HELD AT CAPITAL REGION COMMUNITY FOUNDATION

An Access to Justice Fund has been established at the Capital Region Community Foundation with the Michigan State Bar Foundation as the beneficiary. Funds contributed by third party donors are held in the Access to Justice Fund and distributions from the fund are made in accordance with the spending policy of the Capital Region Community Foundation. The Capital Region Community Foundation retains variance power and therefore these amounts are not included in the Michigan State Bar Foundation's Statement of Financial Position. The assets held in this endowment fund at the Capital Region Community Foundation were valued at \$2,227,285 and \$2,128,162 at September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.