STATE OF MICHIGAN

STATE BAR OF MICHIGAN

MEETING of the REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY of the STATE BAR OF MICHIGAN

Proceedings had by the Representative Assembly of the State Bar of Michigan at Thomas M. Cooley Law School, 217 South Capitol, Sixth Floor, Lansing, Michigan, on Friday, November 14, 2003, at the hour of 10:00 a.m.

AT HEADTABLE:

DANIEL M. LEVY, Chairperson

ELIZABETH A. JAMIESON, Vice-Chairperson

LORI A. BUITEWEG, Clerk

JOHN T. BERRY, Executive Director

HON. ARCHIE C. BROWN, Parliamentarian

GLENNA PETERS, Staff Member

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3	10:00 a.m.
4	RECORD
5	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Thank you all for coming.
6	I would call this meeting, this special meeting of the
7	Representative Assembly, to order.
8	Madam Clerk, do we have a quorum present?
9	CLERK BUITEWEG: Yes, we do.
10	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: You have a proposed
11	calendar before you. Is there a member of the Rules
12	and Calendar Committee who would like to move that
13	calendar?
14	VOICE: We can't hear you.
15	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: A member of the Rules and
16	Calendar Committee to move the proposed calendar.
17	MR. LARKY: Mr. Chairman, Sheldon Larky from
18	the 6th Circuit. I move that we adopt the calendar.
19	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Second?
20	VOICE: Support.
21	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Any opposed?
22	Calendar is approved.
23	No objection having been received to the
24	summary of proceedings to the September 12th meeting,
25	although there is a missing page in the summary that
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was printed, I am told that the corrected edition is

before you, but no objection having been received, the

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3	summary is deemed approved.
4	Before we enter into the formal agenda with
5	item two, I just wanted to take a moment to introduce
6	Dean John LeDuc, I am sorry, Don Leduc, Dean of the
7	law school, who has been gracious enough to host us
8	today, and allow him to make a brief welcoming remark
9	DEAN LEDUC: Good morning, everybody, and
10	welcome to Cooley. I walked into the place and I
11	thought this is a perfect setup for the Assembly. It
12	looks like you belong here.
12	Most of you are now aware that Cooley is the

Most of you are now aware that Cooley is the neighbor of the State Bar, and over the several months of transition that occurred in the remodeling of the building across the street from us we served as at least temporary headquarters for a lot of the committees, and we really liked the relationship and think that the State Bar has been a great neighbor to us, particularly so since John Berry became the executive director, because John and I have worked together on a lot of projects, and we think we have a great relationship, and part of that is because our law school is so committed to the functions of the State Bar, mainly to produce lawyers who are competent

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- and ethical, and we think we share that as a common endeavor.
- And we hope that the Bar will continue to Page 4

think of Cooley when it is looking for a facility to
use. It makes a lot of sense, and this would be
sitting here empty if you weren't in it. So we are
glad to have you here.

And just a couple of things that I want to say in passing, because that's the end of the official welcome, but I have been meeting some old friends who are graduates, so if they appear to have their hands sweating when you speak with them, I want you to know that many of them took examinations in this room, and it's sort of a sympathetic reaction to that.

And then I wanted to point out also that I am one of the few people who went to law school back in the '60s who sat between two women, and Susan Haroutunian is here, she was Sue Licata then, and we sat beside each other because alphabetical, so Sue and I knew each other better than any two people on the face of the earth at the end of that, having shared many anxious moments over that time. So I would especially like to welcome Sue and Tom and Mike Zagaroli that I see, and all the others of you from Cooley, welcome back. I hope you have a helpful and

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- 1 productive session working on this important agenda
- that you have today, and, once again, welcome.
- 3 (Applause.)

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4	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: And thank you, Dean. It's
5	interesting, because I thought the sweaty palms
6	weren't test anxiety, it was fear that they were going
7	to be asked for alumni contributions.
8	Tom, chair of the Nomination Committee.
9	MR. ROMBACH: Tom Rombach from the
10	16th Circuit. I rise to move for the immediate
11	seating of several vacancies in my position as chair
12	of the Nominating Committee. In the 22nd judicial
13	circuit, for Charlotte Johnson and John Reiser, III to
14	be seated. In the 41st judicial circuit, for Henry
15	(Hank) Robert of Iron River.
16	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Thank you. Do I hear a
17	second?
18	MS. CAHILL: Support.
19	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Are any of those three
20	individuals in the room so you could rise and say
21	hello.
22	VOICE: Hello.
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: All in favor.
24	Any opposed.
25	Welcome to the Assembly.

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1	Next item is Chairper	son's remarks. I guess
2	be careful what you wish for.	A little more on that
3	in a minute, but normally this	first meeting of the
4	year Chairperson's remarks is Page 6	the time for what's

5	becoming known as the Bartamaus speech, and I guess
6	the good news is that you are not going to get that
7	today. The bad news is there is still a first meeting
8	again come January, and I reserve that right. But I
9	did want to address the agenda that's before us
10	specifically today.
11	There are only two items on the agenda that
12	are substantive items. One is the Attorney Sanction
13	Standards, the other the Rules of Professional
14	Conduct, and I guess as I am pointing to them and to
15	the agenda I just want to start with some special
16	thanks.
17	Determining how to present this to the
18	Assembly, how to present this in a fashion that would
19	allow a large body, a representative body, to address
20	the issues and take positions on behalf of the Bar in
21	a format and in a way that would allow the Bar's
22	opinion to become known to the Supreme Court to be
23	helpful to them, at the same time do it in a roomful
24	of lawyers who all had opinions and all had ideas on
25	how things should be drafted was a relatively lengthy

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1	process. I think the produc	t that you now have before
2	you is a very good one. Tha	t is thanks to a whole
3	large number of people who h	ad input into the process
4	I wanted just to th	ank in particular the

Special Committee on Grievance and the Professional

6 and Judicial Ethics Committees. Their input to the 7 Bar leadership and to the Assembly leadership in 8 particular was very helpful in structuring this. 9 Also, my thanks to the members of the Special Issues Committee and to the Assembly committee chairs. 10 11 These are the people who got together and actually 12 drafted the synopses that we are calling them, the two pages that are before you on each of the rule 13 14 positions that we are going to be talking about and 15 came to a consensus as to how to word things, and 16 because it took so long to figure out exactly how we

> And then, speaking of lack of time, I just wanted to thank Tom Byerley, Glenna Peter, and Janie Cripe of our staff in particular for their assistance in getting the calendar together for us at the last minute. Is Janie here? Janie, can you stand up just a second. Janie is Glenna's new assistant. I don't

were going to approach this we left them with very

actual documents, and they came through for us.

little, if any, amount of time in which to prepare the

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1 know that she has been introduced to the Assembly 2 before. But if you have something to be done on 3 behalf of the Assembly and you are calling the Bar, 4 ask for Janie and you will get friendly, helpful, 5

quick service.

6	I said be careful what you wish for, and I
7	guess maybe a little of that is the notion of my
8	having run for chairperson in the first place. But
9	really what I was thinking of when I said be careful
10	what you wish for is our agenda and what is before us
11	the Rules of Professional Conduct in particular.
12	Three, four, five years ago when the Bar was
13	going through it's strategic plan process and
14	beginning that process, there was talk about whether
15	or not there was really any need for the Assembly,
16	whether or not we as a body really had any relevance,
17	and whether or not we should continue to exist as an
18	Assembly within the State Bar governance.
19	And our response was that there are certain
20	issues that need to be decided by as large a
21	representative body as possible, and simply
22	submitting it to Bar membership by vote at a meeting
23	or by some sort of internet vote would not allow for
24	the type of informed and reasonable and respectful
25	debate that's really necessary before we can make

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1	decisions on where our Bar policy should be, and that
2	it was necessary to have a Representative Assembly in
3	order to do those things.
4	And when we were successful in persuading
5	people that we were a necessary body, the next step

was whether or not we could actually perform the task,
whether a group of lawyers could really come together
on important issues and in very short periods of time
debate them, voice the concerns, voice opposing points
of view, and actually then address the issues and set
policy.

And I guess the main response to that

And I guess the main response to that question was, well, try us, test us out. We think we can do it, but we won't know if you don't trust us with those issues in the first place.

And the decision was made by Bar leadership to trust us and to continue the Assembly but with one eye out to the question of whether or not we could really do our job, and certainly the Supreme Court has said, yes, we want to hear from you, we will wait from our original publication date on the rules when we intended to publish them, because we do want your input, but we will give you just that one meeting, because we too want to see if you can actually address them, if you can actually do it.

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1	So be careful what you wish for. We, in fact
2	got what we wished for. We proved ourselves
3	previously, we proved ourselves thanks largely to
4	Tom's leadership. We proved ourself on the dues
5	issue, reasonable debate, sought the input of
6	membership, and we came to a resolution on that, but Page 10

7	the volume that's before us here makes that even more
8	difficult.
9	The Rules of Professional Conduct were
10	debated for years by the ABA, they were debated for
11	years by the Assembly last time there was a full code
12	adopted, and we have essentially today's meeting. And
13	for that reason what you will see before you are not
14	for vote today the actual rules which are going to be
15	proposed by the court in the near future and will be
16	available for debate and we can talk about them at
17	future meetings.
18	What we have done to allow us to be able to
19	actually try and address so many things in so short a
20	period of time is to present those underlying issues
21	on which Bar membership has told us there is
22	disagreement among the Bar, things on which people
23	have differences of opinion, present those in such a
24	way that we can address just the underlying position
25	without getting caught up too much on language and

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 without getting caught up too much on the technical aspects of the rules and address those major policy concerns. And I think that when you look through the materials you will notice that's really what's happened, and we have done it in a very set and very

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7	determined way, the same for each rule to provide some
8	consistency and ability to speed along the debate
9	today.
10	Because of time constraints set on us by the
11	court, I want to make an advanced plea that if anybody
12	is tempted to rise to move to table one or more of
13	these rules that you consider what you are really
14	doing. I am not going to argue that it's
15	inappropriate. What I am going to say is that you
16	recognize that it's not really a motion to table at
17	all, it's a motion to say that the Bar doesn't have a
18	position on this, that we are not going to take a
19	position on this, we are just going to remain silent
20	on it and tell the court you are on your own, this is
21	not something for Bar membership and consider the
22	motion that way.
23	If you still think that that's the
24	appropriate motion, please make that motion. If it's
25	a motion simply that we not take a position, make that

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1	position. But don't mistake a motion to table as a
2	thought that we are going to be able to address the
3	issue before the court publishes their proposed rules
4	and begins to tie itself down in terms of the
5	directions it's going to go.
6	The court has made it clear to us that they
7	are waiting for this meeting and then they are going Page 12

8	to get together and look at what we submit to them and
9	make decisions as to what to publish and then proceed.
10	If we have issues that do go to those
11	technical aspects, to the language, those sorts of
12	things, for the most part those can be addressed
13	better by sections and committees who are dealing with
14	specific areas of law in any event, but to the extent
15	that the Assembly wants to take them up, once the
16	court has published, consistent with our policies, we
17	can certainly then go back and address those rules on
18	which we have major language problems in our January
19	meeting, January 10th, write it down. But that's not
20	what we are going to try to do today.
21	If you look at, pick any one of them, (a)
22	through (o), if you look at any of those you will see
23	that each rule, each proposed policy has been broken
24	down in the same way. In each one there is a brief
25	statement of the issue present, what is the question,

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 what is it upon which there is some disagreement? 2 That's followed by the proposal of the Professional 3 and Judicial Ethics Committee, statement to what the 4 ABA proposal is, statement of the current Michigan 5 rule, and then a summary of additional correspondence that we have heard from Grievance, from different 6 7 sections, from some individuals within the Bar, from

rep1114.txt 8 some attorney organizations. You will see those 9 positions laid out. The positions are attached if they are 10 11 referenced in the agenda. There are a couple more 12 that were submitted after the agenda was printed, and those are on your desk. All that additional 13 14 correspondence is included. Then there is just a 15 brief synopsis of the issue itself and the resolution, sometimes several resolutions. 16 I think it's important to stress that in 17 18 terms of what the Assembly is adopting, in terms of 19 what we will be communicating to the Court, it is only 20 that resolution, only the part that begins by vote of 21 the Representative Assembly on November 14th and what follows with the (a) or (b) is going to be the position 22 23 that the Assembly and that the State Bar are taking. 24 And that necessitates today that we pass an additional special rule in addition to the ones that 25

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 we passed in September. You will have at your seat an 2 orange sheet in front of you. One side of the orange sheet is a strike-through version, the other is a 3 4 clean version. The strike-through version is what has 5 already been passed in terms of special rules for the Assembly and how it changes to allow us to address 6 7 these as positions rather than rules, and then the addition at the bottom of an additional paragraph that 8 Page 14

9	allows us to take votes in the alternative. We can
10	adopt that special rule that would allow us to take
11	votes where it's either (a) or (b) so we can avoid the
12	situation where we present (a), it fails, and the Bar
13	has no position, then we have to start the whole
14	debate over again to propose (b).
15	In this case we felt it was appropriate to
16	vote on many of these rules as an (a) or (b) choice,
17	either the Bar takes this position or it takes the
18	other position and an abstention would be a vote that
19	the Bar should not be taking a position.
20	And those proposed rules, therefore, are before
21	us today. They would be adopted like the special rule
22	that's already adopted and is being amended. They
23	would be adopted for today only, and I believe I am
24	looking for Ed Haroutunian the Special Issues
25	Committee is proposing that these well, Ed stepped

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 out. 2 I believe the Special Issues Committee is proposing, is moving that the special rules be 3 4 adopted. 5 MR. HAROUTUNIAN: I am so moving, Mr. Chairman. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Do I have a second? 8 VOICE: Support.

9	rep1114.txt CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Is there any debate on the
10	special rules? Those special rules are adopted,
11	hearing no dissent, and essentially that concludes my
12	remarks portion, which brings us to agenda item number
13	four, which is, in fact, the Standards for Lawyer
14	Sanctions.
15	Before we get into the substance of that, I
16	would note that the administrative order itself of the
17	court is in the separate gray book that was sent to
18	you. Like the book with the proposed rules
19	themselves, this is a book we think we may have need
20	for in future meetings. We ask you to hold onto it.
21	It's for that reason it was bound separately. In that
22	book you will find the Supreme Court's order. You
23	will also find the Michigan Attorney Discipline
24	Board's version, Donald Campbell's prepared version,
25	who is with the Attorney Discipline Board. You will

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1	see an attached, the second package in that book is a
2	side-by-side comparison of the three different
3	proposals. And, in addition, at the end is a memo
4	from the Attorney Discipline Board outlining their
5	thoughts and positions. Because that was a broader
6	based document, we wanted to include it there, but
7	that document is something you should be considering
8	as we address the actual proposal before us.
9	The actual proposal is in obviously our Page 16

10	calendar book from today's meeting, the white book,
11	under tab 4. You will also see the letter of the
12	Special Committee on Grievance there adopting or
13	recommending our proposal, and I believe Special
14	Issues Committee will at this time move the resolution
15	as it appears.
16	MR. HAROUTUNIAN: Thanks, Mr. Chairman.
17	Ed Haroutunian, chair of the Special Issues Committee.
18	I want to just make a couple of prefatory
19	remarks. The Special Issues Committee met, as well as
20	the chairs of the various committees of this
21	Representative Assembly, as well as the officers. Let
22	me just very briefly indicate to you the folks who are
23	on the committee. Richard Bahls, JoAnne Barron,
24	Robert Buchanan, Jim Hanson, Cynthia Lane, Mike
25	Riordan, Marcia Ross, associate members Kim Cahill,

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 Fred Neumark. Chair of the Rules and Calendar, Lynn Moon; chair of the Nominating Committee, Tom Rombach; 2 3 Bill Knight, chair of Hearings Committee; Randy Miller, chair of Drafting, Terri Stangl, chair of 4 5 Assembly Review. 6 These folks got together and ultimately reviewed the sanctions side and came up with the issue 7 that's in sub 4, discipline standards, and that issue 8 9 sets forth the proposal that's being presented this

10	morning.
11	That proposal essentially indicates that the
12	Representative Assembly urges the Supreme Court not to
13	adopt the standards for lawyer sanctions until such
14	time as the subject of the comment and the public
15	hearing side concerning the rules can also be dealt
16	with. In other words, not to deal with the sanction
17	side until the rule side has been dealt with.
18	Further, that the State Bar advocates that
19	the Michigan Rules of Professional Conduct and the
20	sanction side provide that action, other than public
21	discipline, in certain isolated instances where
22	attorney negligence occurs when it's in the interest
23	of the Bar and the public.
24	Finally, the resolution goes on to say, look,
25	and really it's addressed to the Supreme Court

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1	and really to say, look, if, in fact, you decide to go
2	forward and to address the sanctions side before
3	addressing the Rules of Professional Conduct, then in
4	that circumstance what we would like you to do is to
5	take a careful look at the comments and views that
6	have been expressed by the committees and sections of
7	the State Bar of Michigan and the report of the
8	Professional and Judicial Ethics Committee and the
9	Special Committee on Grievance.
10	So the first position is don't deal with Page 18

11	sanctions until you deal with the rules, and then kind
12	of deal with them contemporaneously together.
13	Secondly, the notion of, look, don't turn
14	around and there may be instances where isolated
15	occurrences of attorney negligence could create a
16	problem, but public discipline may not be the answer.
17	Something short of that may be the answer.
18	Finally, the position of, look, if, in fact,
19	you do go forward, Supreme Court, and you do take a
20	look at the sanctions side first without dealing with
21	the rules side, then in that circumstance then the
22	thing to do is to please take into consideration the
23	work of these two committees who have the
24	Professional and Judicial Ethics Committee and the
25	Special Committee on Grievance, and they have

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 submitted substantial reports with regard to the 1 sanctions side. 2 3 So that would be the position and, 4 Mr. Chairman, I would so move its adoption. 5 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: And do we have a second? 6 VOICE: Support. 7 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I will open it for debate, 8 but just before I do that it's been brought to my 9 attention that in adopting the special rules and in 10 trying to hurry so we could get to the meat of the

	rep1114.txt
11	issues, I forgot to actually adopt them. I gave time
12	for comment, but I didn't say yea or nay. I also
13	didn't point out in Rule (e) one of the additions is to
14	permit non-Assembly members who are representing a Bar
15	entity or an attorney group entity to have the floor
16	privileges so that we can do that once in blanket at
17	the beginning of this meeting rather than to in each
18	case acknowledge and make that a separate motion.
19	So there having been no discussion, I would
20	just say all in favor of adopting the special rules
21	please say aye.
22	And now opposed.
23	Now they are adopted without dissent.
24	I believe the Attorney Discipline Board
25	indicated that they were going to have a

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1	representative here who wanted to address this f	first
2	motion.	
3	MR. VANBOLT: I am John VanBolt from th	ıe
4	Attorney Discipline Board. I am here. I do not	wish
5	to address the Assembly.	
6	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: My mistake. Are the	ere Bar
7	entities or Bar sections that would like to add	ess?
8	MR. ALLEN: Good morning, Dan. Is this	on?
9	Everybody hear?	
10	My name is John Allen, interloper, trou	əſdı
11	maker and having the privilege and honor of beir Page 20	ng the

12	chair of your Special Committee on Grievance, and I
13	rise to thank you for your courage in this particular
14	resolution.
15	All of us take part in organizations other

than this one. Most of us take part in organizations other than the State Bar of Michigan that have to do with the regulation of our profession. We go to those meetings sometimes in far away places or sometimes in nearby locations, and we are spoken to by our colleagues and friends, by people who we have great respect for, sometimes by elected officials and people in great power, and many times those people look at us and say, what are you doing about this, and talk about a problem.

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Usually we have the ability to say, yes, we want to help you and, yes, we want to do that and, yes, we want to be part of the same solution. Sometimes we have to have the courage to stand up and say, no, we don't think your solution is exactly the right one, at least in the form you have proposed it. And that is what this organization is

doing with this resolution, and it is a courageous act.

You are saying to the members of the Supreme Court, respectfully and with courtesy, that the

12	proposal you have made is not exactly the right one or
13	there are parts of it that we think need to be looked
14	at in greater detail, that it is very serious and
15	interlinked with another proposal that you were not
16	considering, and the people who made that other
17	proposal, namely the amendments to the Rules of
18	Professional Conduct, did not have your proposal about
19	sanctions in front of them when they made theirs and
20	that some coordination between those two is a good
21	idea.
22	For those of you that went to law school back
23	around the invention of the electric bulb like me, you
24	remember the Code of Professional Responsibility and
25	some of the reasons we changed the rules, the two

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 principal ones cited most often. Number one, the code had a lot of 2 wishy-washy, mushy type of terms in it like appearance 3 of impropriety that weren't well defined and had 5 become abused over a period of time. Secondly, many times the code, and 6 7 particularly its ethical considerations, had been applied in civil proceedings outside of the 8 9 disciplinary context where they were intended. The 10 same problem obtains with these proposals for sanctions, and I think those are two of the areas that 11 12 need some further study.

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13	In fact, as John VanBolt would tell you, very
14	few of the rules are actually used for discipline. If
15	you look at their disciplinary proceedings, most of
16	them concern a handful or so. The rest of the rules
17	are used for other purposes, in civil liability
18	proceedings as defenses, sometimes very hypertechnical
19	defenses when lawyers attempt to collect fees,
20	sometimes for public relations for the Bar, sometimes
21	as tactical weapons by opponents, and all of those
22	CLERK BUITEWEG: 30 seconds.
23	MR. ALLEN: Thank you very much. I really do
24	support the proposal, and I hope all of you will too.
25	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Any additional comments

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 from sections, committees, or other attorney entities? 2 Comments from the membership. MR. MILLER: Ronald Miller, 6th circuit. 3 While I strongly support what is in this document, 4 5 there is one word that I do have trouble with, and 6 that is the word "negligence," because when we talk about isolated occurrences of attorney negligence, it 7 does in and of itself imply a potential cause of 8 9 action. 10 I am concerned at how this may ultimately be used, and we talked about civil liability just a 11 12 minute ago with Mr. Allen. I am concerned at how that Page 23

13	rep1114.txt could potentially be interpreted, so I would make a
13	could potentially be interpreted, 30 1 would make a
14	friendly amendment to remove the word "negligence" and
15	replace it with the phrase "errors and/or omissions."
16	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I guess the procedure we
17	have by having it all introduced by a committee really
18	doesn't allow for any one person to act on friendly
19	versus unfriendly amendments. So I think I will just
20	take the sense of the house. Is there debate on the
21	amendment itself?
22	JUDGE BROWN: You need support.
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I am sorry, does somebody
24	support the amendment?
25	VOICE: Support.

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1	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Is there debate on the
2	amendment itself?
3	All in favor.
4	All opposed.
5	The amendment is adopted. We will be now
6	back to debating the resolution itself in its entirety
7	with the change of words, striking "negligence," and I
8	believe that should be on the wall behind me.
9	VOICE: Errors and omissions.
10	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Errors and omissions, no
11	moral.
12	Other Assembly members, comments, debate on
13	the proposal? Page 24

Seeing none, all in favor.
Any opposed.
Again, without opposition each item passes,
as suspected. I won't say that for a little while.
We will now move on to the rules portion.
Again, we divided these up, broken them down. I would
remind people of these time limits. As we go through
this debate, we will be enforcing them.
I would also point out that the rules are in
an order that combines a number of factors. It was
the amount of correspondence and comment that the Bar
heard combined with whether or not those sections or

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 people got proposals to us before the September 2 meeting and were, therefore, told that we would give 3 them priority, combined with those issues we thought affected the most attorneys, and that's where the 4 order itself came from for these proposals. 5 6 It should not indicate any preference for the 7 way we want votes to come out, although I do expect that the length of debate will shorten as the agenda 8 9 moves on. But first do we have a motion? 10 MR. HAROUTUNIAN: Mr. Chairman, 11 Ed Haroutunian, chair of the Special Issues Committee. With regard to the proposed resolutions 12 13 regarding the Rules of Professional Conduct, let me

14	just make one quick statement that Dan has already
15	indicated but I think it's important to reiterate.
16	This body is the final policy-making body of
17	the State Bar of Michigan, and sometimes we all get
18	tied up in the comments and the semicolons and some
19	specific kinds of words as opposed to setting forward
20	the policy that ought to be implemented and to let
21	other folks put the words together, but at least to
22	convey the notion as to what the policy should be.
23	That's the and I will tell you that when
24	the process started that was not the way it was being
25	addressed, but in the course of many people talking

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1 about it and trying to get a handle on it, in fact, 2 that's the way it evolved, and I have to tell you I 3 think it's an absolutely outstanding direction to go for purposes of these rules. So having said that, beginning at Section 5, 5 5(a), we will take each of these, and as the chair of 6 7 the committee, I will act as the proponent, but obviously Dan will conduct the rest of the matter, and 8 9 that is with regard to Rule 6.1, the voluntary pro bono publico service and the issues presented 10 therein and as set forth on page 22 of your booklet, 11 and I would make that, move for the discussion of it. 12 well, here, maybe to make it a little easier, 13

to move all of that which is here all at one time and

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15	then the chair will take it up. So on behalf of the
16	committee I would move (a) through (o) as set forth in the
17	booklet, and that goes through page 140, from page 22
18	to 140.
19	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: What I will do is I will
20	treat it as a complicated motion and ask first is
21	there anybody who seconds the motion as made?
22	VOICE: Second.
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I hear seconds. I will
24	treat it as a complicated motion and immediately take
25	a motion to divide the question so that we can take

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1	them individually rather than having to adopt the
2	motion all as a whole.
3	VOICE: So moved.
4	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: First, is there any
5	second on the move to divide? Okay. A vote on the
6	motion or discussion on the motion to divide so we can
7	take it (a) through (o) individually.
8	No discussion, all in favor.
9	All opposed.
10	That is also passed, so what that leaves
11	before us on the table at the moment is item (a),
12	Rule 6.1, voluntary pro bono rule. Is there somebody
13	here representing the pro bono community?
14	MS. CROWLEY: Good morning. I am Candace

rep1114.txt 15 I am a staff attorney at the State Bar of crowlev. Michigan, and I am speaking for the committee in lieu 16 of Bob Gillett, the chair of the Pro Bono Involvement 17 18 Committee. 19 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I am sorry, Candace, you 20 have to speak up. These mikes require you to get 21 pretty close. 22 MS. CROWLEY: So what I am really saying to

MS. CROWLEY: So what I am really saying to
you is that I was not prepared to speak, but in the
absence of our representative I will do my best to
state our position and encourage you to adopt the

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 change that the Pro Bono Involvement Committee, the 2 Legal Aid Committee, the Access to Justice Task Force, 3 the former task force, and the former Open Justice Commission all support. 4 5 I should let you know that I came into the 6 Bar about five years and have worked with the Access to Justice Development Campaign, and I am hoping that 7 8 you can easily understand the correlation between the 9 campaign and the \$300 donation toward legal aid and 10 the volunteer service part of the pro bono rule. 11 In the last few years I have worked more closely with staff trying to encourage lawyers around 12 13 the state to contribute service under the pro bono standard to people of low income through their legal 14

aid programs, and I have worked with Gregory Connors

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16	who is sitting with us here, another staff person at
17	the Bar who works very hard to encourage volunteer
18	position and the delivery of volunteer services to
19	poor.
20	Our community of four Bar entities and people
21	we work with and lawyers we work with around the state
22	would like you to change the Rule 6.1 on pro bono
23	service. We have outlined our three main reasons in
24	the materials, and I would summarize them this way.
25	The first one is really structural. Our

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 current code provides a very brief statement, a few 2 sentences about a lawyer having a general need to 3 provide volunteer services to low income people. The real guts of the standard are in a 4 5 freestanding document that this body passed or adopted in 1990, and that's the three cases, 30 hours, or \$300 6 per year contribution. And just as a staff we find it 7 8 very difficult to work with two separate documents to educate lawyers about what Michigan lawyers should do 9 in fulfilling pro bono. 10 Most lawyers will look to the Rules of 11 12 Professional Conduct and see that brief statement and 13 not understand that there are very specific standards

for low income people, to contribute 30 hours of

that we want lawyers to follow, to take three cases

rep1114.txt service, or to make that \$300 contribution. So just as an administration and management matter, we feel it would be much better if the two documents were combined and the flesh on it, that the standards were included in the same place. That's the structural issues. The second issue goes to the content. Michigan's current rule is really fairly normal and limits the lawyer's work towards supporting low income people, legal aid people, or clients of legal aid.

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And while some legal aid advocates feel that that's, you know, really how it should be, that our system doesn't have much meaning unless that group of people gets the volunteer services and only that group of people gets the volunteer services. But there are lots of lawyers in the state

who are doing wonderful volunteer work for other groups of people, and when they contact Bar staff for support in their work we have to essentially say to them, That's nice work, you should be proud of that, but that doesn't fit our definition of pro bono, so you are not included in the work that we will support here.

And the new rule proposes that the definition be expanded to include many of the other wonderful things that lawyers do in their volunteer time, and Page 30

17	the rule does say that when a lawyer does pro bono,
18	the bulk of it should be directed to low income people
19	and the services they need, but it welcomes into the
20	community lawyers who are doing other really good
21	work.
22	The third thing is that the way the rule is
23	proposed by our community it would make it very clear
24	that financial donations are an appropriate way to
25	discharge a pro bono obligation and make reference to

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1 the campaign so that we can show lawyers that the 2 Access to Justice campaign and a contribution to that 3 will support your pro bono obligation. We do make it 4 clear and support the ABA position that this is not a 5 mandatory obligation that would be enforced through the discipline process in any way. 6 So our community of groups in pro bono urge 7 you to adopt the changes and move us closer to the ABA 8 rule. Thank you. 9 10 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Candace, just so I make it clear, and for future speakers, if you could just 11 point out your positions on the specific items. If I 12 13 understood your comments, you rise to support on the first of the two resolutions, including a standard, 14 although you have not specified the 30-, 40-, 50-hour 15

standard, is that correct?

rep1114.txt MS. CROWLEY: Our community supports the standard of 30 hours. We considered and rejected the ABA position of 50 hours. We have worked very hard and have many, many lawyers in law firms who are meeting the 30-hour standard. We want to keep it at

22 30 hours. We want to include a standard of 30 hours.
23 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: And on the second of the

two resolutions, you would favor (b), the more broad

25 definition?

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11-14-03 REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 1 MS. CROWLEY: That's correct. 2 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Thank you. Is there a representative of the ACES Section? Animal Law 3 Section? 4 5 MS. FRIEDLANDER: Good morning, my name is Bea Friedlander, and I am the chair of the Animal Law 6 7 Section, and I appreciate the opportunity to --8 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Ask you to get closer to 9 the microphone. MS. FRIEDLANDER: I appreciate the 10 11 opportunity to speak this morning. I just arrived, and could I ask whether the Pro Bono Involvement 12 13 Committee representative has spoken before? CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Candace is speaking in 14 15 behalf of the community. They were included. 16 MS. FRIEDLANDER: Has Bob Gillett spoken yet? 17 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: No. Page 32

18	MS. FRIEDLANDER: He will give more of an
19	overall view of proposed changes.
20	What I am going to talk about is how it would
21	affect the Animal Law Section.
22	Our comment was in support of that comment
23	that was submitted by the Pro Bono Involvement
24	Committee, et al, number one. Number two, our comment
25	only addresses 6.1 as to the definition of pro bono.

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It does not address the other related rules that the PBIC does, nor do we take a position as to whether the hours should be mandatory or the number of hours. So what I will be addressing is whether the rule should be expanded, the definition should be, and the Animal Law Section counsel has voted in favor of that.

The Animal Law Section bylaws include as their goals development and modification of existing law as it relates to animals and to promote animal protection and animal rights in Michigan through use of the legal system.

As it stands now, the attorneys in the Animal Law Section, numbering about 150, and any other attorneys interested in that are often stymied, because, as it now stands, the pro bono program

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CLERK BUITEWEG: 30 seconds.

concentrates on direct legal assistance --

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18	MS. FRIEDLANDER: to the poor. What I
19	would say is that by expanding it it will allow
20	representation of nonprofits. As an example, there
21	are probably about 200 organizations, small
22	organizations, in Michigan who are shelters or provide
23	companion animal rescue, and that is an example of the
24	services that can be provided should the expanded
25	definition be put into place because it will allow

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1	CLERK BUITEWEG: Thank you.
2	MS. FRIEDLANDER: nonprofits to be
3	represented that don't directly reference the poor.
4	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Thank you. For those of
5	you who haven't already picked up on it, the clerk
6	will be announcing to the speakers when they have 30
7	seconds remaining so that we do not have to cut them
8	off if at all possible.
9	The other written comments that we had were
10	from the Ethics Committee. Did the Ethics Committee
11	want to address this question?
12	HON. ELWOOD BROWN: Our position is in
13	writing.
14	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I would open the floor to
15	any other sections or committees that have
16	representatives here and want to address this
17	question. And not seeing anybody, I will open it to
18	the general Assembly members. Page 34

19	MS. JAMIESON: Mr. Chairperson, Elizabeth
20	Jamieson from the 17th circuit. My question is really
21	a point of clarification and a question. I don't know
22	if it's directed to Ed Haroutunian or if it would be
23	directed to Candace Crowley.
24	My question is under (1) option (d), which is
25	what you said your committees or groups recommended,

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11-14-03 REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 1 including a standard of 30 hours per year. Under the 2 commentary it notes that the Representative Assembly 3 previously adopted a pro bono standard that addressed three cases, 30 hours, or \$30, and I was curious as to 5 whether or not we are eliminating the alternative 6 three cases, 30 hours for just the 30 hours or if we 7 are -- if it's the same. Do you understand my question? 8 9 MS. CROWLEY: Yes. It is not our intention 10 at all to eliminate the three cases or 30 hours or 11 \$300. 12 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Because I don't think 13 everybody could hear, the response was that it is not the intention to change the alternatives to those 30 14 15 hours, the three cases, or \$300. That would be maintained the same. The question between (b), (c) 16 and (d) is just really whether that becomes 40 or 50 17 18 hours and four cases or \$400.

rep1114.txt MS. JAMIESON: For point of clarification then, I would make a motion to amend (1)(d) so that it says, Include a standard of 30 hours per year, three cases -- or actually it would be 30 hours, three cases, or \$300 per year, so that it's consistent with the prior Assembly activity. MR. ROMBACH: Support.

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Does that motion likewise modify (b) and (c) to be four cases and 400 and five 2 3 cases and \$500? 4 MS. JAMIESON: That's up to Ed. I am not making that motion. 5 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Is somebody making that 6 7 motion that we do it across the board? 8 MS. JAMIESON: Ed said no. 9 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I guess then we are 10 amending just (d). I heard a second. 11 12 MR. ROMBACH: Support. 13 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Any comments on the motion? 14 15 No comments, all in favor. 16 Any opposed. 17 MS. JAMIESON: Thank you. 18 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: The amendment is accepted. Any other comments on the, on either of the 19 Page 36

20	two questions we put before the Assembly?
21	MR. ROMBACH: Tom Rombach from the 16th
22	circuit.
23	At this time, Mr. Chair, I don't see everyone
24	running to the microphone, so I would move
25	specifically that we choose $(1)(d)$, include a standard
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1	of 30 hours as amended by Ms. Jamieson, to three cases
2	or \$300 and then choose, if I may move on to (2)(b) as
3	advocated by the sections before us today.
4	VOICE: Support.
5	MR. ROMBACH: So I would actually move
6	adoption of those two options and further discussion
7	at that point. Can I do that?
8	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I mean, they have all been
9	moved, and we will take that as support for those two
10	options.
11	MR. ROMBACH: I also say they have all been
12	moved. I am also asking that you vote on this at this
13	moment.
14	MS. JAMIESON: You take (d) out of order, you
15	would rather vote for (d) before (a)?

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right now you have to have a vote in front of the

panel, and if people want to further discuss my move

to do (1)(d), that's what I would like to do right

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MR. ROMBACH: I will say (1)(d). I mean,

20		p1114.txt	
20	now.		
21	MS. JAMIESON	N: Second.	
22	CHAIRPERSON	I LEVY: Okay.	
23	MR. ROMBACH	I: At some point you are going to	o
24	have to have a vote o	on all options. You want a	
25	majority, you want 50	0 percent, and I am moving (1)(d)
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1	for a vote now.		
2	CHAIRPERSON	LEVY: Rather than voting the	
3	alternatives?		
4	MR. ROMBACH	ı: Right, I want (1)(d) for a	
5	vote.		
6	CHAIRPERSON	LEVY: I guess the motion then	
7	MS. JAMIESON	ON: He is calling the question.	
8	CHAIRPERSON	LEVY: Calling the question on	
9	(1)(d) but only on (2	1)(d).	
10	MR. ROMBACH	ı: I will do (1)(d) at a time	
11	rather than move them	em as a package. I will do just	
12	(1)(d). I would like	e to move that for a vote.	
13	CHAIRPERSON	LEVY: Is there comment on the	

18 discussion --

19 HON. ARCHIE BROWN: Not on call the question.

MR. LARKY: Since it's been supported, is

CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Yes. No, there is no

20 Requires a two-thirds vote to call the question. Page 38

there discussion on the motion now?

motion, on the amendment?

14

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21	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: All in favor of calling
22	the question for two-thirds vote then. All in favor
23	say aye.
24	Opposed.
25	I guess we would have to do a quick standing
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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 count. 2 MS. JAMIESON: I think it passes. CHAIRPERSON LEVY: You think that was two 3 4 thirds? Two thirds it is. 5 We will call the question then. All those in 6 favor of the Assembly adopting (1)(a) so that it would 7 read MRPC 6.1 should include the standard of 30 hours, 8 three cases or \$300 per year. I am sorry, (1)(d). All in favor. 9 10 Any opposed. Because we are counting minority positions 11 12 of 25 percent, I am going to ask for a standing count 13 on that. 14 All in favor, please rise. 15 Thank you. And all opposed. Thank you. And those not voting. 16 17 That is not 25 percent, and, again, I apologize. We will be having to do more such counts 18 today than normal because we are reporting minority 19 20 positions if they receive 25 percent, and it's a

rep1114.txt 21 little hard to hear 25 percent of the members voting. 22 That is, however, adopted and --23 MR. HAROUTUNIAN: Ed Haroutunian from the 6th 24 judicial circuit. 25 I think Tom's comment in terms of going METROPOLITAN REPORTING, INC. (517) 886-4068 41 REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03

1 through and attempting to expedite where, in fact, 2 there may be a sense from the Assembly that certain 3 positions should be adopted or will be adopted, I think that, given the fact that part of our rule 4 5 indicates if there is a 25 percent minority position, 6 it would seem to me that each of the items, each of the subparts of all of the proposals that are being 7 made have to be voted upon, and if, in fact, it 8 requires in a determination that, you know, it might 9 be close to 25 percent on a given one, then I suspect 10 11 the chair would turn around and have people who rise and have the vote count. If it's not, then in effect 12 13 that doesn't mean anything. But I think it's important, given the fact 14 that we have advertised that that's the way the 15 program will proceed, I think it's important that 16 17 every item be voted upon so that everyone has an opportunity to literally have their say and have their 18 19 vote. MR. ROMBACH: Tom Rombach from the 16th 20 circuit. I rise in support of Mr. Haroutunian's 21

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22	point.
23	Just so the Assembly understands that it is
24	an attempt to get some votes in before we start going
25	to lunch, and there was a sense of the body. That I

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 do concur with him, because the minority position, as 2 he points out, could be as much as 25 percent. I just want to keep the Assembly focused. So if we can vote 3 one by one, I do want to make sure that we get through 4 5 the entire docket and not give short shrift to other 6 issues that people may be wanting to discuss later in 7 the packet. 8 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Understood. In terms of 9 the vote we just took, it was less than 25 percent of all other positions combined, so I don't think we have 10 a problem in terms of that vote, not having broken it 11 down. 12 13 MS. JAMIESON: Elizabeth Jamieson, 17th 14 circuit. I agree that each of the options should be voted on so that if we have a minority opinion we can 15 16 report that to the Supreme Court. 17 The only thing that I want to remind 18 everybody is for purposes of expediency if there is a 19 consensus with regard to one rule where we can get a majority right off the bat, then we ought to do that 20

as Tom did with regard to the first.

22	So if there appears to be consensus with
23	regard to an option that is second or third in line
24	then we ought to take that first, then go ahead and
25	vote on the others to get minority opinions.

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CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Returning to the issues
before us, that leaves the second item under (5)(a).
I don't know if there has been a formal motion to call
the question, but are there additional comments?
MR. DUNN: I am Bill Dunn, a member of the
Ethics Committee, and I would like to simply have you
reflect on one fact as you consider (a) and (b) in
item (2), and that is that the Model Rule adopted by
the American Bar Association is itself quite limited
to the support of providing legal services to those
unable to pay, and the purpose of the pro bono rule is
not to simply encourage lawyers to serve community
charities and Bar and chalk that off to good service
but to be sure that the needs of those unable to
afford them are met, and that was the purpose of the
ABA rule, and I am wondering whether 30 hours for all,
the entire breadth of activities the professional may
well get involved in during a year should be limited
to 30 hours total, because we often know too that the
needs of those unable to afford services get
forgotten.
CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I think the 30-hour

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23	question is resolved by the Assembly for now. Was
24	that a statement though in support of (a) or (b) in the
25	second, on the definition itself?

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means less in need.

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HON. ELWOOD BROWN: It's a statement in favor of (a). It's not the 30 hours that's the issue. What we are addressing basically is that if you spread 30 hours over to charitable organizations as opposed to the needy, then 30 hours doesn't mean much, and so you have got your 30 hours, but the proposal of (a) is what the Ethics Committee is in support of.

MR. LARKY: Sheldon Larky, 6th circuit. I support (b). I will tell you why I support (b). The idea of charity may be those who are less in need. By

For those of us who sit on our church or synagogue board of trustees, for those us of who sit in community organizations, for those of us who sit on community boards, we are doing it as a public service, and we are doing it as members of the Bar.

definition, if it's a charitable organization, it

I don't believe that we should be solely limited to people of limited means, because if the expanded definition it is those people that are in fact sometimes of limited means also, and I am all in favor of (b). I am not in favor of (a).

rep1114.txt 23 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Additional comments? 24 Mr. President. 25 PRESIDENT BRINKMEYER: Scott Brinkmeyer from METROPOLITAN REPORTING, INC. (517) 886-4068

REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 the 17th circuit. 2 With all due respect to Mr. Dunn and 3 Judge Brown, I need look no further than the proponents effectively of (b), and their position was 4 5 very effectively stated by Candace Crowley. The folks that comprise those various 6 7 committees are very, very aware of the need of the 8 poor. Just note the Access to Justice group is well represented. I am one of the chairs of the campaign 9 10 this year. Obviously the object of that is to get 11 contributions and funds certainly in time for the 12 needy and those who can't afford it, but given who 13 stands behind these groups that are proposing that we have a more expanded definition, I am very satisfied 14 15 and would concur and join in in support for (b). CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Thank you. 16 17 MS. NOLL SMITH: Sharon Noll Smith. 6th circuit. I am also a member of the Ethics 18 Committee. I am also a member of the Animal Law 19 20 Section of the State Bar. 21 I rise to speak in support of the position 22 articulated by the Animal Law Section Chair, Beatrice

Friedlander, with regard to expanding the definition

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of pro bono.

25	The Michigan Rule states direct delivery of	
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	4	16
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1	legal services to the poor. I would point out that a	ιn
2	expansion of this rule enabling attorneys interested	
3	in doing animal law, to serve charitable	
4	organizations, animal welfare organizations, such as	
5	those which provide, for example, low cost or no cost	:
6	veterinary services to the poor and to indigent peopl	e
7	to care for their companion animals, they provide low	ı
8	cost spay and neutering, that kind of pro bono servic	e
9	by an attorney to those types of organizations is mos	it
10	assuredly, though it might be indirect, it is most	
11	assuredly serving the poor, if only indirectly.	
12	I think that's about all I have to say.	
13	Again, I do support that expansion of the rule to	
14	charitable and civic, religious organizations. Thank	(
15	you.	
16	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Thank you. Tom.	
17	MR. ROMBACH: Tom Rombach from the 16th	
18	circuit. I decided to switch microphones. I am	
19	speaking on behalf of option (b).	
20	The Pro Bono Committee had worked with the	
21	Assembly through my tenure very closely, and I believ	/e
22	that they know best what's going to achieve our	
23	objects of serving the poor and those people of	

- limited means, and by representing the Legal Aid
- Committee, by representing Pro Bono Services, by

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representing Open Justice, all those folks approve the idea of a broader definition to pull in more people, to pull in more attorneys to serve the public matter, and, quite frankly, this is a voluntary standard. So the more people we have out there, the more we can promote the image of a lawyer, the better it is for everyone, and, as Ms. Smith has pointed out, and the Law Section and a whole group of others, that I think we are all on the same page here. We are really arguing about what our approach is.

I would say the broader approach would be better, because we may be able to bring in more folks and say, Look, now that you are doing community service as part of your church group or as part of a civic service organization, it's also important that perhaps you answer your phone for our pro bono legal services or other areas and broaden the pool of those people that are willing to contribute their services directly.

So, again, the emphasis is still going to be on the folks that need the help financially that can't afford to pay for legal services. It's just the definition is a broader area, and I think we should shoot for a broader target, because this is a Page 46

voluntary standard and aspiration of those for high

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1	standards within the profession. So I advocate (b)
2	here. Thank you.
3	MR. LOOMIS: Daniel Loomis from the 35th
4	circuit. I guess I am confused. If (b) is for an
5	expansion, why does it eliminate services and
6	activities for improving the law, the legal system, or
7	the legal profession? I don't think we should
8	eliminate that kind of service, and I don't know if
9	you accept amendments, but I would say that it should
10	not read "but not" but instead read "including."
11	VOICE: Support.
12	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I guess we will treat that
13	as a motion to amend, and there was support, so we
14	will begin discussion on the motion to amend, and just
15	I would note initially that, based upon the
16	discussions leading up to today, I think to answer
17	part of that question, it was just the notion that
18	this is not pro bono work, what we are doing here
19	today, whatever you want to call it, and it is in the
20	name of the legal profession, and while there was a
21	sense that the definition needed to be broadened by
22	some people, there was also a sense it needed to be
23	limited in some way. But there is a motion and a
24	second to make the amendment. Is there any further

25 discussion?

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1	On the question of whether or not to amend
2	the proposal in part (b) to delete the "but not" and
3	"but not by" and substitute "and to include," or
4	"including," I am sorry.
5	All in favor of the amendment?
6	All opposed.
7	It's a majority vote.
8	We are going to make you rise again. All in
9	favor of the amendment.
10	Thank you. All opposed to the amendment.
11	Thank you. Any not voting?
12	The amendment passes. We'll have to
13	determine at some point whether or not we have
14	minority positions on the amendment. But is there
15	further discussion on the now amended proposal? Why
16	don't we call for a vote. All in I am sorry.
17	All in favor of the option (a) MRPC 6.1,
18	should use the narrow definition, the narrowly
19	defined, please rise.
20	MS. JAMIESON: Didn't Tom bring (2)(b) for
21	vote?
22	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: The question was whether
23	you had a motion that I am supposed to be taking a yes
24	or no on $(2)(b)$ or if I am still taking the options.
25	I guess then we are voting yea or nay on Page 48

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1	(2)(b), the more broad definition, as amended.
2	So all in favor of adopting (2)(b), the more
3	broad definition, please rise.
4	VOICE: Point of order, so we are not all
5	confused, could we have our kind secretary highlight
6	the one we are actually voting on.
7	VOICE: We are voting on the amendment to
8	(b).
9	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: The vote would be on all
10	of paragraph (b), as amended.
11	As highlighted there, all of paragraph (b),
12	as amended. All in favor, please rise.
13	We are beyond 75 percent. Thank you.
14	Call a voice vote on the nays just so we have
15	it on the record. All opposed.
16	Which brings us to item (5)(b), which
17	addressed the scope of the rules as stated in the
18	preamble. I would call first upon the Grievance
19	Committee. Did the Grievance Committee wish to
20	address this?
21	MR. ALLEN: Good morning again. The
22	Grievance Committee position, we did not have your
23	briefing book in front of us when we met, but I
24	believe it would most closely resemble
25	subparagraph (b) on page 44 of the briefing book.

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The reasoning for that would be this: The current version of the rule is stated in our report on page 45 of your briefing book as part of the Rule 1.0(b), asserting that the rules do not give rise to a cause of action for enforceable damages or for failure to comply. The ABA model version, which has been adopted and proposed by the Ethics Committee, would reduce that from a statement in the rule, it would also dilute the words from "do not" to "should" and would demote it from the rule to comment.

As cited on page 45, the rules are used in civil actions either as presumptions or as evidence of breaches of the standard of care. As cited on Rule 45, the Supreme Court holds that only the rules are authority, the comments are not authoritative statements, and, in fact, in the proposed rules Comment 21 as proposed by the Ethics Committees says essentially the same thing, that the preamble and the note on scope are intended to provide general orientation and not to be interpreted as rules. The text of each rule is authoritative.

Therefore, it is our position that the statement should remain in the strength that it is in the current rule, it should remain part of the rule

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1	and not be demoted to a comment.
2	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: And just because I think
3	the record needs to be complete, was this a formal
4	position adopted by the majority of the council?
5	MR. ALLEN: Yeah, by a majority of the
6	Grievance Committee then voting as stated in the
7	report.
8	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: But there was no quorum
9	present at that meeting?
10	MR. ALLEN: I would say that at the beginning
11	of the meeting there was, at various parts that there
12	were not.
13	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I just wanted to make sure
14	that we are clear on whether or not a formal majority
15	position was adopted.
16	MR. ALLEN: It was adopted by those who were
17	there and voting that day, both in person and by
18	phone. I would say that at times there might have
19	been a quorum, at times there were certainly not,
20	certainly towards the end.
21	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Thank you.
22	MR. LARKY: Just as a point of clarification,
23	Mr. Chairman. Sheldon Larky, 6th circuit.
24	On the bottom of page 43, does the Grievance
25	Committee recommend that we, in fact, adopt the language

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	of the last three lines that is even more dynamic,
2	more definite?
3	MR. ALLEN: May I have a point of personal
4	privilege in response?
5	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I think you can respond
6	briefly to the question, yes.
7	MR. ALLEN: Sheldon, as I mentioned before,
8	we did not have the language of (b) in front of us at
9	the time of our meeting, so we did not have the
10	opportunity to consider it. I think it would be
11	unfair of me personally to try to interpret what the
12	views of the committee might be about the particular
13	wording. I think the emphasis we had was that it
14	should be at least as strong as it is in the current
15	rule and most importantly part of the rule, not part
16	of the comment.
17	MR. LARKY: Mr. Chair, I would move for an
18	amendment to the proposed rule. I agree that we
19	should, in fact, contain this language, and I would
20	if it requires a writing, I have a writing, but I am
21	moving that our Representative Assembly adopt the last
22	three lines on page 43, and if you need me to put it
23	in writing, I will. I have it in front of me, because
24	it's more than five words, but I want to adopt that we
25	stand for violation of a rule does not itself give

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1	rise to a cause of action against a lawyer nor does
2	create any presumption in such a case that a legal
3	duty has been breached, and I would so move.
4	VOICE: Support.
5	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I do hear a second. I
6	don't think we need it in writing because you are
7	pointing to it in writing in the book.
8	My understanding then, that would be in plac
9	of (b).
10	MR. LARKY: It would be in place of (b), and
11	could I speak as in favor of the motion now?
12	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Yes.
13	MR. LARKY: I stopped counting representing
14	attorneys in about 200 legal malpractice cases, and I
15	stopped counting when I represented about a hundred
16	plaintiffs in various legal malpractice cases, and my
17	concern was, as John Allen indicated a few minutes
18	ago, that the rules are being used against attorneys
19	and that was not the intent. That wasn't the intent
20	of the civil cases before us, and for those of us who
21	have ever sat as a defendant in a legal malpractice
22	case, for those of us who ever prosecuted on behalf o
23	a client in a legal malpractice case have had these
24	Rules of Professional Conduct thrown in the courtroom
25	situation.

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1	My personal feeling is the rule doesn't go	
2	far enough. I would like it to say even one more	
3	thing, anybody who uses any reference to these rules	
4	in a civil matter shall itself have an act of	
5	misconduct.	
6	But it doesn't go far enough. I think we	
7	have to protect ourselves. I don't think we should	
8	allow a set of rules to be used in a civil court for	
9	use in a disciplinary process and vice versa, and I a	an
10	concerned having these rules thrown at me when I have	ē
11	defended frankly, when I was plaintiff's attorney	
12	on a few cases I used the rules, because sometimes th	ıe
13	defense counsel didn't know how to get them out.	
14	And I don't think to protect our brothers a	10
15	sisters, those of us, the roughly 20,000 to 30,000	
16	that practice law, I think we have to protect our	
17	brothers and sisters. Ladies and gentleman, we are	
18	members of a union, this is our union, and I want to	
19	protect our union membership, and I want to protect	
20	them to the fullest hilt.	
21	I don't want Rules of Professional Conduct	to
22	be used in a way as a presumption, I don't want them	
23	used in any way as a grounds for legal malpractice,	
24	and I encourage you to adopt this resolution.	
25	MR. MORGAN: Mr. Chair, point of order. I	

think the sense of the motion made by the proponent was to keep in the words "reject Model language" and suggesting the addition of that language as being the language that would appear in Rule 1. It's not to strike the word "reject the Model language." CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I think to reject the Model language and to state that included above. MR. LARKY: That's correct. CHAIRPERSON LEVY: So (b) would be begin "reject the Model language," and then strike the remainder of their and that would be, and state, with the quote following. Any other discussion on the amendment? It's not a capital "a" on the and. MR. ELLMANN: Douglas Ellmann, 22nd circuit. Picking up on something Mr. Larky mentioned in his comments, and I know he can't talk again, but I want to make sure I get the language right. I liked his idea, and I guess I would offer this as a possible amendment if the Assembly, if someone else thinks it's appropriate to indicate that a reference to these rules as a basis of an impropriety by an attorney in a civil action will in itself be an ethical violation. I would ask Mr. Larky's help with respect to the language.		REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
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	23	civil action will in itself be an ethical violation.
25 language.	24	I would ask Mr. Larky's help with respect to the
	25	language.

REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I do want to remind the 2 body that we were going to attempt to stick to general, overall principles and try not to get lost in 3 4 language questions, but does that -- is that a 5 friendly amendment? It would have to be in writing. MR. LARKY: I think it has to be in writing, 6 7 but I agree to that position wholeheartedly. 8 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: While it's being put in 9 writing, is there a comment on the amendment to the 10 amendment, and the Ethics Committee needs to respond 11 to both. MS. FELDMAN: Is this mike on? I guess it 12 is. 13 14 First of all, addressing the question of whether, whatever the text is, should be in the 15 preamble or in a rule, these are rules pertaining to 16 17 conduct. This is not conduct. This is the scope of the rules, the purpose of the rules, what the rule is 18 19 for, so we submit it's properly in the preamble and 20 scope. It has nothing to do with conduct. That's 21 what the rules apply to. 22 And the case law decides as an evidentiary 23 matter what should come in, what should stay out, what's a presumption. That's not the purpose of these 24 25 rules, to start making case law as to what is the

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1	proper evidence in a case of malpractice.
2	It's our understanding, or it is, the ABA has
3	in its Model Rules for the past umpteen years, this
4	isn't anything new, had this in the scope section, not
5	as a rule. We are not aware of any problem where
6	someone, where a judge has ruled because it's in the
7	scope and not in the rule it doesn't have any meaning.
8	That's where it belongs, because it doesn't pertain to
9	conduct.
10	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: And specifically as to the
11	amendment to include the language, any attempt to use
12	these rules as a basis for civil liability shall in
13	itself be an act of misconduct under these rules?
14	MS. FELDMAN: Well, I would certainly hate to
15	have that be misconduct and have the Grievance
16	Commission start citing people for misconduct for
17	attempting to use law or attempting to advocate a
18	legal position and then have hearings on whether that
19	is misconduct. I mean, talk about creating a
20	quagmire.
21	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I am sorry. It was
22	accepted as a friendly amendment. I am corrected
23	then this was accepted as a friendly amendment?
24	MR. LARKY: Mr. Levy, I accepted it as a
25	friendly amendment, but I am going to vote against it.

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: If you accept it as a
2	friendly amendment, you can't vote against it. It's
3	part of your proposal.
4	MR. LARKY: Pardon me, I reject it.
5	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: It was not accepted as a
6	friendly amendment.
7	MR. ELLMANN: Let me simplify this. I will
8	withdraw the amendment.
9	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: So we are back to the
10	question as originally stated.
11	VOICE: Well, with the amendment.
12	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: So we are back to this as
13	it appears now. Any further discussion on this then?
14	VOICE: Call the question.
15	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Question has been called.
16	CLERK BUITEWEG: Point of order, Mr. Chair,
17	the special rules that we adopted for this meeting
18	indicate that alternatives to a proposed rule or
19	position shall be presented in writing and in
20	sufficient quantity to be circulated to all Assembly
21	members present and include et cetera, et cetera.
22	I am not sure that Mr. Larky's proposal falls
23	within the rules that we have set for our meeting
24	today. That's just a point of order
25	MR. ROMBACH: It's in the book.

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I think in this case it
2	really is an amendment of (b) to be more specific
3	rather than it is a complete new proposal, but I do
4	appreciate the caution that we need to be careful not
5	to substitute new proposals, but I do think in this
6	case it is a more specific version of what was already
7	presented.
8	So the question has been called. We are
9	voting MRPC 1.0 and the preamble should. All in favor
10	of option (a), adopt the Model language, please rise.
11	MR. ROMBACH: We have to amend (b) first.
12	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I thought the amendment
13	was done. I am sorry, my mistake.
14	All those in favor of amending (b) to read as
15	now presented on the board, please indicate by saying
16	aye.
17	Any opposed.
18	(b) is amended.
19	Any additional comments on whether to choose
20	between (a) and (b)? Seeing no comments, I will call
21	the question. I am sorry, yes.
22	MR. DUNN: The lead-in statement on page 44
23	indicates MRPC 1.0 and the preamble should. Is it
24	still intended that this language, whatever is
25	adonted he in both the preamble and in the rule? The

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	recommendation from the Ethics Committee is it would
2	be in the preamble only.
3	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: My understanding was that
4	the intent was not to be specific as to where it goes
5	because we are not addressing the language of the
6	rules of the preamble and that it was just it should
7	express this point of view.
8	MR. MORGAN: Point of order, if you look
9	behind you, sir, you will see that it says MRPC 1.0
10	and the preamble. That's what I thought we were
11	following throughout the course of this.
12	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Name and circuit, please.
13	MR. MORGAN: Don Morgan, 3rd circuit.
14	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: My understanding of the
15	intent was that that was more an and/or, that the
16	rules combine and that the rules and the preamble
17	would express the point of view that this may not be
18	used. It was not specific language to instruct the
19	court as to where it must put it. I guess we need to
20	clarify that.
21	MR. LARKY: Mr. Chairman, my motion was that
22	MPRC 1.0 and the preamble both contained that.
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I think what we need then
24	is a specific
25	MS. JAMIESON: MRPC 1.0 and the preamble

1	should
2	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Meaning that it's going to
3	say it twice?
4	MS. JAMIESON: Meaning that this policy
5	statement affects MRPC 1.0 and the preamble.
6	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: So I guess I think we
7	are going to have to split the vote.
8	MR. BYERLEY: I think to clarify, one
9	proposal, the proposal is to keep it in the rule,
10	which would be 1.0. That's proposal (b).
11	The Ethics Committee proposal is to put it in
12	the preamble, so I think the introduction just means
13	if you take, basically if you take option (b), you
14	want to amend MRPC 1.0, which, of course, doesn't track
15	with the new Model Rules that you have in front of
16	you because that's terminology. It's not going to fit
17	there anyway.
18	But I think proposal (b) would be to keep the
19	current MRPC 1.0. Proposal (a) would be to put it in
20	the preamble, so the introduction there says,
21	depending which way you go with it, it's either in 1.0
22	or it's in the preamble.
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Except that (b) is now a
24	statement that's in neither, so it's not the key.
25	MR. BYERLEY: Right, but I mean the intent is

1	rep1114.txt to keep it like the current 1.0, which won't fit into
2	the new format.
3	MS. FELDMAN: 1.0 is terminology.
4	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I am thinking what we are
5	going to have to do is take two votes, one as to
6	whether or not the language should be included and
7	then secondly, if it is included, whether it needs to
8	be a rule
9	MS. FELDMAN: That's correct.
10	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: or part of the
11	preamble.
12	MR. DUNN: Yes.
13	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: So if that is clear, the
14	question is being divided in a sense. The first
15	question will be whether or not the language that is
16	in (b) as it appears on the board, whether or not that
17	language should be adopted, and then there will be a
18	second vote if the language is adopted as to whether
19	or not it should be made part of the preamble or part
20	of the rules. Is that, first off, clear to people?
21	MR. LARKY: Mr. Chairman, I think Sheldon
22	Larky, 6th circuit.
23	I think the sense of this body is we want to
24	send a message to the Supreme Court that we want them

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to adopt a specific rule that as we just adopted a

2	but as a specific rule.
3	MS. JAMIESON: Elizabeth Jamieson 17th
4	circuit. Friendly amendment. With regard to option
5	(b), can we change it so that it says "reject the Model
6	language and," then insert "in the rules state." Does
7	that satisfy the issue at hand?
8	MR. LARKY: Yes.
9	MS. JAMIESON: So you accept the friendly
10	amendment?
11	MR. LARKY: Yes.
12	MS. JOHNSON: Point of order. There is no
13	amendment on the floor right now. We just voted on
14	it.
15	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: That would be a new
16	amendment because
17	MS. JAMIESON: Do you want me to make a
18	separate amendment?
19	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: It would have to be a
20	separate amendment.
21	MS. JAMIESON: So I am making a new amendment
22	to the language. Do you accept that?
23	MR. LARKY: Yes.
24	MS. JAMIESON: He has accepted. Now do you
25	have to bring it to a vote? I don't think you do. He

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1 has accepted it.

2	rep1114.txt CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Except it was already
3	passed. It wasn't on the floor so you can't amend.
4	MS. JAMIESON: So now it's
5	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: So now it's a new
6	amendment. He can't accept it. It has to be a vote.
7	MS. JAMIESON: So have a vote.
8	VOICE: Second.
9	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: It is on the floor, and
10	all in favor of amending it to indicate that it be in
11	the rules as it now appears.
12	Any opposed.
13	There was opposition, but it passes.
14	To make this a little bit simpler then
15	MS. JAMIESON: Can I call the question?
16	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Do I have a motion to take
17	a yea or nay vote on (b) as it appears?
18	VOICE: Yes.
19	MS. JAMIESON: Call the question (1)(b).
20	VOICE: This is as opposed to (a)?
21	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: This would just be a yes
22	or no vote directly on the language now in (b), so
23	that the vote would be yes or no MRPC 1.0
24	VOICE: You would be recommending (b)instead
25	of (a)?

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1	CHAIRPER	RSON LEVY:	Correct.		
2	MS. JAMI	ESON: For Page 64	point of	clarification,	if

3	we vote on (b) first and it's greater than 75 percent,
4	then we know there is no chance for a minority vote.
5	If we have a majority vote but it's not 75 percent, we
6	will go to (a) and see whether or not we have a
7	minority vote on (a). If we don't, then we are done.
8	MS. DIEHL: Point of order. Nancy Diehl from
9	the 3rd circuit. What ever happened to whether we
10	wanted it in the preamble or in the rules? As it
11	reads now it's in the rules, period. I am not
12	agreeing with what was just stated.
13	Are you taking back what you previously told
14	us we were going to do, Mr. Chair?
15	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: In terms of two separate
16	votes? There seemed to be a sense that I should be
17	combining it into one vote, so that, yes, it was one
18	vote to say that it should be done in the rules.
19	MS. JAMIESON: For point of clarification,
20	this is my recommendation, that right now what we have
21	that has been approved from the language for (b), that
22	goes for a vote. If it is not approved, you can make
23	an amend you can offer the amendment that it be in
24	the preamble and see if that passes.
25	So the first vote is going to be for the

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1 rules. If that doesn't pass, then you have the

2 opportunity to make a different amendment with regard

3	to the preamble.
4	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: And I believe for the
5	purposes of what's on the board, the words "and the
6	preamble" would have to be have been crossed out.
7	So that it would read MRPC 1 should reject the Model
8	language and would put it in the rules.
9	MR. ROMANO: Vince Romano, 3rd circuit. It
10	strikes me that when we start talking about the
11	substantive issue involved, the substantive issue here
12	needs to be clarified. Do we want this language in
13	the preamble or do we want it in a rule? I think we
14	need to make that clarification first and then decide
15	some of the specifics about the language. But it
16	seems to me that that's the underlying decision here,
17	is this a preamble matter, is this a rule matter? I
18	happen to think it's a preamble matter. I would like
19	to have a sense of this body on that.
20	MR. LARKY: 6th circuit, Sheldon Larky. I
21	think it should be in both places. I think we have to
22	send a message. That message is because the
23	preamble is just prefatory language, and we have to
24	watch the top paragraph of page 46 about these are not
25	to be interpreted as rules, the scope, and if the

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scope says should not, I think we have to make sure very definitive both in the scope section as well as the proposed rule.

4	So the language as it sits on the board right
5	now in red is the language that I asked for that the
6	body had voted upon already.
7	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: My apologies. The words
8	"and the preamble" were not stricken.
9	PRESIDENT BRINKMEYER: Scott Brinkmeyer from
10	the 17th circuit. If I understand correctly what is
11	about to be voted on, it would be that at the very
12	least Rule 1.0, which, as Tom pointed out, has to do
13	with terminology, would contain that language, and if
14	I am correct, and I would stand in opposition, because
15	I don't think that language has any place in the
16	terminology section. That doesn't mean what I would
17	speak to if it was placed elsewhere as a rule, but if
18	what we are about to vote upon is that the terminology
19	section of the proposed new rules would contain that
20	language, I think it's in the wrong place and,
21	therefore, I would be opposed to it in that context.
22	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I guess
23	MS. JOHNSON: We voted on this matter 15
24	minutes ago.
25	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I guess the answer is that

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1	then vote	against it, because	that is what it says and
2	it's been	called, so that the	vote is on whether or
3	not		

	rep1114.txt
4	MS. JOHNSON: We voted to include
5	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: it should be included
6	in that specific rule and in the preamble as written,
7	and that's the question that's been called, so the
8	specific language that's on the board, should it say
9	in 1.0 and the preamble using the specific language is
10	the question.
11	All in favor of that proposal, please rise.
12	VOICE: What are we voting on?
13	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: We are voting on the
14	language in (b), whether or not it should say in both
15	the preamble and in Rule 1.0, that specific language
16	should be included.
17	And all opposed. Thank you. All opposed,
18	please rise.
19	This is just to not adopt as proposed. It
20	would not necessarily mean (a). This is just whether
21	or not to adopt it and put it in both places, that
22	specific language.
23	Thank you. And any not voting.
24	There was no majority on that vote so that
25	has not passed. The question has not been resolved.

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1	MR. LARKY:	Mr. Chairman, in light of that I
2	move that we strike	the words "and the preamble" in
3	the first line, and	that's my motion. Sheldon Larky,
4	6th circuit.	

5	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: So that it states only in
6	the 1.0 definition of terms?
7	VOICE: Second.
8	VOICE: Support.
9	VOICE: Point of order. Don't we have a vote
10	coming on (a)?
11	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: The motion is to include
12	the language, but to include it only in 1.0, the
13	definition of terms. Is there comment on that motion?
14	There was support, was there not? Is there support?
15	VOICE: Support.
16	MR. LOOMIS: Mr. Chairman, Dan Loomis, 35th
17	circuit. I believe that we would be better served by
18	striking the words "MRPC 1.0 and" so that we could say
19	that the preamble should have this language, "and in
20	the rules," wherever the rules appropriately place
21	them, rather than striking "and the preamble," because
22	I think the language in the rules will let us put that
23	wherever we want to. It doesn't fit in terminology as
24	the president has said. So I know we have an
25	amendment on the floor. As long as that's on the

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 floor, I think we should vote that down, and then I would make a motion as stated. CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I see a head nodding. Maybe friendly substitution.

5	rep1114.txt MR. LARKY: I accept the substitution,
6	because I think he is absolutely right.
7	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: So the motion would
8	then because the language is contradictory we can't
9	accept it as a friendly amendment. Is the original
10	motion withdrawn?
11	MR. LARKY: Yes.
12	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: And will that be made as a
13	new motion?
14	MR. LOOMIS: It would be.
15	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Is there a second?
16	VOICE: Second.
17	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: So that the proposal
18	currently being debated is whether "the preamble and
19	rules should."
20	MS. JAMIESON: No, just the preamble. The
21	preamble should, and then reject the Model Rules, and
22	in the rules state
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: So it's preamble should
24	and then okay. The preamble should reject the
25	Model Rules and in the rules state. Okay.

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY	11-14-03
1	It is on the board	is the language, at least
2	so it is clear to people th	is is what we are voting,
3	discussing. Not whether you	u agree or not, but people
4	understand this is what we a	are discussing.
5	MR. BARTON: Point Page 70	of order. I understood

6	the motion to be that the preamble and rules should.
7	In other words
8	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Right, which is what it
9	now says.
10	MS. JAMIESON: The prior amendment was
11	withdrawn and now it's before the amendment that we
12	are discussing and we'll have up for a vote is the
13	preamble should reject the Model language.
14	MS. MCQUADE: But does the preamble also
15	adopt the new language is the question I think. So,
16	in other words, and in the rules and the preamble
17	state, will the preamble include the new violation
18	language? As it's currently written it will not. The
19	preamble simply rejects and rules will include. If
20	you want to say it in both places you need to add the
21	words "and in both places."
22	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: We need you to identify
23	yourself for the record.
24	MS. MCQUADE: I am sorry, Barb McQuade from
25	the 3rd circuit.

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 Point of order. I am just trying to clarify what we are doing. I am not advocating any position or the other. I am just trying to clarify. As it's currently written what it says is that the preamble will reject the Model language and that the rules will

rep1114.txt 6 include the new language. It does not state that the 7 preamble will also include the new language. Is that 8 the way you want it to be? MR. BARTON: Bruce Barton, 4th circuit. I 9 10 don't want to nitpick, but if nothing else, you have got to get that (b) out of there and the "or" out of 11 12 there which is up on the board. In other words, the 13 proposal is "the preamble should reject," and it reads right through is what you are saying is the way I 14 15 understand it. 16 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: So that it would be to 17 strike all the language in (a), just so that it's 18 clear that it --19 MR. BARTON: I think the point of all of this 20 is it doesn't belong in Rule 1.0, because that's 21 terminology, and in order to put it in 1.0 you would 22 have to say exactly what you are defining, and there is nothing up there that says what we are defining. 23 MS. POHLY: Mr. Chairman, Linda Pohly from 24 25 the 7th circuit. Point of order. I believe the

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1	motion as it is now, as I understand it, before this
2	Assembly is in violation of the rule adopted for this
3	Assembly regarding alternative proposals. It has not
4	been submitted in writing and circulated ahead of time
5	as required by paragraph (a). There are many, many
6	other issues to consider. If we continue this Page 72

7	methodology of approaching these issues, we will not
8	address half of the issues we need to approach today.
9	MR. ORDWAY: Mr. Chairman, Dustin Ordway,
10	17th circuit. I would also like to refer to the
11	rules. My understanding is that we adopted (7)(c),
12	which says if we vote on a provision, it doesn't get
13	50 percent, it's been rejected, so I would simply ask
14	for clarification why we are still discussing (b).
15	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: It was presented as a
16	different motion, placing the rule differently, so it
17	was a different interpretation of the same proposal
18	that was there.
19	It strikes me that the motion on the floor is
20	still not, is still that the preamble reject and only
21	the preamble reject and only the rules state.
22	It's being pointed out that I have already
23	ruled on the clarification question, that this is a
24	modification of a proposal that was already presented,
25	it is not new, and that even the specific language is

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY	11-14-03
1	included in the written ma	terials, so it's not a
2	surprise, which was the in	tent of that rule, that
3	things be presented in wri	ting and in sufficient
4	numbers so that it is prop	erly before the body.
5	MR. LOOMIS: Dani	el Loomis, 35th circuit.
6	Perhaps to maybe clarify t	he comments that have been
	Do 73	

7	rep1114.txt
	made. (b) should read, instead of reject the Model
8	language, that the preamble and the rules state, so
9	that what we have is that if you are in favor of (a)
10	you are going to adopt in the preamble only the should
11	language, and if you adopt (b), the preamble and a
12	rule, whatever appropriate placement it is, would say
13	that it does not.
14	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: So that would be striking
15	and for (b) it would also be striking the beginning.
16	It's striking that sentence entirely.
17	MR. ROMANO: Point of order, Mr. Chair.
18	Don't we have a motion on the floor?
19	MS. JAMIESON: No, what we have on the floor
20	is an amendment.
21	MR. ROMBACH: It hasn't been supported, so
22	you might as well ask for support first.
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: We have a proposal, but
24	the language has not been adopted or supported. They
25	are still determining the language.

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY	11-14-03
1	MS. JAMIESON:	Just for point of
2	clarification, the langu	age that is up there right now
3	is the amended language	that has been proposed. It
4	hasn't been seconded yet	. We are just trying to
5	provide it to you so you	can see what the proponent of
6	that had said.	
7	MR. ROMANO: I Page	heard a motion and second 74

8	severely changed the first line to eliminate the
9	reference to the rule and have it read the preamble.
10	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: There was
11	MR. ROMANO: That was a motion and second.
12	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: But it was also agreed the
13	motion's intent was not for it to do what that would
14	result in it saying because it was not to reject it in
15	the preamble and then have a totally different
16	statement in the rules. It was to state it in both
17	places so that we were trying to clarify the language
18	of the motion that was being made.
19	MR. BERRY: I would just like to make one
20	comment as somebody who has probably been working with
21	these rules most of my life. One lady has already
22	mentioned the issue, and the Ethics Committee has as
23	well, maybe a quick lunch break and getting to the
24	point, whatever, but we are basically I am sitting
25	here listening to everyone here, and I think everybody

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 wants to reach the same conclusion, as it's not to be 2 used as evidence. That's what the ABA wanted, that's 3 what the Ethics Committee and everyone else. 4 We are close to now leaving only three and a 5 half hours for a ton of very important issues, and, 6 just as your executive director, I beg you to find a 7 way not to spend another half hour on the procedural

	rep1114.txt
8	issue here, because, frankly, as somebody who has had
9	to work with these for years and years it isn't going
10	to make a squat bit of difference in the
11	interpretation whether or not it's in the preamble or
12	whether it's somewhere else. It's ultimately going to
13	be interpreted the same way by the court and by the
14	regulatory authorities as well.
15	So that is not an answer to your problem, but
16	it is a plea to try to get to that solution, because I
17	am not hearing anybody argue on the opposite side. I
18	just hear a bunch of good lawyers working through the
19	procedural quagmire to get to that point. So good
20	luck, folks.
21	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: If we unstrike the word
22	should no, go back. You had it right with just
23	that one word. And then strike it again from the text

below, should, everything up to state, the preamble

and the rules. What we are then left with is the

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY	11-14-03
1	preamble and rules should	state. I think that's the
2	language, that was the int	ent of the language. I
3	forgot who made the origin	al proposal, but is that the
4	intent of what you are try	ing to say?
5	MR. LOOMIS: No,	it isn't. At the very
6	beginning it should say, "	the preamble should," and
7	(b) it will state, "the pr	eamble and the rules shall
8	state.	

9	MS. DIEHL: Nancy Diehl, 3rd circuit. Could
10	we go back, based on what has been said here, so that
11	we don't get bogged down on where we want it. If we
12	go back to the original language and put and/or, if we
13	want we want the language somewhere, we don't know
14	where, and I don't know where we are at in motions,
15	but it's a friendly amendment, and/or, and we will let
16	someone decide later where it belongs.
17	MS. JAMIESON: So specifically identify, read
18	it how it should read.
19	MS. DIEHL: MRPC 1.0 and/or the preamble
20	should how did we have before, should read.
21	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Should state.
22	MS. DIEHL: Should state a violation of a
23	rule does not itself give rise to a cause of action
24	against a lawyer nor does it create any presumption in
25	such case a legal duty has been breached.

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY	11-14-03
1	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Is the	at accepted?
2	MR. LOOMIS: It is not.	
3	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: It is	not accepted. Is
4	there a second to the original mo	tion? Second to the
5	motion made by Nancy, by Ms. Dieh	1.
6	MS. JAMIESON: Was there	a second to Nancy?
7	VOICE: I will second the	e motion.
8	MS. JAMIESON: There is	a second to it.

rep1114.txt 9 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: So we are addressing 10 Nancy's motion. MR. ORDWAY: Mr. Chairman, Dustin Ordway. I 11 12 would like to follow up on my earlier request for clarification and look to the last sentence of the 13 rules we adopted, which also speaks to my confusion as 14 to what we are doing. It says, Assembly members shall 15 16 vote for not more than one alternative. We had two 17 alternatives in front of us. We are now creating a third alternative. I still don't understand how we 18 19 are remassaging (b) when we haven't voted on (a) 20 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: It was --21 MR. ORDWAY: Anyone who has already voted 22 can't vote in favor of anything else. 23 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I believe the intent of the special rules is do not vote for more than one 24

alternative when (a), (b), and (c) were being

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	presented simultaneously, not that it closed off
2	options for future votes.
3	MR. ROMBACH: Tom Rombach, 16th circuit. I
4	light of the impasse, I would suggest that we get
5	together over a brief recess for lunch. So I move -
6	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I have a motion to reces
7	for lunch. Do I have a second?
8	VOICE: Second.
9	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Any opposed? We are in Page 78

10	recess for lunch.
11	(Lunch break, 12:15 p.m. to 1:07 p.m.)
12	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: We will return to session.
13	I think it's probably best if I start with something
14	of an apology. I have a new respect for the term, I
15	was telling somebody, a new respect for the term
16	slippery slope.
17	The initial motion to substitute a phrase for
18	the term negligent seemed like such a good idea and so
19	clear that that seemed fine, and then let's put the
20	specific language in instead of the general seemed
21	like a good idea, and then it was all of a sudden now
22	that we have specific language and it says where it's
23	supposed to go doesn't work quite so well so we have
24	to start making changes, and I think it just proves
25	the need for the initial rules that we have, which I

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11-14-03 REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 1 will now endeavor to strictly enforce. If, in fact, you wanted to do something 2 3 that's more than just change a word to clarify, and even that so-so, but if it's more than that it's going 5 to have to be in writing and for everybody and 6 submitted in time to be considered. In other words, 7 if the rules are unacceptable, if their policies are unacceptable as drafted, vote against them. We will 8 9 end up with no position on that issue, but we can keep

on moving rather than we are not going to get into the heavy drafting of the rules or specifically not get into where things need to go.

In that spirit, though, a formal alternate proposal has been provided or is being provided, and it is before you in writing, as required, to deal with the issue that is still currently in front of us, the scope of rules, and I think Tom is going to offer that.

MR. ROMBACH: Tom Rombach from the 16th circuit. I rise to amend section (b) of the proposal. It essentially wipes out the first part of it. I have spoken over the recess to people that have addressed this at the microphone, and we are trying to reach a compromise, noting that it's a legislative process and noting that never makes everyone totally happy.

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That we haven't been able to do that in the past and we won't be able to do it in the future, but that I am suggesting, in fact I am moving in writing that we substitute in for (b) the language before you on the screen, I believe that's been handed out to everybody. It says Section 21 on the paper in front of you. I am actually amending that to Section 20. If you go back to the booklet that we kept from past meetings, the Standing Committee on Professionalism and Judicial Ethics, that book has in

11	it what the preamble and scope is. This is actually
12	going to go specifically under scope to Section 20.
13	Now, obviously as a legislative body we ought
14	not to be in the policy of drafting, but, again, in
15	this one specific instance, since the language invited
16	us to use language on here, and I hope that this is
17	going to be the exception to the rule and not the
18	rule, that this language that had previously been
19	proposed could both go under Section 20, I believe the
20	Ethics Committee will endeavor to do that, and also a
21	similar rule would be added that would hopefully reach
22	75 percent consensus so we could move on to more
23	weighty policy matters.
24	So at this time I am moving that, but, again, I
25	wouldn't ask that anybody else start drafting. This

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 is just for one specific instance I am trying to get 1 myself extricated from. 2 3 VOICE: Support. 4 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: There is a motion, there 5 is support. Is there any discussion? Seeing no discussion -- it is pointed out to me that this is 6 7 probably alternative (c) because there is a position 8 (b) that was voted down without -- with minority 9 positions that may need to get noted, so this is 10 position (c), but we will now take a vote. Section Page 81

11	rep1114.txt
11	20, Section 20 it should read.
12	We will now take a vote, we are on (a), and
13	then on this alternate proposal, which is now (c), and
14	then no position if you feel neither position is
15	acceptable and proceed with the remainder of the rules
16	as they are presented and written.
17	So all in favor of the original proposal,
18	option (a), adopting the model language, please rise.
19	I think we can probably proceed with a voice
20	vote then. All in favor of the proposal, proposal (c),
21	say aye.
22	That passed.
23	Which brings us to the 5 (c), the writing
24	requirement.
25	This rule goes to a number of different

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	sections. I think that's pretty clearly stated. Is
2	there a representative here from the Grievance
3	Committee who wishes to address?
4	And this was a minority opinion?
5	MR. ALLEN: It was. As your proposal is
6	written, and, again, we did not have these in front of
7	us, it appears to be one that speaks towards written
8	consent. I don't know whether that's intended to mear
9	that the client has to sign and indicate that consent.
10	I think what the proposal of the Ethics Committee the
11	Model Rules talk of is written confirmation of Page 82

12 consent. I don't believe they are intending to 13 require a signed consent by the client necessarily, 14 and in the current rules as they stand, I believe there are two instances where signed consent is 15 16 required. Those are retained. One has to do with business transaction of the client, and the other is 17 certain contingent fee agreements. 18 19 What is being suggested, I believe, by the ABA Model Rules is that in the seven instances that were 20 denominated on page 50 of the briefing book there 21 22 would be a necessity to have a writing confirming a 23 consent given by the client or of the parties, not 24 always a client who is consenting, a written confirmation of consent of that person or entity, 25

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 whomever it may be, in those various instances. That 1 would be a change from the present rules. 2 There was a minority of our committee who --3 4 first of all, the smallest minority thought there ought to be signatures by clients, the client or other 5 6 person ought to be required to sign. There was a lesser minority of the committee who thought that this 7 8 proposed rule and written confirmation presented certain potentials for danger in that it is 9 essentially an evidence requirement. It is not 10 required to be sent before the consent is given. It 11

ren1114.txt
rep1114.txt may be sent afterwards, and, therefore, the principal
purpose of it appears to be to create a piece of
evidence that substantiates that the informed consent
disclosure was given and that the consent by the
client came forth.

There would be a potential, we believe, for persons to use that evidentiary requirement as a reason why the rules have been violated and, therefore, the consent is not valid and to do that after the fact, after the lawyer had already relied upon an actual consent being given at least orally by the client and, therefore, that could be used once the consent is voided to make out a violation of the rules which would be usable in a civil action to oppose, for

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 instance, a collection of a fee or to assert a civil 2 liability. 3 It is not that we do not recommend that written confirmation might not be a good idea or a 4 5 fine practice but rather that it should not be required. A majority of the committee agreed with the 6 7 Ethics Committee and the ABA Model Rules and believed 8 that it should be adopted as the Ethics Committee has 9 proposed. Thank you. 10 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: And having just been noted that their majority agreed with you, does the Ethics 11 Committee wish to respond? 12

13	HON. ELWOOD BROWN: No.
14	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Any comments from sections
15	or committees?
16	Any comments from members of the Assembly?
17	MR. LARKY: Sheldon Larky, 6th circuit. On
18	page 51 we have to pick one or the other. I vote we
19	should have written consent. I particularly ask the
20	members of the Assembly to look at the handout that
21	was written by George Kemsley, and in there, the
22	second page near the bottom, both the Chicago Bar
23	Association and the Illinois State Bar formed a Joint
24	Task Committee and their opposition to having
25	confirmed in writing is found in the last couple

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 sentences. 2 I want you to imagine for a moment that you are sitting with a client during a heated conversation 3 and you give your client certain advice. If you do, 4 5 then you need confirmation in writing, you are going 6 to -- these negotiations are going on, and I can 7 foresee a situation where you can be involved with 8 multiple parties and have to pull your client out on a 9 regular basis and have to get something confirmed in 10 writing. This is good for us, but it's also bad. I 11 12 think what's written in the bottom here where it says,

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13	on the second page of the letter, Although written
14	conflict waivers are clearly desirable in many
15	situations, requiring written consent in every
16	situation as a matter of discipline is both
17	unnecessary and inappropriate. Often, the conflict
18	issues are clear, the affected clients understand the
19	issues, and the matter is uncomplicated. The need for
20	consent may arise unexpectedly and without notice in
21	the midst of a transaction or other matter. In such
22	cases, requiring a writing merely adds unnecessary
23	delay and expense, and elevates technicality over the
24	substantive question of whether consent was given.
25	Moreover, subjecting a lawyer to potential discipline,

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	disqualification, and malpractice liability for want
2	of a writing when it may be entirely clear that the
3	consent was in fact given is not reasonable.
4	I would urge that we as members of the
5	Assembly adopt the section (a). Thank you.
6	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Thank you.
7	MS. JAMIESON: Mr. Chairperson, Elizabeth
8	Jamieson on behalf of the 17th circuit. I speak in
9	favor of proposal (a), which is not requiring written
10	consent or notice. For clarification, this is not the
11	position set forth in the ABA Model Rules or that
12	proposed by the Ethics Committee. This is a position
13	of the current Michigan Rules. Page 86

14	The synopsis states that Ethics Committee
15	queries who would file a grievance if the client
16	provided consent. The Ethics Committee assumes that
17	if a client consents, regardless of the writing
18	requirement, the client would not file a grievance for
19	the failure to put the consent in writing.
20	First of all, this should not be the basis
21	for making a requirement, the violation of which
22	subjects a lawyer to potential sanctions. Second, I
23	believe that a minor isolated violation can and has
24	resulted in the filing of a grievance and potential
25	sanctions.

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1 Any time a client wants a concession from a 2 lawyer regarding anything -- discounted fees, 3 additional legal services, et cetera -- a client could use the writing requirement as a threat to obtain a 4 desired result. It is the unharmed, vindictive client 5 6 who will threaten a grievance as a tactical move 7 regardless of whether consent was provided merely on the basis that the lawyer did not obtain that consent 8 9 in writing. 10 We have had situations here in Michigan 11 involving a minor isolated violation. The Attorney Grievance Commission has filed a grievance, hearing 12 panel and Attorney Discipline Board indicated no 13

rep1114.txt 14 discipline was warranted and no sanctions were 15 recommended, yet the Supreme Court held that the mere violation of a rule regardless of harm constitutes 16 17 misconduct. 18 The rule should not become a bargaining chip 19 for unharmed clients and I, therefore, recommend that 20 the Assembly vote in favor of proposal (a), which does 21 not require written consent. 22 MR. ROTENBERG: Steven Rotenberg, 6th 23 circuit. I recommend voting for proposal (a) because, 24 as a practical matter, there are a lot of attorneys 25 who just don't have a lot of backup staff, and if we

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 were to be required to give written consent for 2 everything I think a lot of my clients and maybe some of your clients could no longer afford you because I 3 4 would be spending a lot more time drafting the 5 writings for the file than actually doing something substantive or useful for them, and I see this as a 6 7 liability if we would actually require that. That's 8 my opinion. 9 HON. ELWOOD BROWN: Mr. Chair, can I point 10 something out? And it may just be semantics, but from what I have heard so far, and John Allen pointed out 11 12 when he talked about his minority position that the Grievance Committee had, this doesn't require written 13 It requires consent to be confirmed in 14 consent. Page 88

15	writing, which means it doesn't have to be
16	contemporaneous, it can be after the point, and I have
17	heard people use the words written consent before you
18	act. It's not necessarily so. I just wanted to point
19	that out.
20	MS. FELDMAN: And it does not have to be
21	signed by the client.
22	MR. ROMBACH: Tom Rombach from the 16th
23	circuit. Noting that, I still have some serious
24	concerns, and I think that Judge Brown, particularly
25	having been prosecuting attorney up in St. Clair

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 County, would share those. I am still for (a), 2 practicing in a criminal environment, whether it's 3 subsequent or not. A lot of the grievances come through folks 4 that are incarcerated, and they don't have anything 5 else to do, so they are going to grieve their 6 attorney. Lo and behold, we are building in the fact 7 8 that we have to confirm in writing that they chose to plead guilty even though that the judge went through 9 10 each right that they may have. Some judges, I understand, do use written plea statements and then 11 12 have the client and their attorney sign off on them. A lot of the district court level don't. 13 14 If you are representing somebody in a

probation violation in which they may get sent to prison, lo and behold, it comes back that my attorney did this without my written consent or should I send something up to the U.P. and say, hey, did you consent indeed to do this, and they are saying no way. now that they have sent you a letter that reminds me that clown did a particularly bad job when he was

21 22 appointed on the spot, given five minutes he saw with 23 me, and sent me to prison for three years.

24 So I agree the highest intent of the law 25 would be to do these things in writing, but this is

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not going to be applied just to the nice environment 1 2 of civil law where I get to run a Dun & Bradstreet on 3 the person's background to see if they are worthy of my representation. The judge literally could pick me 4 5 out of being in the front row and say you are stuck 6 with this clown and if you get a grievance, here is the 75 bucks, fight about that for the next year. 7 8 So to me that alone, if you give me option (a) or option (b), I have to, so as not to put an onus 9 10 on the lawyers that I represent, that I have to say I 11 can't do this written thing, because it may be good in most environments of covering my butt, but a lot of 12 13 the times it's going to be flapping in the breeze anyways. Because you are going to require it, it's 14 going to be flapping in the breeze. 15 Page 90

16	I really appreciate the effort, the time, and
17	thought the Ethics Committee has put into it, but the
18	environment in which I practice, this is totally
19	impractical and I don't want to put myself in a sling
20	for future grievances, because that's what we are
21	doing with each and every one of these quasi criminal
22	rules that John Allen pointed out, so I speak
23	vehemently against (b) and I want to not require
24	lawyers written consent or provide written consent.
25	If they can't take my word on it, then I suffer the

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 consequences. Thank you. 2 MR. DUNN: I would like to note, however, that 3 this rule does not apply to Rule 1.4, which is communication with clients, which is the source of the 4 5 concern you are expressing. This rule applies to conflicts matters principally and virtually 6 exclusively. So the issues you raise are valid 7 8 issues, but this rule of confirmed in writing does not 9 have any impact on your issue. 10 VICE CHAIRPERSON JAMIESON: I acknowledge the speaker in the back of the room. 11 12 MR. BARTON: Bruce Barton, 4th circuit. I 13 guess I have to back up to what Tom Rombach just said. Regardless of intent, a blanket rule of any kind that 14 speaks to the idea that you have to have written 15

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16	confirmation of this type can be used against lawyers,
17	and I speak particularly to our handout materials and
18	to the first item here. It says, The lawyer is to
19	have in writing consent to a person's agreement to a
20	proposed course of conduct after the lawyer has
21	communicated information and explanation reasonably
22	adequate under the circumstances about the material
23	risks of and reasonably available alternatives to the
24	proposed course of conduct.
25	That doesn't say anything about conflict of

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1	interest, and I would suggest that going one step
2	further to what's inferred, what do I do in a criminal
3	trial when it's down to the time of the defense and
4	the defendant insists on taking the stand and I know
5	that's a bad move and he insists. What do I do? Say,
6	Stop it, Judge, I want this in writing? I don't think
7	so.
8	MS. JAMIESON: Thank you.
9	MR. LEVY: Dan Levy, 3rd circuit. I just
10	wanted to share an experience with you. I have been
11	dealing with these rules a little longer than some of
12	you, most of you, in preparing for this meeting and
13	sat through a lot of other meetings.
14	I would have risen in support of not
15	requiring writing when this process began. I want to
16	tell you why I would rise now, and it applies to a Page 92

17	bunch of the rules we are going to be considering. I
18	promise not to get up each and every time.
19	These are the Rules of Professional Conduct.
20	They are designed to protect us. They are designed to
21	protect the public. We are a self-regulating
22	industry. We would like to or profession. We
23	would like to stay that way. That requires that we
24	actually regulate ourselves.
25	If there are going to be rules, there are

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 going to be rules. The question is whether if you 2 have a potential conflict of interest you should get 3 something in writing from your client or at least 4 confirm it in writing with them after you have 5 discussed it. Simply it's not professional conduct not to. And if we are really concerned about the 6 7 aggravated, unhappy, disgruntled client later coming 8 back at us for not getting it in writing, that's not 9 what they are going to come back at you for. They are 10 not going to come back at you for not getting it in writing. They are going to come back at you because 11 you didn't get it writing and, therefore, they can 12 13 come after you for something real. 14 we have already indicated, we have already talked about the fact that we don't want these rules 15 16 to create independent causes of action. Potentially

17	rep1114.txt if you take the client with a serious conflict and
18	don't get it in writing they could bring a cause of
19	action. This writing protects you.
20	We have already indicated that we don't think
21	a simple act of negligence, a simple omission once in
22	a while should be disciplinable. The question is now
23	whether it's professional conduct to protect ourselves
24	and to protect the public to get such things in
25	writing, and I submit that we need to remember who it

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 is that we are trying to protect. It's not just 2 lawyers, it's not just a matter of we never want to be grieved for anything, it's a matter of what 3 4 professional conduct is, and I would just ask 5 everybody to take this into account as they consider this rule. 6 VICE CHAIRPERSON JAMIESON: Ethics Committee. 7 MR. DUNN: Yes, one more comment. The prior 8 9 speaker was reading from apparently a definition of informed consent in Mr. Kemsley's letter, but, again, 10 I want to point out that the requirement of confirmed 11 12 in writing appears only in the rules that pertain to conflicts. It doesn't appear anywhere else, 13 regardless of what the definition is. 14 15 I would also like to note that in the alternatives in front of the Assembly item (b), which 16 would be in favor of the rule as proposed, really is 17

18	somewhat misleading in that it states that it requires
19	lawyers to obtain written consent and to provide
20	notice.
21	The rule does not require written consent.
22	It only requires providing written notice, and when
23	this proposal is considered it ought to be considered
24	fairly that the words "written consent and" be stricker
25	from (h) and in fairness (a) as well

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MR. BERRY: Just for your information as you

2 are considering this, I think Tom's comment as it 3 extended to some other areas, probably very strong 4 comments, I think in reference to the conflict areas, 5 in the areas that I have particularly spent an 6 enormous amount of time, if you really look at these 7 rules where it's going to apply, they are very important limited areas of utmost importance that 8 there not be miscommunication and that it be made 9 10 clearly what's going on. 11 I think interestingly both the discipline counsel in this country and respondent's counsel, 12 surprisingly, the respondent's counsel is very much in 13 14 favor of this rule. In fact I have talked to a number 15 of them here and at national. The reasons that were enunciated by Dan, that it clarifies rather than hurts 16 17 those kinds of complaints coming in. That is not to

18	rep1114.txt minimize the fact that there can be times where it
19	would be abused by some people, but the overall
20	balance in the conflict area is an area which would be
21	more clarification than it would be
22	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Additional discussion.
23	MS. LIEM: Veronique Liem, 22nd circuit. I
24	just have a question. If we don't have written
25	consent we would still have the requirement of

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	informed consent, right? And so the answer is yes,
2	right?
3	And so why not leave it to the lawyer to use
4	his or her own judgment knowing that if they don't get
5	written consent there may be consequences because they
6	may not be able to prove they got informed consent,
7	but it shouldn't be a judgment or decision knowing if
8	we don't get it in writing we may be penalized for it
9	ultimately. That's my question.
10	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I don't know that it needs
11	a response, if it's a question or just argument.
12	HON. ELWOOD BROWN: I don't know if it's
13	really a question as opposed to a statement of
14	position, but I just point out again you don't have to
15	have written consent, you just have to confirm the
16	consent in writing. There is a distinction. It's an
17	important distinction.
18	MS. FELDMAN: There are instances in the law Page 96

19	which you all are aware of where writings are
20	necessary even if parties agree to something. Statute
21	of Frauds, for example, why would we have a Statute of
22	Frauds when the parties could just agree to anything
23	and we could just have a swearing contest every single
24	time there is a sale of real estate, et cetera,
25	et cetera.

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11-14-03 REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 1 So there are policy reasons for having a 2 written statement, and all this is is a written 3 confirmation. MS. JAMIESON: Elizabeth Jamieson, 17th 5 circuit. Speaking to the Statute of Frauds, I see the 6 difference between our rules and the Statute of Frauds 7 is that the Statute of Frauds provides that if the party admits that there is an agreement in writing, 8 9 then it's presumed. In our rules it doesn't matter 10 whether or not the party admits that something has 11 been -- whether or not there is consent. If it's not 12 in writing it is a violation of the rule, and that's the difference between the proposed rule and the 13 writing requirement and the Statute of Frauds. We 14 15 have no protection in our rules. VOICE: Call the question. 16 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I hear a motion to call 17 18 the question. The question before us is whether the

rep1114.txt rules should require it be in writing, (a), or not require it be in writing. I would offer that the key is as set forth in the rules, so that as the rules would say written notice versus written consent, it is what the rule says. This position here does not purport to change any of that. The question is whether or not in conflict areas there should be a

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 writing. I would ask that all in favor of position 2 (a) requiring that written consent be obtained --3 4 MS. FELDMAN: It's not written consent. CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I am sorry. Not require 5 that it be in writing, position (a), please rise. 6 7 I think we can probably do this by voice 8 vote. All those in favor of position (a) not 9 requiring, please say aye. 10 All opposed. 11 The (a)'s have it. 12 I am sorry. All in favor of (b), please say 13 aye. The (a)'s have it. 14 15 MR. ROMANO: Do we have 25 percent minorities? 16 17 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: It was the opinion of the 18 chair that we were not close to 25 percent, so I didn't call for a headcount. If somebody wants to 19

20	move we can, but I don't think we were.
21	Which brings us to informed consent, (5)(d)
22	on the agenda. I am thinking maybe it makes most
23	sense if we start with the Ethics Committee to explain
24	why it is that they propose requiring informed
25	consent.

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because I was day dreaming here as you were asking the question, but as I understand, your question is what is the reason to have informed consent? I think from a practical standpoint the definition of informed consent is nothing more than what is the definition or the manner in which the word consent would be interpreted in a proceeding as to whether or not consent was actually given, because consent means nothing unless it's informed consent. And the current rule from the practical standpoint, consent after consultation. The definition that we have presented is nothing more than what has been used in many legal contexts anyway. I believe that from a professional disciplinary position that if you get into an issue of failure to give consent it's really going to be an issue of failure to give informed consent, because, as I indicated before, simply to say my client or whoever

HON. ELWOOD BROWN: I think -- I apologize

20	rep1114.txt consented to this means nothing unless he or she were
21	given the full explanation of what they were
22	consenting to and, therefore, it's the recommendation
23	that informed consent be the benchmark as defined.
24	MS. FELDMAN: I just want to add real
25	quickly. This is the ABA's proposal that we basically

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 have gone along with. That was debated and decided 2 and in the spirit of trying to keep as much as we thought appropriate from the ABA Models. We thought 3 this was not a real substantive change to what we 5 already had, consent after consultation, and considering that this verbiage, informed consent, is 6 7 in a variety of rules and to keep it consistent with 8 the ABA and so that we could look to ABA ethics 9 opinions and other opinions throughout the country 10 that have the same language, this to us was a better approach, not substantively changing what we already 11 12 have, otherwise it is going to require changing a 13 variety of rules and will make it appear that we are different when in fact we don't believe there is a 14 real difference. 15 16 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I am sorry, are there positions from the sections, committees, and Bar 17 entities? 18 MR. ALLEN: John Allen, chair of the Special 19 Committee on Grievance. A minority of our committee 20 Page 100

21	expressed concern about certain aspects of the
22	application of the informed consent rule. Informed
23	consent sounds nice. It's very gentle, it's warm,
24	it's fuzzy. When we look at the comments which are on
25	page 61 of your briefing book, the commentary to the

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 rules say that this informed consent must be 2 reasonably adequate, it must include an explanation about the material risks and reasonably available 3 alternatives. 5 It also says, if you look down at the bottom of that page, nevertheless, a lawyer who does not 6 7 personally inform the client, and this refers to even 8 facts of which the client might already be aware, 9 nevertheless, a lawyer who does not personally inform 10 the client or other person assumes the risk that the client is inadequately informed and the consent is 11 invalid. 12 13 That is a blueprint for attacking consents that are plainly given. Even in crowds someone can 14 15 stand on a stage in an auditorium and give consent and yet come back afterwards and say the degree of 16 17 information they had, the number of material risks, the number of available alternatives was not complete. 18 There is no cookbook method to doing this. 19 20 There is no form that has been preapproved as a safe

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21 harbor. It is something that it must be done in each
22 individual instance, and in at least 5 of the 12
23 instances it must be to a person who is not your
24 client. Sometimes it's a person who will be the

opponent, for instance a former client under 1.9.

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It can be participants in ADR when you are the mediator or arbitrator. It can be a prospective client under 1.16, and yet it is your duty in those circumstances to give that person advice, in effect, that these are the material risks, these are the various alternatives available to you. I received an additional piece, Mr. Chairman, that had two other alternatives on it -- Elizabeth is going to bring that up -- and I think that is important also to consider a distinction between giving informed consent to persons who are clients and whether the same rules should apply in giving informed consent advice to people who are not clients. CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I will put it bluntly, what did the majority of your committee respond? MR. ALLEN: Again, we did not have these alternatives before us when we spoke. The majority of the committee responded that they would agree with the proposal by the Ethics Committee in the form it was made.

HON. ELWOOD BROWN: Mr. Chair, if I could Page 102

CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Please.

point out one thing.

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24	HON. ELWOOD BROWN	: Many of the concerns
25	stated by Mr. Allen, I thi	nk, are addressed in the
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1	phrase reasonably adequate	under the circumstances.
2	As the circumstances chang	ge, of course, that changes
3	the meaning of things. I	think the reasonably
4	adequate under the circums	stances accounts for the
5	concern that not every pos	sibility was covered before
6	consent was given. Every	possibility, it may not be
7	reasonably accurate under	the circumstances. Only
8	that which is necessary.	
9	MR. ALLEN: I WOU	ıld grant, Mr. Chair, that many
10	people will find comfort i	n the terms reasonably
11	adequate, but other person	ns will not.
12	CHAIRPERSON LEVY:	But the majority of your
13	committee did. I guess my	point is that the
14	privileges of the floor ar	re granted to committee's
15	representatives to speak o	on behalf of the committee
16	and section. I would just	ask that the majority be
17	given as much attention as	the minority report.
18	MR. ALLEN: It wa	as not my intent to slight
19	that. I thought that it w	ould be well covered by
20	other representatives here	e, including those from the
21	Ethics Committee, but I wi	11 be glad to do both.

22	rep1114.txt CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Thank you. Other
23	committees or sections?
24	MS. JAMIESON: I bet none of you thought you
25	would hear from me this much today. I don't think I

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11-14-03 REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY have ever spoken to the Assembly as much as I have today, but I feel very strongly about the importance of these rules, and I spent a lot of time reviewing the language as proposed in the rules from the Ethics Committee, and I have submitted an alternate proposal with regard to informed consent. Nancy, do you have (c) and (d) up? All of you have at your seats the written alternate proposal with a clarification of the issue which I think is very, very important. John Allen just mentioned it, and the real issue here is whether or not a lawyer should be required to obtain informed consent, and, if so, from a person who is not at that time a client of the lawyer. Informed consent appears in a lot of different rules, and under the synopsis I point out the fact that informed consent would apply to three

different types of people, to someone who is not a client of the lawyer at the time consent would be required, from someone who is a client but not represented by the lawyer in the matter for which consent would be required, and third, from someone who Page 104

23	is a client represented by the lawyer in the matter
24	for which consent would be required.
25	I believe that informed consent is

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 appropriate for those rules where you are obtaining it 2 from someone who is a client represented by the lawyer in the matter for which consent would be required. 3 Proposed Rules 1.4, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.10 and 4 2.3 all deal with someone who is a client. Rules 1.9 5 deals with former clients, 1.11 deals with former or 6 7 current government officers, 1.12 deals with former 8 judges, mediators, and 1.18 deals with prospective 9 clients that aren't even yours. 10 Therefore, my alternate proposal further defines where informed consent would be required, and 11 12 proposal (c) talks about using informed consent only from someone who is a client represented by the lawyer 13 14 in the matter for which consent would be required and in all other situations disclosure and consent would 15 be required. 16 The next option is (d), which is define the 17 term informed consent and requiring it only from 18 19 someone who is a client of the lawyer at the time 20 consent would be required. I believe that either (c) or (d) are better 21 22 options than (a) or (b) and, therefore, I propose

- those as alternate positions of the State Bar.
- 24 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: And the alternate position
- 25 would be treated as a motion to amend to add option

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- 1 (c) or (d), so is there a second?
- 2 VOICE: Support.
- 3 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Does the committee want to
- 4 respond to the --
- 5 HON. ELWOOD BROWN: I am not certain that I
- 6 understand the difference between informed consent and
- 7 disclosure and consent. It seems to me that if you
- 8 are disclosing all of the facts necessary or
- 9 reasonably adequate under the circumstances that you
- 10 have given informed consent, you are getting informed
- 11 concept. So unless there is some definitional
- 12 distinction between those two, I am not certain it
- does.
- 14 MS. JAMIESON: In response, my understanding
- of informed consent is pretty much giving advice, and
- so what some of these rules would require attorneys to
- do is pretty much give advice to people who are not
- their clients, and in those situations I am saying I
- 19 don't think it's appropriate. I don't think lawyers
- 20 should be obligated to give advice to a prospective
- client, to somebody who is a client on a totally
- 22 different, unrelated matter. I don't think they
- 23 should have to get informed consent with regard to Page 106

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24	those	าทฝาง	/ıdua	IS.

25 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: The proposals are not

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 intended to redefine or to adjust the definition of 2 informed consent, only to who it's required? 3 MS. JAMIESON: Exactly, and these proposal 4 specifically say that it's either required from a 5 person who is a client represented by the lawyer in the matter for which consent would be required or from 6 someone who is a client of the lawyer at the time consent would be required, which is a little bit 8 9 broader. So either it's real specific -- I think (c) is 10 better, but I am okay with either (c) or (d). HON. ELWOOD BROWN: I would simply point out 11 12 that some of these rules, for example 1.9 which you are dealing with a former client, it's with 13 confidentiality, conflicts of interest, and even 14 though that person is not a client now, you may have 15 16 come, because of your representation, you may have come into possession of some information which would 17 18 require, before you are able to use that, the consent of the client who used to be your client even though 19 20 not now your client and, therefore, that should be, in 21 my view should be an informed consent, not just saying, not just a disclosure and consent, if there is 22 23 some distinction between the two, and that's just one

24	rule	in	which	you	are	not	currently	representing	the
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25 individual, but because you had represented the

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	individual and on the basis of that representation
2	acquired certain information which is now in potential
3	conflict in your current representation, you still owe
4	a duty to that former client not to disclose that
5	information, and that creates a problem if you don't
6	have informed consent.
7	MS. FELDMAN: I would also caution the
8	Assembly that if you are going to have a rule that
9	says disclosure and consent, you are then going to
10	have to have some definition so that someone could
11	distinguish between the two, and I think that's going
12	to be tough to do.
13	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Comments as to the
14	proposed amendment to add options (c) and (d) to our
15	list of choices.
16	MS. JAMIESON: It's been accepted. They can
17	vote on (a), (b), (c), or (d) pursuant to our rule, so
18	call the question.
19	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: So the question, I guess,
20	is called on (a), (b), (c), and (d). I am told that
21	the rules provide for it being accepted if it's
22	informed.
23	All those in favor of option (a), define the
24	term informed consent required by client's consent is Page 108

required, that wherever it's required that it be

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1	informed consent, please rise.
2	MS. FELDMAN: Is that the Ethics Committee?
3	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: This would be the Ethics
4	Committee proposal.
5	VOICE: Could they highlight the one we are
6	voting on.
7	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Highlight the one we are
8	voting on. Option (a) is the one recommended by the
9	Ethics Committee.
10	Thank you. All those in favor of option (b)
11	which is deleting the informed consent requirement
12	entirely, please rise.
13	Thank you. All in favor of what is option
14	(c), define only as where represented by the lawyer in
15	the matter, please rise.
16	MR. HAROUTUNIAN: Point of order. Ed
17	Haroutunian from the 6th circuit. Can you only vote
18	on one?
19	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: You can only vote on one,
20	correct.
21	Thank you. And option (d).
22	Thank you very much. There is no majority,
23	but several minority positions that will be reported
24	out. (A) received 31 votes, (b) received 27 votes

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	votes and (d) received four votes.
2	MS. JAMIESON: So the Assembly has two
3	minority votes.
4	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Agenda item 5(e).
5	MR. ROMBACH: Mr. Chair, if I may ask, since
6	we added a (c) and (d), in all the other votes we have
7	had an opportunity to go yes or no or something in the
8	alternative, and this time what happened this goes
9	to Mr. Haroutunian's point I believe that if they
10	knew their option was going to get gunned down from
11	the beginning that they would rather express a more
12	stronger position towards one of the ones that were
13	catching votes. So, again, you didn't in all the
14	other ones we have had kind of a yes or no
15	alternative. This time you gave us four different
16	options. If I knew mine was in a distinct minority
17	I would rather throw my weight behind something that I
18	like amongst the other two.
19	Perhaps, I would suggest, particularly for
20	the one that only had one vote raised, perhaps he
21	would want to select another one. So, again, I don't
22	know how you logistically do that, but in fairness to
23	the people that have distinct minority positions,
24	perhaps they would want to speak to that, perhaps we

could address that concern.

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MS. JAMIESON: Tom, we had 13 for (c) and
four for (d).
MR. ROMBACH: Well, what I am saying is that
if you have (c) or (d) perhaps if somebody could
formulate some concern that we could throw those votes
into something else if they wanted a second
alternative for those people voting on (c) or (d).
CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I am going to have to
the rules were proposed and adopted. They didn't
provide for that. I don't think we can change at this
late date. I don't want to start opening doors again.
MR. ROMBACH: When the rules were formulated
they didn't anticipate either a yes or no in the other
matters. Now we have added a (c) or (d) in
writing from the floor. I am just throwing it out
there.
CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I think we will report all
four positions and the court will have to read between
the lines.
MR. ROMBACH: Thank you very much.
MR. CHADWICK: Tom Chadwick from the 8th
circuit. I move we reconsider the vote on informed
consent.
MR. ROMBACH: If he is voting a minority, you
have to take a vote on that.

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Is there a second?
2	VOICE: Support.
3	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: There is a second. There
4	is no debate. It is a majority vote.
5	All in favor of reconsidering the last vote
6	on informed consent I am sorry, there is debate?
7	There is debate.
8	VOICE: Call the question.
9	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: And the question has been
10	called. Debate is closed.
11	All in favor of
12	MR. ROMBACH: I object to the question being
13	called. Unless that's unanimous, then you have got to
14	let people speak. Thank you.
15	Again, this is goes to my alternative.
16	Again, I wanted the chair to
17	VOICE: Use the mike.
18	MR. ROMBACH: This goes to my alternative.
19	Basically, by definition, to have a motion for
20	reconsideration you have to vote in the minority, and
21	we didn't really have a distinct minority, so if the
22	gentleman stood up voting in one of the, like the (c)
23	or (d) sections, again, I would say that if we could
24	consider throwing out (c) or (d) and having the first
25	(a) or (b), and that's no insult to Elizabeth's

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	position, but at least we send a signal that generally
2	we favor informed consent or generally we don't favor
3	informed consent and leave it to the greater minds of
4	the Supreme Court to determine how they are going to
5	look at it anyway. We can only specifically go back
6	and revisit that once we get a determination made by
7	them and suggested to this body.
8	So, again, I would move at this point
9	again, I am just urging I can urge what to vote on
10	and I am urging to vote on either (a) or (b) in the
11	motion to reconsider and basically shell (c) and (d).
12	I can do that.
13	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: My parliamentarian is
14	instructing me that the motion has to be, the initial
15	motion to reconsider has to be made by somebody who,
16	fact, voted in the majority the first time, and there
17	was no majority.
18	MR. ROMBACH: Normally, under the typical
19	rules of parliamentary procedure, you have to have a
20	majority for an action to pass, so if you are saying
21	nothing passed, nothing gets moved on, then I agree
22	with that.
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: We had no majority, it was
24	only minority reports.
25	MR. ROMBACH: I understand. But we are stil

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	moving an action forward by our rules, so I would
2	suggest by moving an action forward that is
3	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: The Bar has no position.
4	The Bar currently has no position. It has two
5	minority reports.
6	MR. ROMBACH: Okay. So we basically can't
7	recast this vote. Again I defer. I am the one that
8	pointed out that he has to be in the majority. That's
9	why I asked before for my definition. So if that's
10	the ruling of the Chair, I respect the Chair's
11	prerogative. Thank you.
12	MR. ROMANO: Is there or is there not a
13	motion to reconsider?
14	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: There is no motion to
15	reconsider on the floor because it's not a proper
16	motion.
17	MR. NEUMARK: Fred Neumark, 6th circuit. I
18	am going to need clarification of this, because I
19	don't understand why we can't reconsider something
20	that we voted on where there was no majority because
21	two of the four proposals were presented to create a
22	situation where there wouldn't have been a majority
23	simply because you had four things to vote on and a
24	majority might not have been obtained.
25	I think here, and I want to back up

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	Mr. Rombach's position, we need to present a solid
2	front to the Supreme Court. I think to come up with a
3	wishy-washy idea, well, there was no majority, but
4	where in actuality there probably is a majority, and
5	we can speak stronger, and to say that it can't be
6	done because the rule says that a majority where a
7	majority cannot be obtained has to be obtained for
8	reconsideration. I would ask that we reconsider the
9	prior vote.
10	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Would you call that a
11	motion to suspend the rules to allow for
12	reconsideration?
13	MR. NEUMARK: Okay. Let's call it a motion
14	to suspend the rules.
15	VOICE: Second.
16	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: No discussion. That does
17	take a two-thirds majority. A motion to suspend the
18	rules is on the floor. All in favor.
19	Any opposed.
20	That was two thirds.
21	We are reconsidering the motion. If I
22	understand correctly, there is now, somebody is making
23	a motion to reconsider it or reconsider it with only
24	items (a) and (b) present?
25	MR. NEUMARK: Since I am at the mike, I will

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	make that motion.
2	VOICE: Second.
3	VOICE: Call the question.
4	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: We are now calling the
5	question on the matter as it originally appeared with
6	options (a) and (b).
7	And all in favor of voting for item, for (a),
8	which requires that wherever consent is required it be
9	informed consent, please rise.
10	Thank you. All in favor of item (b), please
11	rise.
12	Thank you. Anybody not voting? Anybody not
13	voting, please stand.
14	So there is a majority for (a).
15	MR. BARTON: Mr. Chairman.
16	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: There will be a minority
17	report, but there is a majority.
18	MR. BARTON: I am one of those who didn't
19	vote, and my reason simply is this, I do not like the
20	definition of informed consent and really neither one
21	of those proposed rules addressed that. I believe
22	there should be informed consent, but I think the
23	definition is too stringent, and that's why I didn't
24	vote on any of the proposals. It simply does not fit
25	what I think should be in the rules.

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Thank you.
2	Moving on to item 5(e) dealing with Rule 4.2.
3	We received a letter from the U.S. Attorney
4	MR. ABEL: Mr. Chair, can you tell us what
5	the vote total was on that last vote, please.
6	VICE CHAIRPERSON JAMIESON: Forty-four is
7	majority opinion for (a), 35 in favor of (b), and that
8	qualifies for a minority opinion. So the Assembly's
9	position will be majority (a), minority (b).
10	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: You will just do anything
11	to keep us from getting to 4.2.
12	Rule 4.2, communications with represented
13	persons. We did receive communications from the U.S.
14	Attorney's Office. Is there anybody here representing
15	them? Would you like to speak?
16	MS. MCQUADE: Yes, I would. Barbara McQuade
17	from the 3rd circuit. I am asking that you support
18	proposal (a), that the rule not be amended to change
19	represented party to represented person, or in the
20	alternative if that is approved then that instead a
21	law enforcement exception be recognized to the extent
22	that civil practitioners think this is an important
23	change, and let me explain why.
24	As stated in the letter from Jeff Collins, it
25	would have a significant impact on law enforcement and

REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 on the way cases are investigated. 2 At the U.S. Attorney's Office we investigate 3 criminal enterprises. We investigate environmental crimes, organized crime, civil rights violations and 4 5 public corruption by using Grand Juries. We issue Grand Jury subpoenaes to witnesses and for documents. 6 7 And oftentimes what happens is the person who receives 8 that tips off the target, so I just want to let you 9 know I got a federal Grand Jury subpoena asking me 10 about this. So suddenly you get a phone call from the 11 lawyer who says I just want to let you know I represent the target, Al Capone, chief of police, 12 13 whoever it is, and just want to let you know that. 14 Although no charges have yet been filed, now that he is a represented person instead of a represented 15 party, we can't have any contact with him. 16 17 I as a lawyer don't want contact with him, 18 but because the rules say that my agents act for me I 19 can't use an undercover agent or an informant, I can't 20 get wire taps, I can't use concentual monitoring, and 21 these are all law enforcement tools that have long 22 been recognized and supported by the U.S. Supreme 23 Court. So making this change from law enforcement 24

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will eliminate those investigative tools for

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	enterprise investigations and it will have a
2	significant impact on the way we work.
3	Now, there is an exception you see in the
4	rule. In an attempt to address this issue, they have
5	included a number of exceptions, one by contacting the
6	other lawyer and asking for permission. Obviously
7	that wouldn't work in this situation. One is for a
8	court order, which sounds good, you know, if the court
9	says it's okay you can do it, but, of course, as we
10	all know, courts can only decide matters when there is
11	a case or controversy, so before charges are filed
12	there is no case or controversy, so as a practical
13	matter you could never get that court order.
14	The final exception is where otherwise
15	authorized by law, but because in the state of
16	Michigan this has not ever been the law, it's never
17	been litigated, so it's not authorized by law within
18	the state of Michigan.
19	So the efforts to achieve this exception from
20	law enforcement aren't going to work in practice.
21	CLERK BUITEWEG: 30 seconds.
22	MS. MCQUADE: So I urge you to either vote in
23	favor of (a), that the change not be made to parties
24	and instead, or if it is, to adopt (a) with the law
25	enforcement exception. Let me just say the Michigan

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	and U.S. Constitutions would prohibit any contact with
2	a represented party after charges are filed. So once
3	someone is indicted you couldn't conduct even these
4	undercover activities. So, therefore, I urge you to
5	vote in that way. Thank you.
6	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Ethics was the only
7	written comment. Did they want to respond at this
8	point?
9	MS. FELDMAN: The only thing I would point
10	out is there was an additional written comment, I
11	believe, that was passed out from Miriam Siefer from
12	the Federal Defender's Office in support of the
13	proposed rule.
14	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: That is correct, I forgot
15	about the additional one. Is somebody here
16	representing the Federal Defender's Office? But I
17	would encourage people to consult with that and to
18	look that over.
19	Opinions from the membership.
20	MR. LARKY: Mr. Chairman, Sheldon Larky, 6th
21	circuit.
22	I think we should adopt (b). When you read
23	Miriam Siefer's comments, I think the second page
24	where she says government lawyers and law enforcement
25	officials should be held to ethical standards at least

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	as high as those which all other lawyers are subject.
2	Lessening the responsibility of prosecutors, at a time
3	when law enforcement resources are rapidly growing by
4	rewriting the rules for their convenience and placing
5	the core values preserved by the rule is not
6	necessary.
7	I believe that (b) gives the protection to
8	all the individuals within our community, within our
9	country, within our state. I believe that by changing
10	this from parties to persons we protect every
11	individual right, and I believe we should adopt (b).
12	VICE CHAIRPERSON JAMIESON: Thank you,
13	Mr. Larky.
14	MR. ELKINS: Michael Elkins, 6th circuit.
15	For those of us who do any criminal law I think
16	realize that, once again, the U.S. Attorney's Office
17	is being disingenuous. I strongly support (b).
18	The U.S. Attorney, as all law enforcement
19	offices, controls when an indictment is filed or
20	sought but when a charging document is brought. In
21	other words, they say when you are a party. They know
22	the people are represented by counsel. As (a) would
23	be, they could go and hold their indictment or hold
24	their charge and take that person without counsel and

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have a discussion. Simply to do it that pesky old

rep1114.txt REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 Sixth Amendment. I think it's absurd to suggest we 2 should be a part of this situation where we allow one 3 of the parties in the litigation to go against the Sixth amendment. 4 5 To say that you can't get a court order to speak to someone because there is not a case in 6 7 controversy I think precludes the concept of taking a warrant when there is no case in controversy. Quite 8 9 simply, the courts can authorize a contact if they 10 wish to do that. There is not a burden upon the prosecution. Accordingly, to protect our rights I 11 12 recommend strongly that we support (b). 13 VICE CHAIRPERSON JAMIESON: Thank you. Mr. Chairman. 14 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Dan Levy, 3rd circuit. I 15 16 promise this is the last time I will be today at a microphone other than upfront, but this rule, as a 17 former county prosecutor and as a current assistant 18 19

microphone other than upfront, but this rule, as a former county prosecutor and as a current assistant attorney general, is enormously important to me, and I think that if you at all favor the change that's contemplated in the first of these two proposals, that is changing the definition in civil cases from persons to parties, that it is imperative that we create a law enforcement exception or we will lose the whole thing.

The notion that we are somehow repealing the

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Sixth Amendment or repealing the Fifth Amendment by passing a rule of ethical confines is simply silly.

The prosecutors are and will continue to be bound by the constitutional provisions.

Two things though come, two instances, two everyday occurrences come to my mind though that I just think are extremely striking. One, I currently work at a tax unit. It is constituted normally with detectives from the State Police who are new to detective work. This is their first assignment out of uniform as a detective. They come to us for advice. Unlike the U.S. Attorney's Office, there is no way that anybody could win an argument that they work for us otherwise. So as long as they don't come to us for advice they are free to go and talk to people without respect to this rule.

The only question is whether we want them to go to counsel and consult and make decisions that conform to the constitutional provisions, that conform to common sense, that put those brakes on and make them think twice before they do things, and that can only happen if they are permitted to get our opinions without us being mandated to tell them that they are not allowed to do it.

25 The other one is I used to prosecute gang

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1	rep1114.txt drug cases. I was talking to somebody before
2	CLERK BUITEWEG: 30 seconds.
3	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: about young boys. But
4	think about vice lords. They arrest somebody on a
5	street corner selling crack cocaine. The vice lord
6	had, the person we were targeting had an attorney that
7	represented the organization. Are we really going to
8	tell law enforcement, are we really going to tell the
9	prosecutors that they can't allow the person on the
10	street corner until they get an attorney appointed by
11	the court to cooperate in the investigation, that they
12	don't have that right, they have to get the attorney
13	that the head of vice lords is paying for to represent
14	them. That's what this rule requires.
15	VICE CHAIRPERSON JAMIESON: Thank you.
16	MR. AMECHE: Brian Ameche, 29th circuit. I
17	also prosecute for a living, and I do it at the local
18	level, which means that most of our police officers
19	don't work for me and aren't answerable to me, and if
20	anyone is a prosecutor at the local level knows what
21	the State Police can be like, that can be a little
22	difficult. They will do what they want to do.
23	I am reminded about Tom Rombach's statements

about grievances. We get grieved fairly regularly,

and I can see grievances coming out of the woodwork

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2	consulting attorneys but are writing the grievances on
3	their own, filing them that an officer talked to them.
4	The other problem I have with this is that it
5	was originally designed for the civil world. I think
6	it's a very useful tool, but in the criminal world
7	what it will do is prevent officers from talking to
8	someone who, for instance, is already charged in
9	another incident, already has an attorney, is out on
10	bond, and is found at a crime scene or involved in a
11	crime scene. They know he is represented. In a small
12	county like ours they probably arrested him to begin
13	with, but now they can't deal with him because he is a
14	represented person, and they know that.
15	The other issue I have is that generally ABA
16	Model Rules are written in a vacuum. There is no
17	physical jurisdiction where the ABA has control, no
18	real people's lives are affected by this, and the
19	question that I have of the committee is we know two
20	states that have passed this law enforcement
21	exceptions. What states have passed this without
22	those exceptions? What states have passed the ABA
23	rules as written?
24	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I don't have that
25	information. Does the Ethics Committee?

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2	rep1114.txt MR. AMECHE: I think the current make-up of
3	the Supreme Court being what it is, this is very
4	unlikely that it would come about the way that it's
5	being proposed. I think we run the risk of looking
6	fairly foolish by passing this one.
7	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: President-Elect.
8	MS. DIEHL: Nancy Diehl, 3rd circuit. I am a
9	prosecutor too, though sometimes people wonder if I am
10	a real prosecutor, and I say that because oftentimes
11	I stand apart from my colleagues on a number of bills,
12	legislation, and other things that are put forward.
13	I will say this, I am on the record, I am a
14	proud member of the ACLU. However, today I stand with
15	my colleagues. This is a bad rule change. It is not
16	needed. It would cause law enforcement way too many
17	problems.
18	We always have to judge what kind of
19	intrusion, what are we doing to people's individual
20	rights versus public safety, and this is one of those
21	situations. This is just a bad rule. It works fine
22	as it is. We are not going to talk to someone if they
23	are a party, if they are represented, but law
24	enforcement needs to talk to witnesses. We need to do
25	that.

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY

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11	_	14-	u	-

We cannot allow the lawyer to leave a list of 1 clients at the police station so that when they are Page 1262

3	picked up we cannot speak to them. It is not right
4	for a lawyer to call the station when we are talking
5	to some witness to say I represent him so we no longer
6	can speak to him or give that person an opportunity to
7	work with us that in the long run would be to their
8	benefit.
9	We cannot allow the drug king pin to insulate
10	all of his underlings, his mules, his dealers, and
11	everyone else. This rule would be a big mistake. I
12	urge you not to amend the rule.
13	MR. BARTON: Bruce Barton, 4th circuit. I
14	speak as a former prosecutor and now a defense
15	attorney. I am speaking in favor of item (b).
16	However, we are here, I am afraid, and this is why I
17	abstained from a previous matter, what we have in
18	front of us is not what I understood we were going to
19	vote on. I understood from previous materials that it
20	was to be an amendment which would not allow law
21	enforcement or not allow prosecutors or attorneys to
22	speak to persons represented in that particular
23	matter.
24	I just heard one of the prosecutors talk
25	about not being able to talk to somebody because they
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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY	11-14-03
1	are represented in another r	matter. This rule we have
2	in front of us is not what I	I thought we were going to
	Page 127	

3	vote on.
4	I speak in favor of, however, the amendment
5	that says that lawyers and their representatives
6	cannot speak to persons who are represented, and I
7	have to say in that matter, you may remember, and I
8	don't remember from the case law whether he was
9	actually charged yet or not, I don't think he was, but
10	I don't remember, but you may have heard of somebody
11	named Danny Escobedo, Escobedo versus the United
12	States, the original case relative to interrogation,
13	and, by the way, that's what we are talking about. We
14	are not talking about questioning. The case law, the
15	college professors, the people who teach criminal
16	justice call it interrogation, and we are talking
17	about interrogation of a defense lawyer's clients, and
18	I thought in the matter in which he, that attorney
19	represents him. That's not here.
20	CLERK BUITEWEG: 30 seconds.
21	MR. BARTON: Okay. I go the one step further
22	then, I speak in favor of proposal (b). My
23	understanding is that it was in matters in which the
24	attorney represents him, and I suggest that pulling
25	somebody off the street, he asks for his lawyer, he

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY	11-14-03
1	doesn't have to get his	lawyer because he is not, he
2	is not yet charged, I s	uggest that that should not
3	happen.	120

4	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I just want to ask the
5	Ethics Committee if the rule is so restrictive.
6	MR. DUNN: The words "in the matter" do appear
7	in the rule, so the rule is restrictive.
8	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: The words "in the matter" do
9	appear? Would that, in the drug gang, apply to drug
10	dealing then? I mean, is in the matter defined?
11	HON. ELWOOD BROWN: Yes. In the example that
12	you gave from your statements, Mr. Chairman, if the
13	person is, if you are investigating that matter for
14	which the person has representation you must not talk,
15	speak to that individual as it relates to that
16	investigation, because that's for which you have been
17	notified they represent them.
18	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: And that would apply to
19	any member of an organization?
20	HON. ELWOOD BROWN: No, you are talking about
21	individuals, not organizations. If you had a
22	situation where an organization had a lawyer and he
23	indicated to you as a law enforcement individual or
24	prosecutor that he was representing this person in
25	that matter, then that applies, not that he was

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	representing the organization, unless you are going
2	after an organization.
3	MR. ROTENBERG: Steven Rotenberg, 6th
	Page 129

4	rep1114.txt circuit. I am in favor of proposal (b) because I
5	would take the reading of it to be transactional. If
6	you find somebody at another crime scene I think it
7	would be up to them to show that there was some
8	relationship back to the original representation with
9	that, if there was an objection to it being
10	approached. At the same time I also sometimes wonder
11	when the prosecutors, law enforcement get up and say
12	that they need this tool or that tool that it's really
13	a matter of lazy prosecutors who want an unbalanced
14	field.
15	MR. SPADA: Robert Spada, 3rd circuit. I am

MR. SPADA: Robert Spada, 3rd circuit. I am a Wayne County prosecutor. I am a prosecutor. I am urging you to vote (a). I personally right now run a drug forfeiture unit, and I have had the situation where attorneys have come in and filed appearances on investigations where we have been looking at seizing assets and drug cartels and that type of situation. They come in and say I am representing everybody. At that point if we would adopt this as it is, we would not be able to talk to anybody nor find out what is going on.

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 Also, the use of investigative subpoenaes at a state level, at a county level. We have had situations where at a crime scene a witness we want to put under investigative subpoena because we think he

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5	is going to flip once we talk to the defendant. At
6	that point we will have defense attorneys coming in
7	and saying, Listen, I am representing him also, so we
8	will not get locked in testimony from individuals that
9	are witnesses if we adopt it as it is now, as it is
10	proposed. So I urge you to vote down (a).
11	MR. BROOKS: I am J. Dee Brooks from the 42nd
12	circuit, and I am one of those lazy prosecutors here
13	speaking in support of proposal (a) or the alternative
14	(a).
15	I agree that prosecutors and government
16	attorneys and officials should be held to the highest
17	standard of ethics, and I believe that we are and will
18	continue to be so. We have the full protections of
19	all the Bill of Rights. Those are all good, those are
20	all known for good reasons, and they will remain in
21	place.
22	What you are proposing here is an unnecessary
23	and complicated burdens that will complicate numerous
24	other cases and legitimate law enforcement
25	investigation with prosecutions. There are all kinds

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03	
1	of protections in place, and, again, those are good	
2	protections. No one is proposing that we do away wit	tŀ
3	any of those in any respect, but this is unnecessary	,
4	it's overly cumbersome and complicated, and I urge yo	οι

	rep1114.txt
5	to vote against the proposals.
6	MR. BUCHANAN: My name is Rob Buchanan. I am
7	from the 17th circuit. I am responding to this as it
8	applies to civil practice. Most of my practice is
9	larger personal injury cases, but I am supporting
10	proposal (b), a broader definition of persons.
11	Sometimes we see that there are less
12	scrupulous lawyers out there who try to solicit our
13	clients away from us in larger cases, and I think that
14	the protection that the ABA proposes is it prevents
15	that or at least dissuades lawyers from doing that.
16	They try to apply the current 4.2 to say only if I am
17	a lawyer in that litigation am I precluded from
18	talking to your client, but if I am an outsider not
19	yet involved I can talk to your client. So it's for
20	that reason that I think the broader definition the
21	ABA proposes is a better rule.
22	MS. JAMIESON: Mr. Chairman, I call the
23	question.
24	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: There are people in line.
25	Call only from the microphone if there are people in

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY	11-14-03
1	line.	
2	MR. HAROUTUNIAN:	Ed Haroutunian from the
3	6th judicial district. I	hadn't heard or at least I
4	hadn't seen what it is th	at the problem has existed
5	that has caused the thoug Page 1	

6	this proposed change in our rules, and I am just	
7	wondering whether or not the Ethics Committee or	
8	anyone else who might know what the problem is or was	
9	that causes this particular rule to come before us.	
10	I have heard some good arguments on both	
11	sides of this one, but I would like to know why is it	
12	even in front of us? What's the thing that's pushing,	
13	what problem exists that has caused this to be the	
14	solution?	
15	HON. ELWOOD BROWN: I can't specifically	
16	identify a problem except for to say that part of the	
17	process the Ethics Committee was asked to do was to	
18	review the Model Rules of the ABA and to decide upon a	
19	recommendation to this body.	
20	This particular rule was hotly debated, my	
21	understanding is, at the ABA level for many years. It	
22	was hotly debated at our level, and all I can tell you	
23	at this point is that the result of that debate is	
24	before you as our proposal.	
25	MR. CHADWICK: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, Tom	

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	Chadwick from the 8th
2	MS. FELDMAN: Can I just further elaborate or
3	that? If you would just look at page 65 under
4	synopsis, I think it gives you some explanation.
5	MR. CHADWICK: Tom Chadwick from the 8th
	Davis 122

	rep1114.txt
6	circuit. I just have a point of clarification or a
7	question to the Ethics Committee. In cases involving
8	abuse and neglect, child protective proceedings, the
9	FIA case worker is under continuing court order to
10	follow and administer the case service plan for those
11	children and the parents, which requires communication
12	with the children and parents. Would this rule affect
13	child protective proceedings and require that a case
14	worker contact the represented attorneys instead of
15	the represented parties?
16	HON. ELWOOD BROWN: This rule only applies to
17	lawyers, not to case workers.
18	MR. CHADWICK: The argument can be made that
19	the FIA case worker is an agent of the prosecuting
20	attorney who is often representing the petitioner.
21	The case worker would be the petitioner in the case
22	and would be represented by the prosecuting attorney.
23	Is there any was that even discussed, or
24	was there any direction from the committee?
25	HON. ELWOOD BROWN: There was no discussion

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	with regard to that that I recall.
2	MR. CHADWICK: Thank you.
3	MS. JAMIESON: Mr. Chairperson, I call this
4	to question and I urge everyone to be brief with
5	regard to their comments with regard to future
6	positions. We have 14 in total to go through. We Page 134

7	have an hour and a half, and this is the fourth.
8	VOICE: Support.
9	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Thank you. Let me take
10	the prerogative of the chair though, and I am going to
11	ask that we consider these in reverse order, the
12	prosecutor's exception first. If, in fact, the rule is
13	adopted, I sense that the
14	VOICES: No, that makes no sense.
15	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I just sense that we are
16	going to defeat (a) and (b), even though we don't want
17	to. We will take them in the order they are
18	presented.
19	The motion is MRPC 4.2 should. All those in
20	favor of not be amended to apply to represented
21	persons rather than parties, please rise.
22	MR. ABEL: I think the prosecutors ought to
23	be disqualified.
24	(Laughter.)
25	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Thank you. And all those

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	in favor of proposal (b), should be amended.
2	Thank you. All those not voting.
3	And then that was 55 to 26. There will be a
4	minority report. Option (a) has the majority of 55.
5	The option (b) will be reported as a minority
6	position, having received 26 votes.

7	rep1114.txt On to the second item under the same
8	number, instructions still to the court if it amends,
9	if it goes ahead and amends anyway.
10	I will go with the obvious majority on that
11	and continue on to item (f).
12	MS. JAMIESON: I think that these are before
13	us. We have to vote on 4.2 (a) or (b) the second
14	part.
15	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: We will vote on the second
16	part, the second part being the rules should, if
17	amended, apply to represented persons, they then
18	should still include a law enforcement exception.
19	(a), the prosecutor's argument, all those in
20	favor, please rise. This would be the second of the
21	two (a)/(b)'s, whether or not there should be a law
22	enforcement exception. This is in favor of a law
23	enforcement exception.
24	Thank you. All those in favor of item (b),
25	that there should be no law enforcement exception.

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY	11-14-03
1	The majority is p	osition (a) with 58. If my
2	math is right that's not a	minority position, but we
3	will double check it for (o) and move on to item (f).
4	VICE CHAIRPERSON	JAMIESON: (a) is a majority
5	opinion with 58 votes, (b)	is not passed with 17 and
6	it's not enough to qualify	for a minority.
7	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Page 13	Moving on to truthfulness

8	in statements to others, number 4.1. I guess we will
9	go straight to reports from committees and sections.
10	Positions of the general membership. I am sorry.
11	MR. ALLEN: Not fast enough. John Allen,
12	chair of the Special Committee on Grievance.
13	By a majority report our committee expresses
14	concern about that portion of 4.1 (b) which seeks to
15	assert a new duty upon the lawyer that would involve
16	failing to disclose a material fact which might assist
17	a client's fraud or a criminal act. I emphasize that
18	there is no quarrel with 4.1 (a) and the prohibition
19	which is now in the current rules that a lawyer may
20	not make affirmatively a false statement of material
21	fact to assist the client in an illegal or fraudulent
22	act.
23	The difficulties we see are these. 4.1 and
24	its policy in 4.1 (b) is inconsistent with the rule of
25	confidentiality in 1.6 in this respect, under 4.1 (b)

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY	11-14-03
1	it would be necessary,	or there could be, I am sorry
2	culpability either for	discipline or for civil
3	liability if there was	a failure to disclose. The
4	only exception would be	e if the disclosure would be
5	prohibited by 1.6.	
6	The difficulty	is that when one discovers
7	evidence of a fraud or	illegal act by a client, 1.6
	Page	2 137

8	rep1114.txt doesn't speak in terms of prohibitions. It speaks in
9	terms of may. It is an authority to disclose, a
10	discretion to disclose. And, therefore, in every
11	instance in which the lawyer discovered conduct by a
12	client which was fraudulent or illegal there could
13	give rise to a duty under this proposed 4.1 (b) to
14	make a disclosure, and the failure to do so would
15	render the lawyer liable for discipline and, more
16	importantly, I think, liable in a civil action.
17	Let me give you an example, if I may, and tha
18	is the lawyer represents someone who sells a business
19	In the course of that there is a lot of records

Let me give you an example, if I may, and that is the lawyer represents someone who sells a business. In the course of that there is a lot of records supplied to the other buyer in the course of it, and after -- it closes just fine. After the closing, however, the buyer claims things aren't working out too well and there has been a fraud, something that wasn't fully disclosed. He sues both the seller and the seller's lawyer and law firm on the basis that

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY	11-14-03
1	there was a failure to disc	lose a fraud.
2	Under the present i	rule without 4.1 (b) the
3	Grievance Committee believes	s there would be a
4	substantial possibility of h	naving a lawsuit at least
5	against the lawyer and the	law firm dismissed and
6	dismissed quickly, because t	there is no duty owing to
7	that third party, and, in fa	act, once dismissed the
8	lawyer in the law firm who o Page 138	did the deal for the client

9	could continue to defend the fraud action.
10	With 4.1 (a) proposed existing, there would
11	be at least an argument, an arguable position that
12	there is a legal duty regarding that failure to
13	disclose. It might go away some day, but probably
14	only after there is a summary disposition motion.
15	In the meantime
16	CLERK BUITEWEG: 30 seconds.
17	MR. ALLEN: the lawyer and the
18	law firm that represented the client in the deal would
19	not be permitted to represent them in the lawsuit, a
20	substantial tactical advantage to the buyer alone.
21	We believe that these are the reasons why
22	these things were deleted from 4.1 when it was adopted
23	as part of all the rules earlier.
24	Finally, I understand the Ethics Committee in
25	its most recent report in your briefing book says that

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03		
1	it might be preferable to delete the term fraud from		
2	4.1 (b) and refer only to proof of a client's crimina		
3	act. While that probably is progress, a further		
4	difficulty I would observe is that practically		
5	everything these days is a crime, and I would think o		
6	few things alleged as a fraud that couldn't be lodged		
7	under some criminal statute. Thank you.		
8	MR. DUNN: Thank you. Bill Dunn for the		
Page 139			

9	Ethics Committee.
10	Clearly our Rule 1.6 would permit disclosure,
11	and Rule 4.1 would then require disclosure, but I
12	think it's important to look at the whole rule and
13	understand what all the words in it may mean.
14	First of all, a lawyer shall not knowingly
15	fail to disclose and shall not knowingly fail to
16	disclose when necessary to avoid assisting.
17	Knowingly is defined in that Section 1.0 that
18	we talked so much about earlier that says denotes
19	actual knowledge of the fact in question. So it's a
20	pretty high standard to begin with if the lawyer was
21	to actually know that there is a crime or fraud
22	involved in the lawyer's representation of the client.
23	Secondly, the concept of necessary is a very
24	important one in this rule. Comment three to the rule
25	points out the necessity to make the disclosure has to

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY	11-14-03
1	be weighed against all th	he other acts that the lawyer
2	can take to disassociate	him or herself from the
3	representation, such as w	withdrawal, quiet withdrawal,
4	and even a very noisy wit	thdrawal, according to the
5	comment.	
6	So the necessity	y of making a disclosure as
7	the comment points out is	s really a last resort in
8	disassociating one's sel	f from the crime of fraud.
9	As far as liabi Page 1	lity in a civil action, I 140

10	think you all have made it very clear that you don't
11	want these rules to be evidence of the basis of the
12	civil action.
13	So I think that the rule when looked at in
14	its entirety may be much more palatable than the
15	MS. FELDMAN: We did in our last Ethics
16	Committee meeting delete fraud from our proposal.
17	MR. LOOMIS: Dan Loomis from the 35th
18	circuit. Mr. Dunn's explanation of all of the
19	important terms there, knowingly and material and
20	necessary and avoid assisting I really think narrowly
21	confines this duty, but my comment is if we don't pass
22	this what do we say to the public? The State Bar of
23	Michigan isn't going to require its attorneys to avoid
24	a criminal act in this way. I think we have narrowly
25	defined it. I think we need to go on record that we

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1	would do this.	
2	MS. JAMIESON:	Mr. Chairperson, I call the
3	question.	
4	CHAIRPERSON LEV	Y: Question has been called.
5	MR. ROMBACH:	object, without unanimity.
6	do want to say something	g to this rule.
7	CHAIRPERSON LEV	Y: Call the question is
8	two-thirds vote without	debate.
9	MR. ROMBACH:]	s she calling the question?
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10	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Yes, so it's two-thirds
11	vote without debate. Question has been called.
12	All in favor, please say aye.
13	All opposed.
14	I don't think we have two thirds. Motion
15	fails and we are still open.
16	MR. ROMBACH: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I speak
17	right now, having considered
18	VOICE: Please use the microphone.
19	MR. ROMBACH: I am sorry. I lost my notes.
20	I am going to speak basically for the
21	let's see, I don't want an affirmative duty on a
22	lawyer to disclose a material fact to a third person,
23	and again let me put this in a criminal context,
24	because I know the committee considers this generally
25	in a civil context. The problem you have, if you are

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03	
1	standing up next to your client during a hearing a	nd
2	he says something or she says something incredibly	,
3	arcane, it's going to be putting a criminal defens	e
4	attorney in an incredibly difficult situation.	
5	For instance, a probation report comes ba	.ck,
6	or anything else, you are going to have to act as	a
7	guarantor in all instances if this information is	
8	picture perfect or perhaps you have to narc out yo	ur
9	client. You are going to have to say, Well, Your	
10	Honor, he said that he hasn't had a drink since Page 142	

11	completing his probation report, and I would like to			
12	tell you for a fact that when he was in my office the			
13	other day I smelled the odors associated to			
14	intoxicants. That's going to be a very difficult			
15	situation. Literally that's what you are doing with			
16	this rule. And now you say, well, maybe that's not a			
17	crime, maybe that's just fraud.			
18	But, for instance, if you are talking a			
19	federal law enforcement official and the same			
20	misstatement comes up, then that lawyer can be charged			
21	with a federal crime, because it's a federal crime to			
22	make a misstatement to a federal law enforcement			
23	official investigating a federal crime. So, (a), that			
24	brings in crime and not fraud.			
25	The second point that I would make is the			

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 same thing. Anybody can come up there and just say this isn't picture perfect but I don't want to act in 2 any situation that I could be associated with a 3 4 grievance or an actual complaint that I have to 5 guarantee that every piece of information or prove 6 later that I didn't have knowledge, and that's 7 essentially the trick bag we are being put into here, and I don't think in the criminal involvement that 8 that should be the case, and I don't think in the 9 10 civil involvement it should be the case either. It's Page 143

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11	just too high a standard for any lawyer to achieve.		
12	It's not that we shouldn't aspire to achieve		
13	it, but I do believe that we shouldn't be required to		
14	achieve that standard. Thank you.		
15	VOICE: So you are for (a)?		
16	MR. ROMBACH: Not include affirmative duty,		
17	yes. Again, I don't have my notes. I lost track of		
18	those. I am speaking for (a). Thank you.		
19	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Response.		
20	MR. DUNN: We have the Ethics Committee.		
21	The first point made by Mr. Rombach, I refer		
22	you to Rule 3.3 (b) court or a tribunal which says a		
23	lawyer who represents a client in an adjudicative		
24	proceeding and who knows that a person intends to		
25	engage, is engaging, or has engaged in criminal or		

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY	11-14-03		
1	fraudulent conduct related to the pro	ceeding shall take		
2	reasonable remedial measures, includi	ng, if necessary,		
3	disclosure to the tribunal, and Rule	1.6 has nothing		
4	to do with it and can't protect the n	ondisclosure.		
5	So in the instance that you	cite, this is not		
6	governed by Rule 4.1. It's governed	by 3.3 and		
7	mandates disclosure whether you, quote, know it or			
8	not. So that's covered by a differen	t rule.		
9	And as far as knowingly is c	oncerned, my		
10	suggestion was that this is a high de-	gree of		
11	protection for the lawyer. Obviously Page 144	it's always a		

12	factual question, but the standard does not have
13	reason to believe, it is know.
14	MS. JAMIESON: Call the question again,
15	Elizabeth Jamieson, 17th circuit.
16	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Question has been called.
17	All in favor.
18	Any opposed.
19	We will vote on the proposals before us.
20	Michigan Rules of Professional Conduct should
21	not include an affirmative duty, option (a), all
22	people in favor, please rise.
23	I am going to say that's over 75 percent.
24	Thank you. There is no minority.
25	On to everybody wake up. On to client

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1	sex. Rule 1.8, attorney/cl	ient sexual relations. Do
2	we have comments from section	ons, committees, or Bar
3	entities?	
4	MS. LINCOLN: Mr. (Chair, my name is Judy
5	Lincoln from the 10th circu	it. Terri Stangl, my
6	10th circuit colleague, is	the chair on the
7	Standing Committee on Legal	Aid. Terri could not be
8	with us today so she asked r	me to read some very brief
9	comments.	
10	The Legal Aid Comm	ittee recommends that the
11	Bar Assembly vote to add Ru	le 1.8 (j) from the ABA
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12	rep1114.txt Model Rules to the Michigan Rules of Professional
13	Conduct. This rule is located on page 24 of the
14	red-lined edition and addresses conflicts of interest
15	with current clients. We also recommended optional
16	paragraph 17 from the ABA commentary on Rule 1.8 which
17	helps to explain the scope and intention of the rule.
18	This could be found at pages 27 and 28 of the
19	red-lined edition.
20	ABA Rule 1.8 prohibits sexual conduct between
21	an attorney and a current client unless they had a

an attorney and a current client unless they had a concentual sexual relationship that preexisted the lawyer/client relationship. The ABA commentary makes it clear that the rule does not prohibit a firm from keeping a case as long as the attorney who was having

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1	a relationship with a client transfers the case to
2	another member of the firm.
3	The ABA comment also explains that if an
4	attorney is representing a corporation or other
5	organization the rule would ban sexual conduct only
6	with those representatives of the corporation or
7	organization who are dealing directly with the
8	attorney on legal matters. The attorney is not
9	prohibited from having a relationship with any other
10	employees or agents of the corporation or
11	organization.
12	The Legal Aid Committee believes that the ABA Page 146

Model Rule should be adopted in order to minimize

conflicts of interest or protect attorneys who may

have relationships with persons other than those

specified by the proposed rule and to prevent

potential misunderstandings from clients and attorneys

about how their sexual relationship may affect their

professional obligations to one another.

The Legal Aid Committee is especially worried

The Legal Aid Committee is especially worried about misunderstandings by low income clients who may be more vulnerable to suggestions, whether actual or perceived, that they can obtain free or reduced fee legal services if they engage in sexual relations with their attorney.

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The committee then hopes the Representative Assembly's position will be to adopt the ABA Model Rule 1.8 (j) and the related comments, and I realize that the written proposal and, therefore, what we have in our booklets from May does not include an addition to the comments, so I think that it will stand as presented.

But I also want to point out it's my understanding that this body took the position that is it reflected in the Model Rule the last time this issue came before it. While it did not become a part of the ethics rules, this body's position was to

13	rep1114.txt discourage or prohibit sexual relationships between
14	lawyers and clients.
15	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I think it's an important
16	point that I probably should recognize that from the
17	chair. This body is on record in support of what
18	would be option (a) here. Supporting option (b) or
19	not taking a position at all would, in fact, be a change
20	of policy for this body. We are already on record on
21	this issue as is indicated by the materials.
22	Any other comment? No other comments. I
23	believe the motion is on the floor.
24	MRPC 1.8 should, all those in favor of, and I
25	think we can do this by voice vote probably, option
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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	(a), which is, in fact, to prohibit sexual relationships
2	under the conditions outlined, please say aye.
3	All opposed.
4	In the opinion of the chair it does pass and
5	there is not sufficient support for a minority
6	position.
7	You can go back to sleep now. Item (h), fee
8	sharing referral fees. We have received written
9	reports from City of Detroit Law Department, chief
10	assistant. Is anybody here representing him?
11	MS. FELDMAN: Are you speak of Mr. Quinn?
12	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Yes.
13	MS. FELDMAN: He was writing as an Page 148

14	individual, not as any representative.
15	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Mr. Quinn wrote as an
16	individual. He is not present.
17	So then positions of sections or Bar
18	entities. Positions of members.
19	MR. ALLEN: Mr. Chairman, John Allen, Chair
20	of the Special Committee on Grievance. Our materials
21	are with you already. I think they are very clear in
22	what they say. The hour is late, and I don't think
23	you will need to hear from me again. Thank you all
24	very much for your indulgence. I will stick around in
25	case there are any questions.

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11-14-03 REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 1 MR. MILLER: Randy Miller, 6th circuit. This 2 proposal really puts lawyers in a position where they 3 are going to be taking work that they are not qualified to handle where they have an opportunity to 4 make some profit off the file. 5 6 For example, complicated medical malpractice 7 case comes into an office, somebody takes a look, there is substantial damages, but you are not 8 9 completely qualified or prepared to handle the file. 10 What are you going to do? Are you going to take it 11 because you are not entitled to a referral fee under 12 this rule or a very limited referral fee? Or are you 13 going to do the work on the file which you really

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14	can't handle and probably going to end up screwing it
15	up and harming the individual who has been harmed. It
16	doesn't make any sense.
17	I absolutely support sub (b) in this rule.
18	It's an agreement between attorneys. We are all
19	adults, we all know what we are doing. If you want to
20	take a file from somebody else and you are willing to
21	pay them the referral fee, then you should do it. I
22	strongly support (b). Thank you.
23	MS. JAMIESON: Elizabeth Jamieson, 17th
24	circuit. I submitted an alternate position.
25	Everybody should have it underneath the first one,

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11-14-03 REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 1 1.5. The additional issue that I am raising is 2 something that is not raised in the other positions. 3 This is not an alternative but an additional. Either 4 you vote yes or you vote no. This has nothing to do with the other positions that are before you. 5 6 The position that I have raised in the 7 alternate rule has to do with whether or not the rules should expressly provide for nonrefundable retainers, 8 9 and specifically reasonable and earned, and the reasoning behind that is that this concept was 10 originally proposed by the Grievance Committee. 11 12 Neither the current nor the proposed rules actually address nonrefundable retainers, but people do them. 13 14 And the Michigan Ethics Opinions state that Page 150

15	nonrefundable retainers are not, per se, unethical,
16	which means they are allowed, but there are
17	circumstances where they may require a refund, such as
18	when the retainer is not earned or is unreasonable,
19	and, therefore, I submit that we expressly permit
20	reasonable and earned nonrefundable retainers and
21	specifically say that in our rules so that it is clear
22	and we are providing clear guidance to lawyers in the
23	state of Michigan.
24	Again, this is not an alternative. This is
25	just an additional, so the vote is either yes or no

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1	with regard to this, irrespective of how you vote on
2	the others.
3	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: The result is that there
4	will be four separate votes dealing with 1.5.
5	VOICE: Second.
6	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I think as an alternative
7	proposal it is there automatically.
8	MR. BIRD: Joseph Bird, 6th circuit.
9	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Could you repeat the name,
10	please.
11	MR. BIRD: Joseph Bird, 6th circuit. I rise
12	concerning the conclusion now of unreasonable expenses
13	in addition to what we have traditionally dealt with in
14	terms of unreasonable fees, and I submit that it
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15	should be improper for a lawyer to double a fax charge
16	or double some charge to supplement their billing.
17	However, I submit to you that this could create
18	another quagmire for a lawyer in dealing with very
19	expensive out-of-state expert witnesses where these
20	are directly billed to the law firm and now the client
21	after the fact may want to raise the issue of
22	something that is an unreasonable fee and perhaps the
23	lawyer had no choice but to handle the matter because
24	they had to have this particular expert in the case.
25	T think that creates great concern for the

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	lawyer or the law firm, and I would submit to you that
2	a change could be made to that I would offer a
3	friendly amendment that or unreasonable amount for
4	expenses not charged by third parties. Because I
5	think the concern is that a lawyer could use expenses
6	to run up the fees unfairly to the client, but when
7	these expenses are what the lawyer has incurred by
8	outside third parties, there shouldn't be the same
9	concern.
10	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: It needs to be in writing,
11	but I am confused as to where it even I am not
12	quite sure I understand what the request is.
13	MR. BIRD: I am in favor of 1.5 (b) in
14	general, but I was looking at the materials, the
15	red-lining materials that were sent to us before, and Page 152

16	there is a discussion in there about red lining the
17	current Michigan rules, and, as I read it, the
18	unreasonable amount for fees, and I thought we were
19	talking about fees, and I thought all of this is
20	subsumed in this discussion. Maybe this is for a
21	later discussion, but I have a concern about including
22	unreasonable expenses within the concept of fees, and
23	I thought this discussion was subsumed within that.
24	If it's not, that's fine.
25	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I don't believe it is. I

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	think definitions would go to drafting or finer points
2	to another day. I don't think it's a motion to amend
3	anything here.
4	Any further discussion, any committee
5	response?
6	VOICE: Call the question.
7	MR. DUNN: The rule does cover both fees and
8	expenses.
9	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Right.
10	The question has been called. All in favor
11	of calling the question.
12	MR. MORGAN: Point of order. Could I ask our
13	staff if it's supposed to read as it does on the
14	screen. I know that's what is in the printed
15	materials, but I think in the first line it makes a

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16	lot more sense if the word is be, b-e, rather than
17	b-y.
18	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: The first instance. I am
19	looking at the second instance and getting really
20	confused. The first "by" should be "be".
21	VICE CHAIRPERSON JAMIESON: Nancy, a typo,
22	first "by" is "be."
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: All in favor of calling
24	the question.
25	All opposed.
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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 Question has been called. 2 So on the first alternate proposal, 1.5 3 should, all in favor of (a), require referral fees be 4 proportional to the share of services performed by the 5 lawyer, please say aye. All opposed, or I am sorry, all in favor of 6 (b), indicating that they should not require the fee 7 8 provisions be proportional. Anybody not voting? I don't think there is a 9 10 minority position there. (b)'s have it on the first 11 one. On the second, 1.5, should (a), require 12 13 client's consent to any division of fees by lawyers 14 not of the same firm, all in favor please say aye. All in favor of (b), not require the client's 15 consent by division of fees not in the same firm, 16 Page 154

17	please say aye.
18	On the third one, 1.5, should (a), prohibit
19	fees that are illegal or clearly excessive, all in
20	favor say aye.
21	Or (b), it should prohibit fees that are
22	unreasonable, all in favor say aye.
23	We are going to call that one a count. All
24	in favor of (a), prohibit fees, illegal or clearly
25	excessive, please rise.

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	Thank you. All in favor of (b), prohibit
2	fees that are unreasonable, please rise.
3	Position (a) carries. There was not support
4	for, sufficient support to report a minority position
5	And then on the last, the additional
6	proposal, yes or no vote on whether or not 1.5 should
7	expressly permit reasonable and earned refund
8	nonrefundable retainers. All in favor of that
9	language, please indicate by saying aye.
10	All opposed.
11	And that will be passed.
12	Item 5 (i), the safekeeping of advances of
13	fees and expenses. Any comments from committees or
14	sections of the Bar entities, lawyer entities?
15	Opinions or discussions from the members?
16	MS. JAMIESON: Elizabeth Jamieson, 17th
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17	circuit. With regard to Rule 1.15, I have an
18	alternate rule that's been distributed to everybody,
19	and you have that in front of you. Again, this is an
20	additional issue that is not raised in your materials,
21	and this deals with how you should deal with
22	nonrefundable retainers.
23	This is real important, because what we don't
24	want is to have a commingling of funds allegation
25	against lawyers, and so specifically the issue is

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should lawyers be allowed to place nonrefundable retainers in the lawyer's account even though a refund may later be determined to be necessary, at which time the refundable portion of the retainer shall be treated as client funds.

The reason for this is that neither the current nor the proposed rules provide guidance regarding where to place nonrefundable retainers.

Michigan Ethics Opinions indicate, again, that they are not, per se, unethical, which means they are allowed, and the dilemma is that a supposedly nonrefundable retainer may become at least partially refundable, and then what are you supposed to do with that.

If a nonrefundable retainer is considered the

If a nonrefundable retainer is considered the lawyer's funds, then the retainer must not be placed in a client trust account. Placing those funds in a Page 156

18	client trust account would be commingling funds and
19	would subject the lawyer to discipline. On the other
20	hand, if the potentially refundable portion were to be
21	considered a mere advance of fees, then it must be
22	placed in a client trust account.
23	Clarifying how lawyers must handle
24	nonrefundable retainers will prevent claims of
25	unavoidable commingling of funds while safekeeping

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	those funds in the event of a refund.
2	So the proposal again is either a yes or no
3	vote, separate with regard to this issue, and the vote
4	is whether or not the rules should provide that
5	nonrefundable retainers may be placed in a nonclient
6	trust account unless a refund is determined to be
7	necessary, at which time that retainer then would be
8	treated as client funds.
9	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Thank you. Does the
10	Ethics Committee have response to either the
11	initial
12	MS. FELDMAN: I guess I am not sure what a
13	nonclient trust account is.
14	MS. JAMIESON: The lawyer's account.
15	MS. FELDMAN: I think that verbiage is
16	confusing, because it implies it is a trust account
17	for somebody, and there is no beneficiary of that

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$\begin{tabular}{ll} rep1114.txt\\ trust, so my only comment is that that's confusing. \end{tabular}$ 18 MS. JAMIESON: Just for purposes of 19 20 clarification, it's fine if it reads the Michigan Rules of Professional Conduct should provide that 21 22 nonrefundable retainers may be placed in the lawyer's 23 account unless a refund is determined to be necessary, 24 at which time the retainer shall be treated as client 25 funds, and I think that addresses the concern.

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I think it clarifies. I
2	am not sure it addresses the concern. I think it
3	creates the concern but it addresses the issue. Did
4	the committee want to respond?
5	MR. DUNN: There was an issue of
6	refundability, then that is the reason that it should
7	be put in the trust account, the client trust account,
8	if it has to be refunded. I mean, the implication
9	that it's a nonrefundable retainer is it's fully
10	earned and, therefore, the lawyer's property, and
11	that's fine. But if you raise the issue of
12	refundability of a so-called nonrefundable retainer,
13	then it ought to be in the client's trust account. If
14	it actually could be refundable, then it doesn't
15	belong to the lawyer.
16	MR. DYER: James Dyer from the 7th circuit.
17	I agree with the comment just made. In fact, I am
18	nersonally aware of one instance where a drievance is

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19	penaing.
20	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Can you get a little
21	closer to the mike.
22	MR. DYER: Yes. I am personally aware of at
23	least one instance where a grievance is pending where
24	a client has requested a refund of a portion of a
25	nonrefundable fee that was in a written agreement and
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1	complied with all provisions regarding excessive fees,
2	at least in my opinion. Certainly there could be a
3	difference of opinion regarding that.
4	Either it is nonrefundable or it's and if
5	it's nonrefundable, it's fully earned at that point,
6	and I think we need to that needs to be the
7	position to be retained.
8	MR. LARKY: Sheldon Larky, 6th circuit. I am
9	going to vote no on (c). The idea is great, but let's
10	take the reality. Client comes in person comes
11	into you and says, I want you to represent me in a
12	divorce case, breach of contract case, a criminal
13	case. I have a \$1,500 nonrefundable retainer. Okay.
14	Go spend the money and you handle the case or you
15	don't handle the case. A year later you get a request
16	for investigation from the Attorney Grievance
17	Commission. The money is long gone. It's long gone.
18	By the time refund is determined to be necessary you

rep1114.txt have already spent it, you probably forgot about the client, and now all of a sudden you have to worry about where you are going to get the money back. This, in essence, leads you, when you read this, it, in essence, leads you to have to put all the money into the account and let it sit there, hope and pray no one is going to ask you for the money back.

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 So I am going to vote no for (c), because it really doesn't make sense. 2 MR. GARRISON: Scott Garrison, 6th circuit. 3 4 I am going to vote no on (c) too, but my question regarding (c) is this, the reason why. The last part 5 says, At which time the retainer shall be treated as 6 7 client funds. What that implies to me is, what that 8 means to me is that we are disputing the fee which we 9 agreed was not refundable but now somehow it's 10 refundable, now I have to give it back to them, and I have to treat it as client funds. Therefore, I have 11 12 to take it out of my lawyer's account, put it in my IOLTA account, wait for the bank to process that two 13 days, then cut them a check out of the IOLTA account. 14 15 why can't I just cut them a check out of my account and be done with it? Why do I have to play 16 17 games with it, because that says at the minimum there is a dispute or I determine it should be refunded, I 18 have to treat it as client funds and I can't leave it 19

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20	in my lawyer account any more. I now have to put
21	it in my IOLTA account, unless I am misunderstanding
22	what's there.
23	MR. ROTENBERG: Steve Rotenberg, 6th circuit.
24	I thought nonrefundable was self-explanatory, and I am
25	not sure why we are saying nonrefundable does not

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	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	always mean nonrefundable if you and your client both
2	agree to it.
3	The other problem that I have with it is it
4	amplifies the person up here previous statement.
5	Let's say I do have funds that I believe were earned,
6	suddenly they are discovered to not be earned because
7	there is some sort of a dispute. Does this mean I
8	can't take funds out of my own bank account to pay
9	myself or do I have to maintain a float for a period
10	of time?
11	I think this is I think it's redefining
12	a clearly understandable word such as nonrefundable,
13	which I have always taken to be that, nonrefundable.
14	Thank you.
15	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Additional comments?
16	MS. JAMIESON: Just for point of
17	clarification, I was going to call the order, but I
18	will
19	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I think this becomes the
	Page 161

rep1114.txt 20 last word of the proponent. 21 MS. JAMIESON: The point here is that when a 22 lawyer receives a nonrefundable retainer, they expect 23 that it's not refundable, they expect that it's their 24 money, and the lawyer should be able to place it in 25 the lawyer's account. That's the point of this. And

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 we don't have any direction saying that it's okay to 2 put it in the lawyer's account. If, for whatever reason, that nonrefundable 3 retainer is deemed to be later unreasonable or 4 5 unearned, and that has happened, it's only at that point that it should be placed in the client trust 6 account or refunded to the client, and that way the 7 lawyers have clear direction as to where the money can 8 9 and can't go and they avoid the potential commingling. 10 If it's supposed to be their money, we want 11 to say they can put it in their account and it stays 12 in their account and it stays their money until it's 13 deemed the client's or refundable, and at that point it would go into a client trust account or be refunded 14 to the client. That's the purpose, just to give 15 16 direction, and with that I call the question. CHAIRPERSON LEVY: You can't argue and call 17 the question, but there is no --18 19 VOICE: Call the question. 20 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: But there is no further --Page 162

21	MR. BARTON: Point of information. I
22	understand, and I think I clarified this, we are
23	talking about putting this money in the lawyer's
24	operating account, not some sort of separate trust
25	account?

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Correct. But there being 2 no further discussion, I will put the question first 3 as to the items in the original printed calendar, the (a) and (b). 5 All those in favor of the Rule of 6 Professional Conduct 1.15, should require lawyers to 7 deposit into a client trust account legal fees and 8 expenses, which is the difference here, and expenses, 9 please rise for proposal (a). 10 Thank you. And all who support (b), that the trust account should contain fees but not expenses, 11 12 please rise. 13 Thank you. And then just so we can determine the percentages necessary, anybody not voting, please 14 15 stand so we determine the percentages on the other. 16 This has no relevance to (c), just not voting 17 on the (a)/(b) issue. With 78 members present, 38 supported (a), 27 18 (b), so there is no majority position. No majority of 19 20 the body, and the Bar will not -- it will report the

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rep1114.txt 21 minority positions but will not take an official 22 position on the issue. 23 As to the item (c), a yes or no vote. The 24 rules should provide that nonrefundable retainers be 25 placed in the lawyer's account. All in favor of that, METROPOLITAN REPORTING, INC. (517) 886-4068

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1	please rise.
2	Thank you. All opposed to the provision,
3	please rise.
4	And those not voting on whether or not to
5	accept (c).
6	Thank you. There is a majority for the yes
7	position.
8	MR. GIGUERE: Point of clarification, Gary
9	Giguere, 9th circuit. Is it not true that
10	Ms. Jamieson amended (c) to read lawyer accounts or
11	some language such as that rather than nonclient trust
12	account for clarification but was not made?
13	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Yes, which is the way I
14	read it. Anybody who didn't understand?
15	MS. JAMIESON: The lawyer's, Nancy.
16	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: But thank you for the
17	clarification.
18	Item 5 (j), sale of law practice or area of
19	practice. There were no written reports. Are there
20	sections or committees that wish to address this
21	issue? Did the Ethics Committee wish to comment? Page 164

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22	MR. DUNN: We stand on our position.	
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Your position would be	in
24	terms of the $(a)/(b)$'s, just so it's clear to	
25	everybody?	
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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 MR. DUNN: (a). 2 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: It's clear on the first one it's (a), but I am not sure if the Ethics 3 Committee had a position on the second. 4 5 So there is no official position on the 6 second one. 7 Any discussion on these? 8 MS. FELDMAN: Is it an or? Is (b) an or? 9 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Yes, one is allow, one is not allow. 10 11 MS. FELDMAN: Why is it even in here? 12 Where did you get this from? 13 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: If I understand it, the 14 question in the second proposal is when purchasing a 15 practice or part of a practice the purchasing lawyer would then have the ability to refuse to undertake a 16 particular client's representation. 17 18 MR. DUNN: Probably support (a). 19 CHAIRPERSON LEVY: There being no discussion, all those in favor of the Rule 1.17, providing that 20 21 lawyers be allowed to sell or purchase an area of law

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rep1114.txt 22 practice in addition to the entire practice, please 23 say aye. All those in favor of (b), requiring only the 24 25 entire practice be sold if any is sold, please say METROPOLITAN REPORTING, INC. (517) 886-4068 169 11-14-03 REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 1 aye. 2 I think the (a)'s have that one without a question. 3 And then on the second item, all in favor of 4 allowing the lawyer to refuse to undertake 5 representation of a particular client who doesn't 6 7 consent to that lawyer's fee schedule, please signify by saying aye. 8 9 And any opposed to that. 10 Again, the (a)'s have it. Item 5 (k) under political contributions, 11 12 Ed Haroutunian. 13 MR. HAROUTUNIAN: Mr. Chairman, Ed

MR. HAROUTUNIAN: Mr. Chairman, Ed

Haroutunian from the 6th judicial district. I

suggested that and proposed this rule be deleted in

its entirety, and the reason why it should be deleted

in its entirety is, one, no prior rule on this subject

matter exists in Michigan history.

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Secondly, this rule suggests that if one make a financial contribution to a political party, political or public office holder or judicial office holder, make a financial contribution, that that's not Page 166

23	allowed if, in fact, that lawyer or law firm receive
24	an appointment back of some kind.
25	In the letter that I submitted to the

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 Assembly suggested that, for example, if somebody made 2 \$150 contribution and received back an appointment 3 that that might be suspect. Whereas, if someone spent one, two, three, four days of one's time for that 4 political party, public official, or judicial 5 6 candidate and received an appointment back, under the 7 rule that would be okay. In addition, the criteria used, and it's true 8 9 that the rule itself doesn't set this out 10 specifically, but the comments to the rule do. 11 comments indicate that the analysis has to be made as 12 to what other lawyers, law firms have made in terms of contributions to a particular judicial candidate, 13 14 political party, or public office holder in order to determine whether the instant contribution by the 15 lawyer is good or not good or bad or not bad under the 16 rule. I felt that that was --17 CLERK BUITEWEG: 30 seconds. 18 19 MR. HAROUTUNIAN: -- simply improper and 20 overly broad. The mitigating factors are also interesting in that they indicate that financial 21 22 contributions can be made to further political,

rep1114.txt 23 social, or economic interests or because of an 24 existing personal family or professional relationship 25 with a candidate. So if you have a personal

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REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03 1 relationship with a candidate you can give them a 2 gazillion dollars, get an appointment back, not a 3 problem. If you are a stranger, do not do that, because that becomes bad. If on the other hand you 4 5 are tempted to promote a political position or a social position, that's okay. 6 7 CLERK BUITEWEG: Time. MR. HAROUTUNIAN: So I would urge that the 8 Assembly take the position of voting on this, making 9 10 it (a), to delete it in its entirety. Thank you. 11 MR. ROMBACH: Tom Rombach, 16th circuit. I 12 share my politically active colleague's concern about 13 this rule. I think it should be deleted in its entirety. We really need a reality check on this one. 14 It mean, it aspires to achieve as great a standard as 15 everything we have been discussing here, but it's not 16 17 practical at all. Here you have an ethical standard that would 18 19 become a sword in the hands of political opponents. 20 Everyone has to say, well, so-and-so was appointed and I 21 wonder how much he or she gave to the governor for 22 that judgeship, or so-and-so was appointed as a case

evaluator and then how much did they give to judge Page 168

24	so-and-so who may have spoken on their behalf.
25	Everything then becomes suspect as far as raising

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funds for your friends, raising funds for my former law partner that just happened to be a judge. I never appear in front of him, but then again, if for some reason I was raising some money, then somehow I am barred forever talking to the guy. I would have a real problem with that.

Again, there is no other prohibition or any

Again, there is no other prohibition or any standard for that matter for politically active members of any other job, any other application, or any other profession, so we are hamstringing ourselves as far as having influence with our legislators, having influence with the governor's office, having influence with the judiciary, and as a lawyer and as essentially a laborer or trade association leader in the past, I simply don't want to flyspeck every amount of money that I may give to somebody that was a personal friend, and I don't want to advocate that position, so I urge strongly that we vote against this, euthanize this proposal.

MR. ROTENBERG: Steven Rotenberg, 6th circuit. I politely disagree with Mr. Rombach. I have a number of concerns about political contributions. First of all, only U.S. Citizens can

- 24 typically make political contributions, but not every
- 25 member of the State Bar is a citizen of the United

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1 States.

Second of all, oftentimes there is a presumption, if not an a presumption, an appearance of a conflict of interest where attorneys give campaign contributions to judges. What happens if it, if the question at issue could be done on a coin toss? Does the judge favor his buddy who has been giving him money, or does he favor the other guy to be fair?.

If anything, I would be in favor of anything that dissuades attorneys from giving contributions, especially for judicial campaigns. So I would be in favor of accepting it in its entirety.

MR. GARRISON: Scott Garrison, 6th circuit.

I agree with the first two highly esteemed members of the Assembly and politely disagree with the third.

All this rule is going to do is make me stand outside of the polls and make my wife write the check. That's all it's going to do. Nothing says that your spouse can't, your mom can't, your grandparents, your brother, your sister, anybody else that you know, and that's what's going to happen.

There was a similar proposal, I believe, to amend the Judicial Canon of Ethics to prohibit the appointment of anyone who had made a campaign Page 170

contribution in the preceding two years. That was

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1	soundly defeated.
2	There is currently a Supreme Court order that
3	goes into effect, I believe, January 1 that all
4	appointments must be done on a rotation basis, so I
5	also believe that not only is this abysmally and
6	abhorrently wrong, it's moot, because if all the
7	appointments must be done on a rotation basis in two
8	months, we shouldn't even be wasting our time. Thank
9	you.
10	MR. ABEL: I am Matthew Abel from the 3rd
11	judicial circuit, and I can't let this go by without a
12	comment, obviously.
13	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I was really worried while
14	you were sitting here.
15	MR. ABEL: Well, I showed up late today, and
16	I am really sorry. I had to go to court. That's the
17	only reason I wore this suit. I really apologize for
18	that. There is a rule at the office where I work that
19	you can wear a suit on Friday even if you don't have
20	to go to court.
21	I think this rule, it covers itself, because
22	this only applies to contributions made for the
23	purpose of obtaining or being considered for those
24	types of appointments, and clearly there are

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	shouldn't be made at all. If we cannot eliminate
2	contributions to judges, and we really should sooner
3	or later take that larger step through public
4	financing of judicial elections, which this body has
5	supported, and if we can't remove the appointment
6	power from judges, which we also really should do,
7	then let's at least cut the tie between the
8	contributions and the work. It really needs to end,
9	and this body should go on record as supporting this.
10	I agree that this could perhaps be stronger.
11	There are other things that are needed as well, but I
12	think that this rule is appropriate, and I support it.
13	Thank you.
14	MS. MCQUADE: Barbara McQuade, 3rd circuit.
15	I hate to ever speak against campaign finance reform,
16	because I agree that the system is broken, but so
17	is the microphone but I don't think this is the way
18	to fix it.
19	My concern is this, under 1.0 we define law
20	firm to include all the lawyers of the law firm, so I
21	think as this is written it's overly broad, because if
22	I work for a big law firm and some associate gives 25
23	bucks to a candidate, now I am precluded from ever
24	accepting any kind of engagement as it's drafted. So
25	I think this is probably not the way to fix it, but I Page 172

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1	do agree with the spirit. So I guess I would urge the
2	rejection.
3	MR. BERRY: I had the opportunity to debate
4	this issue at the House of Delegates of the American
5	Bar Association. I share with you two things.
6	First of all, for two meetings in a row it
7	was voted down. There was a lot of opposition to
8	this particular rule. It wasn't that it wasn't a
9	beautiful, feel-good rule and look-good rule, but just
10	as presented by a number of people here, the reality
11	is this rule is more dangerous than it is helpful, and
12	I do want to relate that unanimously the National
13	Organization Bar Council, the people that would
14	enforce this rule, voted against it. They were very
15	concerned about the fact that it would be maliciously
16	used.
17	To give you an example, near elections of
18	judges amazingly you suddenly get already an enormous
19	amount of complaints filed about what's going on, some
20	of which are legitimate, but many of which are not
21	legitimate complaints.
22	When it says here that it's for the purpose
23	of obtaining or being considered for that type of
24	legal engagement, quite candidly the proof element in
25	that would be almost impossible. If it's a bribery

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1	case, we have got rules that deal with it, but this
2	particular case is rife with abuse and political
3	misuse. It was voted down by the House twice and
4	barely made it the third time. As I understand it,
5	very few states have approved this up to this point i
6	time.
7	I also understand from the Ethics Committee
8	that there wasn't a whole lot of debate on this
9	particular issue, so I would urge very strongly that
10	this be rejected.
11	PRESIDENT BRINKMEYER: I don't need to say
12	anything. I call the question.
13	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I was just going to say,
14	want to get the Ethics Committee response, because I
15	don't think it's in the book.
16	HON. ELWOOD BROWN: I think John is right.
17	There wasn't a whole lot of position one way or the
18	other in the Ethics Committee. We looked at the last
19	few words of the rule and felt that that handled the
20	issue.
21	MS. JAMIESON: I second the call the
22	question.
23	MS. FELDMAN: I think the Ethics Committee
24	put it before this committee because it was the ABA
25	proposal and because it had the language for the

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	purpose of, but there wasn't any strong feeling on it
2	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Then putting the questio
3	to the floor, Rule 7.6 should, first selection is
4	the (a)'s and (1)'s are different, are backwards
5	for item $(a)(1)$, be deleted in its entirety. All
6	those if favor of deleting the rule in its entirety,
7	please rise.
8	I think we are well past the 75 percent.
9	Thank you.
10	PRESIDENT BRINKMEYER: Mr. Chair?
11	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: I would ask the proponent
12	whether that renders the rest of these moot?
13	MR. HAROUTUNIAN: Yes.
14	PRESIDENT BRINKMEYER: I have a point of
15	order, and it's a question to the committee. When yo
16	return to deliberate all of this and formulate
17	whatever final proposals you may have, I am wondering
18	will you anticipate making commentary to the court,
19	and one reason I ask that question on this particular
20	rule and a couple of the others we have dealt with
21	here today, we are in a time right now where we are
22	dealing with some issues here today that could be
23	terribly misconstrued by members of the public as
24	being promoted from a self-interest point of view, I
25	think that's pretty clear, and this one in particular

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1	and for the reasons pointed out, the language would
2	almost make proof impossible, and so from a practical
3	point of view I think John was absolutely correct, it
4	could only be abused, but I think it's important that
5	the court know the reason why we are doing that and
6	not because we think graft is okay and not because we
7	think it's all right to buy your way into the
8	judiciary or to buy your way into appointments but
9	because we think that it's poorly drafted, it's ill
10	worded, and it could lead to abuse, and I think it's
11	very important that we convey that to the court in the
12	process of letting them know we voted it down.
13	MS. FELDMAN: Maybe I am speaking out of
14	turn. My position is that our committee has submitted
15	recommendations. We will take your amendments to
16	those recommendations and incorporate them in our word
17	processing, but it then becomes your product, it's not
18	our product, and that's what's submitted to the court
19	is the recommendation of the Representative Assembly,
20	it's not the Representative Assembly we don't speak
21	for you.
22	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: The Bar position will be
23	separate from their committee position which in the
24	future would be bound by what we said in terms of
25	their position. In terms of the report that we will

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be	submitting	to	the	court	from	the	Assembly	as	to

the Bar's position, absent some very strong objection,

I will specifically indicate on this rule that it was

based on the way the rule was worded and that the vote

should not be interpreted as an opposition to the

6 concept of not buying appointments.

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Which takes us on to the next item on the agenda, which is 5 (1). This was submitted to us by the Probate and Estate Planning Commission. I believe they were going to have a person present to explain their concern. Fortunately their liaison is present.

MS. CAHILL: Kimberly M. Cahill from the 16th circuit. I also happen to be the commissioner liaison to the Probate and Estate Planning Committee, and what they are requesting here, they have laid out their concerns in a letter which is in your materials, they are asking for specific commentary to be attached to the rule that discusses a situation that affects most of their practitioners who occasionally will represent a bank who is acting as a successor trustee or corporate fiduciary, but they have very little actual knowledge of that bank or that corporate fiduciary's undertaking, and over a number of months of discussion at the Probate and Estate Planning Council, it's become very clear that the banking and the trust

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1	community are very interested in the passage of this
2	rule in an effort to eliminate large numbers of
3	attorneys, once they have accepted this
4	successor/trustee role for the corporate fiduciary,
5	from then ever appearing and representing any entity
6	against the bank. And I think that if you look at
7	their proposal, what they are asking for is just some
8	language in the commentary that would talk about the
9	difference between actual knowledge and actual
10	representation of that client and acting as a
11	successor fiduciary or trustee, and I would ask that
12	you support their position at this time.
13	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Any other committees or
14	sections wish to address the Assembly? Member
15	comments.
16	MS. JAMIESON: Elizabeth Jamieson, 17th
17	circuit. I also would urge you to vote in favor of
18	(a), although I would just add the comment that I
19	think that commentary isn't binding, and I think it
20	would be even stronger if it were actually in the
21	rule. That's not before us, but that's just all the
22	more reason we should at least vote in favor of (a).
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Other comments.
24	Put the question then. All those in favor of
25	Rule 1.7 under item (a). providing commentary

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	indicating that in this specific situation be
2	permitted, please indicate by saying aye.
3	Any opposed.
4	That is passed, item (a).
5	Next is item 5 (m), duties to prospective
6	clients. Comments were received from the Pro Bono
7	Community. They were here this morning. They do not
8	remain apparently.
9	MR. DUNN: Comments were in support.
10	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Comments were in support,
11	as is the Ethics Committee report.
12	Is there any member well, any Bar
13	entities, committees, or sections wish to address the
14	Assembly? Any members wish to address this question?
15	Hearing none, I would put the question. All
16	those in favor of option (a), the rules should include
17	a rule governing the period during which a lawyer and
18	prospective client are considering whether to form
19	client/lawyer relationship, say aye.
20	All those opposed.
21	The not include a rule governing passes.
22	MS. JAMIESON: Is there enough for a
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: We will have to take a
24	count.
25	All those in favor of having a rule which

	REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY 11-14-03
1	governs the prospective lawyer/client relationship,
2	please rise. This is (a).
3	MS. JAMIESON: We are trying to see if there
4	is enough for a minority opinion. There is not?
5	Okay. Thank you.
6	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Item, agenda item 5 (n),
7	regulation of out-of-state attorneys practicing in
8	Michigan. Written reports were received from Probate
9	and Estates, UPL, and the Ethics. Any comments from
10	those groups?
11	MS. FELDMAN: On what?
12	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: On rule 5.5.
13	MR. BYERLEY: If I can just try to explain, I
14	think what the comments are on these rules is that we
15	need more to implement the recommendations on 5.5 and
16	8.5, which are the multi-jurisdictional practice
17	rules, and the Ethics Committee acknowledges that
18	there is something more that's needed. Those things
19	are being worked on and will be presented also in
20	another package, but in order to implement these rules
21	you also need to amend the Board of Law Examiner's
22	Rules, you need to amend the Court Rules, you need to
23	amend the Discipline Rules, all that to give other
24	entities jurisdiction over lawyers who are practicing
25	in our state.

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1	So the comments that have been received are
2	not in opposition to either 5.5 or 8.5. They just say
3	we need more, and we know we need more, and that's in
4	the works.
5	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Which means that they, if
6	I am characterizing correctly, would support (a),
7	which is that we should have rules that govern
8	out-of-state attorneys, as opposed to leaving it
9	silent on the question.
10	VOICE: Call the question.
11	MR. LARKY: Sheldon Larky, the 6th circuit.
12	This is just a heads up. We have to vote yes for
13	this, and I will tell you why, because there is a
14	thing called the general agreement for trades and
15	services, which means that the United States at the
16	current time who signed that agreement is in violation
17	of international law preventing professionals from
18	being able to practice in the United States and in
19	particular states, so what's happening is we are
20	finally going to become global as individuals and our
21	practices are going to become global and we are going
22	to be competing against a person with an office in
23	Paris, France with the same work we are doing,
24	potentially.
25	But the bottom line is we have to adopt these

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1	rules in order to protect those people who are going
2	to be coming into the state practicing law, appearing
3	before arbitrators, appearing before judicial panels.
4	This is one we definitely have to vote yes on.
5	VOICE: Call the question.
6	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: Seeing no further comment,
7	I would put the question to the floor. Question is
8	Michigan Rules of Professional Conduct should, (a),
9	include a rule that governs an out-of-state lawyers'
10	professional activities. All in favor, please say
11	aye.
12	All those in favor of (b), not include a
13	rule, please say aye.
14	(a) passes.
15	The last item on the agenda is 5 (o). It's
16	three rules that all Bar entities that have reviewed
17	it are in favor of retaining the current Michigan
18	rule, because that is contrary to the ABA position.
19	It was felt to be important that the Assembly also
20	take a position. So the question is on Rules 3.8,
21	6.3, and 6.6 should we retain the Michigan rules. It
22	will be a yes or no question.
23	Any comments from Bar committees, sections,
24	or entities? Any members wish to comment?
25	Seeing none, I will put the question. All in

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1	favor of those, retaining the Michigan rule in those
2	three instances, please say aye.
3	Any opposed.
4	Passes.
5	Do I hear a motion to adjourn?
6	MS. CAHILL: So moved.
7	CHAIRPERSON LEVY: No objection, we are
8	adjourned. Thank you very much.
9	(Proceedings concluded at 3:45 p.m.)
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     REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY
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 1
     STATE OF MICHIGAN
 2
     COUNTY OF CLINTON
 3
                     I certify that this transcript, consisting
     of 186 pages, is a complete, true, and correct transcript
 4
 5
     of the proceedings and testimony taken in this case on
 6
     Friday, November 14, 2003.
 7
     December 11, 2003
 8
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                             5021 West St. Joseph, Suite 3
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