

Report on Public Policy Position

Name of section: Family Law Section

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Bill Number:

Substitute for <u>HB 6281</u> (Ebli) Family law; personal protection orders; victims of criminal sexual conduct; allow to petition for personal protection orders. Amends sec. 2950a of <u>1961 PA 236</u> (MCL <u>600.2950a</u>).

Date position was adopted:

November 1, 2008

Process used to take the ideological position:

Position adopted after discussion and vote at a scheduled meeting.

Number of members in the decision-making body:

21

Number who voted in favor and opposed to the position:

14 Voted for position2 Voted against position0 Abstained from vote5 Did not vote

Position: Support with amendments

Explanation of the position, including any recommended amendments:

HB 6281 (substitute) allows petitioners who have been victims of or threatened with sexual assault to obtain personal protection orders. This class of petitioners had not necessarily been covered by PPO laws because they were not in a domestic relationship with the respondent, and there may not yet have been a course of conduct that would qualify as stalking. The bill allows a PPO to enter if the respondent has been convicted of assault on the petitioner, or if the court finds that the petitioner has been subjected to, threatened with, or placed in reasonable apprehension of sexual assault by the respondent. The Family Law Section thought that this was a class of petitioners that should be able to obtain PPO protection. We were concerned with the elimination of "family division" on line 6 of page 1 of the bill. PPO petitions require the experience and expertise that is developed by family division judges, and the petition should remain in the family division of the circuit court.



The Family Law Section supports this bill, provided that the personal protection orders remain within the family division of the circuit court.

The text of any legislation, court rule, or administrative regulation that is the subject of or referenced in this report.

http://legislature.mi.gov/doc.aspx?2008-HB-6281 See below for substitute bill.

SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 6281

A bill to amend 1961 PA 236, entitled

"Revised judicature act of 1961,"

by amending section 2950a (MCL 600.2950a), as amended by 2001 PA 201.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 2950a. (1) Except as provided in subsections (25) and 1 (26)-(28) AND (31), by commencing an independent action to obtain 2 relief under this section, by joining a claim to an action, or by 3 filing a motion in an action in which the petitioner and the 4 individual to be restrained or enjoined are parties, an individual 5 may petition the family division of circuit court to enter a 6 7 personal protection order to restrain or enjoin an individual from 8 engaging in conduct that is prohibited under section 411h, or-411i,



OR 411S of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.411h, and 1 750.411i, AND 750.411S. Relief UNDER THIS SUBSECTION shall not be 2 granted unless the petition alleges facts that constitute stalking 3 as defined in section 411h or 411i, OR POSTING A MESSAGE AS DEFINED 4 IN SECTION 411S, of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 5 750.411h, and 750.411i, AND 750.411S. Relief may be sought and 6 granted under this section SUBSECTION whether or not the individual 7 to be restrained or enjoined has been charged or convicted under 8 section 411h, or 411i, OR 411S of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 9 328, MCL 750.411h, and 750.411i, AND 750.411S, for the alleged 10 violation. 11

(2) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTIONS (28) AND (31), BY
COMMENCING AN INDEPENDENT ACTION TO OBTAIN RELIEF UNDER THIS
SECTION, BY JOINING A CLAIM TO AN ACTION, OR BY FILING A MOTION IN
AN ACTION IN WHICH THE PETITIONER AND THE INDIVIDUAL TO BE
RESTRAINED OR ENJOINED ARE PARTIES, AN INDIVIDUAL MAY PETITION THE
CIRCUIT COURT TO ENTER A PERSONAL PROTECTION ORDER TO RESTRAIN OR
ENJOIN AN INDIVIDUAL FROM ENGAGING IN ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:

(A) ONE OR MORE OF THE ACTS LISTED IN SUBSECTION (3), IF THE
PETITIONER IS THE VICTIM OF A SEXUAL ASSAULT FOR WHICH THE
RESPONDENT HAS BEEN CONVICTED. RELIEF UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL
BE GRANTED IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE RESPONDENT HAS BEEN
CONVICTED OF A SEXUAL ASSAULT AND THAT THE PETITIONER WAS THE
VICTIM OF THAT SEXUAL ASSAULT.

(B) ONE OR MORE OF THE ACTS LISTED IN SUBSECTION (3), IF THE
PETITIONER HAS BEEN SUBJECTED TO, THREATENED WITH, OR PLACED IN
REASONABLE APPREHENSION OF SEXUAL ASSAULT BY THE INDIVIDUAL TO BE

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1 ENJOINED. RELIEF UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT BE GRANTED UNLESS 2 THE PETITION ALLEGES FACTS THAT DEMONSTRATE THAT THE RESPONDENT HAS PERPETRATED OR THREATENED SEXUAL ASSAULT AGAINST THE PETITIONER OR 3 4 HAS ENGAGED IN CONDUCT THAT HAS CREATED IN THE PETITIONER THE 5 REASONABLE APPREHENSION OF SEXUAL ASSAULT. RELIEF MAY BE SOUGHT AND GRANTED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE INDIVIDUAL 6 7 TO BE RESTRAINED OR ENJOINED HAS BEEN CHARGED WITH OR CONVICTED OF 8 SEXUAL ASSAULT.

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9 (3) THE COURT MAY RESTRAIN OR ENJOIN AN INDIVIDUAL AGAINST 10 WHOM A PROTECTION ORDER IS SOUGHT UNDER SUBSECTION (2) FROM 1 OR 11 MORE OF THE FOLLOWING:

12 (A) ENTERING ONTO PREMISES.

13 (B) THREATENING TO SEXUALLY ASSAULT, KILL, OR PHYSICALLY
14 INJURE PETITIONER OR A NAMED INDIVIDUAL.

15 (C) PURCHASING OR POSSESSING A FIREARM.

16 (D) INTERFERING WITH THE PETITIONER'S EFFORTS TO REMOVE THE
17 PETITIONER'S CHILDREN OR PERSONAL PROPERTY FROM PREMISES THAT ARE
18 SOLELY OWNED OR LEASED BY THE INDIVIDUAL TO BE RESTRAINED OR
19 ENJOINED.

(E) INTERFERING WITH THE PETITIONER AT THE PETITIONER'S PLACE
OF EMPLOYMENT OR EDUCATION OR ENGAGING IN CONDUCT THAT IMPAIRS THE
PETITIONER'S EMPLOYMENT OR EDUCATIONAL RELATIONSHIP OR ENVIRONMENT.
(F) FOLLOWING OR APPEARING WITHIN THE SIGHT OF THE PETITIONER.
(G) APPROACHING OR CONFRONTING THE PETITIONER IN A PUBLIC
PLACE OR ON PRIVATE PROPERTY.
(H) APPEARING AT THE PETITIONER'S WORKPLACE OR RESIDENCE.

27 (I) ENTERING ONTO OR REMAINING ON PROPERTY OWNED, LEASED, OR

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1 OCCUPIED BY THE PETITIONER.

2 (J) CONTACTING THE PETITIONER BY TELEPHONE.

3 (K) SENDING MAIL OR ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS TO THE4 PETITIONER.

5 (1) PLACING AN OBJECT ON, OR DELIVERING AN OBJECT TO, PROPERTY 6 OWNED, LEASED, OR OCCUPIED BY THE PETITIONER.

7 (M) ENGAGING IN CONDUCT THAT IS PROHIBITED UNDER SECTION 411S 8 OF THE MICHIGAN PENAL CODE, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.411S.

9 (N) ANY OTHER SPECIFIC ACT OR CONDUCT THAT IMPOSES UPON OR 10 INTERFERES WITH PERSONAL LIBERTY OR THAT CAUSES A REASONABLE 11 APPREHENSION OF VIOLENCE OR SEXUAL ASSAULT.

(4) SECTION 520J OF THE MICHIGAN PENAL CODE, 1931 PA 328, MCL
750.520J, APPLIES IN ANY HEARING ON A PETITION FOR, A MOTION TO
MODIFY OR TERMINATE, OR AN ALLEGED VIOLATION OF A PERSONAL
PROTECTION ORDER REQUESTED OR ISSUED UNDER SUBSECTION (2), EXCEPT
AS FOLLOWS:

17 (A) THE WRITTEN MOTION AND OFFER OF PROOF SHALL BE FILED AT
18 LEAST 24 HOURS BEFORE A HEARING ON A PETITION TO ISSUE A PERSONAL
19 PROTECTION ORDER OR ON AN ALLEGED VIOLATION OF A PERSONAL
20 PROTECTION ORDER.

(B) THE WRITTEN MOTION AND OFFER OF PROOF SHALL BE FILED AT
THE SAME TIME THAT A MOTION TO MODIFY OR TERMINATE A PERSONAL
PROTECTION ORDER IS FILED.

(5) (2)—If the respondent TO A PETITION UNDER THIS SECTION is
a person who is issued a license to carry a concealed weapon and is
required to carry a weapon as a condition of his or her employment,
a police officer certified by the commission on law enforcement

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standards act, 1965 PA 203, MCL 28.601 to 28.616, a sheriff, a 1 deputy sheriff or a member of the Michigan department of state 2 police, a local corrections officer, a department of corrections 3 4 employee, or a federal law enforcement officer who carries a firearm during the normal course of his or her employment, the 5 petitioner shall notify the court of the respondent's occupation 6 prior to the issuance of BEFORE the personal protection order IS 7 8 **ISSUED**. This subsection does not apply to a petitioner who does not 9 know the respondent's occupation.

(6) (3) A petitioner may omit his or her address of residence
from documents filed with the court under this section. If a
petitioner omits his or her address of residence, the petitioner
shall provide the court a mailing address.

(7) (4)—If a court ISSUES OR refuses to grant_ISSUE a personal
protection order, the court shall immediately state in writing the
specific reasons for issuing or refusing to issue a—THE personal
protection order. If a hearing is held, the court shall also
immediately state on the record the specific reasons for issuing or
refusing to issue a personal protection order.

(8) (5) A personal protection order shall not be made mutual.
Correlative separate personal protection orders are prohibited
unless both parties have properly petitioned the court according to
UNDER subsection (1) OR (2).

(9) (6) A personal protection order is effective and
immediately enforceable anywhere in this state when signed by a
judge. Upon service, a personal protection order also may be
enforced by another state, an Indian tribe, or a territory of the

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1 United States.

2 (10) (7) The court shall designate the law enforcement agency
3 that is responsible for entering the personal protection order into
4 the L.E.I.N.

5 (11) (8)—A personal protection order issued under this section
6 shall include all of the following, and to the extent practicable
7 contained in a single form:

8 (a) A statement that the personal protection order has been
9 entered to enjoin or restrain conduct listed in the order and that
10 violation of the personal protection order will subject the
11 individual restrained or enjoined to 1 or more of the following:

(i) If the respondent is 17 years of age or more-OLDER,
immediate arrest and the civil and criminal contempt powers of the
court, and that if he or she is found guilty of criminal contempt,
he or she shall be imprisoned IMPRISONMENT for not more than 93
days and may be fined A FINE OF not more than \$500.00.

17 (*ii*) If the respondent is less than 17 years of age, to
18 immediate apprehension or being taken into custody - and subject to
19 the dispositional alternatives listed in section 18 of chapter XIIA
20 of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712A.18.

(*iii*) If the respondent violates the personal protection order
in a jurisdiction other than this state, the respondent is subject
to the enforcement procedures and penalties of the state, Indian
tribe, or United States territory under whose jurisdiction the
violation occurred.

(b) A statement that the personal protection order iseffective and immediately enforceable anywhere in this state when

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signed by a judge, and that upon service, a personal protection
 order also may be enforced by another state, an Indian tribe, or a
 territory of the United States.

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(c) A statement listing each type of conduct enjoined.

5 (d) An expiration date stated clearly on the face of the6 order.

7 (e) A statement that the personal protection order is8 enforceable anywhere in Michigan by any law enforcement agency.

9 (f) The law enforcement agency designated by the court to10 enter the personal protection order into the L.E.I.N.

(g) For an ex parte order, a statement that the individual restrained or enjoined may file a motion to modify or rescind the personal protection order and request a hearing within 14 days after the individual restrained or enjoined has been served or has received IS SERVED OR RECEIVES actual notice of the personal protection order and that motion forms and filing instructions are available from the clerk of the court.

18 (12) (9)—An ex parte personal protection order shall not be 19 issued and effective without written or oral notice to the 20 individual enjoined or his or her attorney unless it clearly appears from specific facts shown by verified complaint, written 21 motion, or affidavit that immediate and irreparable injury, loss, 22 23 or damage will result from the delay required to effectuate notice 24 or that the notice will precipitate adverse action before a 25 personal protection order can be issued.

(13) (10)—A personal protection order issued under subsection
 (9)-(12) is valid for not less than 182 days. The individual

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restrained or enjoined may file a motion to modify or rescind the
 personal protection order and request a hearing under the Michigan
 court rules. The motion to modify or rescind the personal
 protection order shall be filed within 14 days after the order is
 served or after the individual restrained or enjoined has received
 RECEIVES actual notice of the personal protection order unless good
 cause is shown for filing the motion after 14 days have elapsed.

8 (14) (11)-Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the 9 court shall schedule a hearing on the motion to modify or rescind 10 the ex parte personal protection order within 14 days after the 11 filing of the motion to modify or rescind **IS FILED**. If the 12 respondent is a person described in subsection $\frac{(2)}{(5)}$ and the 13 personal protection order prohibits him or her from purchasing or possessing a firearm, the court shall schedule a hearing on the 14 15 motion to modify or rescind the ex parte personal protection order 16 within 5 days after the filing of the motion to modify or rescind 17 IS FILED.

18 (15) (12) The clerk of the court that issues a personal 19 protection order shall do all of the following immediately upon 20 issuance without requiring proof of service on the individual 21 restrained or enjoined:

(a) File a true copy of the personal protection order with the
law enforcement agency designated by the court in the personal
protection order.

(b) Provide THE petitioner with not less than 2 OR MORE true
copies of the personal protection order.

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(c) If respondent-THE INDIVIDUAL RESTRAINED OR ENJOINED is

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identified in the pleadings as a law enforcement officer, notify
 the officer's employing law enforcement agency about OF the
 existence of the personal protection order.

(d) If the personal protection order prohibits the respondent
INDIVIDUAL RESTRAINED OR ENJOINED from purchasing or possessing a
firearm, notify the concealed weapon licensing board in
respondent's THE INDIVIDUAL'S county of residence about OF the
existence and content of the personal protection order.

9 (e) If the respondent-INDIVIDUAL RESTRAINED OR ENJOINED is
10 identified in the pleadings as a department of corrections
11 employee, notify the state department of corrections about OF the
12 existence of the personal protection order.

(f) If the respondent-INDIVIDUAL RESTRAINED OR ENJOINED is identified in the pleadings as being a person who may have access to information concerning the petitioner or a child of the petitioner or respondent-INDIVIDUAL and that information is contained in friend of the court records, notify the friend of the court for the county in which the information is located about OF the existence of the personal protection order.

(16) (13) The clerk of the A court THAT ISSUES A PERSONAL
PROTECTION ORDER shall inform the petitioner that he or she may
take a true copy of the personal protection order to the law
enforcement agency designated by the court in UNDER subsection (7)
(10) to be immediately entered into the L.E.I.N.

(17) (14) The law enforcement agency that receives a true copy
of the A personal protection order under subsection (12) or (13)
(15) OR (16) shall immediately, without requiring proof of service,

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enter the personal protection order into the L.E.I.N.

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2 (18) (15) A personal protection order issued under this 3 section shall be served personally, or by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, delivery restricted to the 4 5 addressee at the last known address or addresses of the individual 6 restrained or enjoined or by any other manner provided in METHOD 7 ALLOWED BY the Michigan court rules. If the individual restrained 8 or enjoined has not been served, a law enforcement officer or clerk of the court who knows that a personal protection order exists may, 9 10 at any time, serve the individual restrained or enjoined with a 11 true copy of the order or advise the individual restrained or 12 enjoined about OF the existence of the personal protection order, 13 the specific conduct enjoined, the penalties for violating the 14 order, and where the individual restrained or enjoined may obtain a 15 copy of the order. If the respondent-INDIVIDUAL RESTRAINED OR 16 ENJOINED is less than 18 years of age, the parent, guardian, or 17 custodian of that THE individual shall also be served personally or 18 by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, delivery 19 restricted to the addressee at the last known address or addresses 20 of the parent, guardian, or custodian. of the individual restrained 21 or enjoined. A proof of service or proof of oral notice shall be filed with the clerk of the court issuing the personal protection 22 23 order. This subsection does not prohibit the immediate 24 effectiveness of a personal protection order or immediate 25 enforcement under subsection (18) or (19) (21) OR (22).

26 (19) (16) The clerk of the court THAT ISSUED A PERSONAL
 27 PROTECTION ORDER shall immediately notify the law enforcement

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1 agency that received the personal protection order under subsection 2 (12)-(15) or (13)-(16) if either OR BOTH of the following occurs 3 OCCUR:

4 (a) The clerk of the court has received RECEIVES proof that
5 the individual restrained or enjoined has been served.

6 (b) The personal protection order is rescinded, modified, or7 extended by court order.

8 (20) (17) The law enforcement agency that receives information
9 under subsection (16) (19) shall enter the information or cause the
10 information to be entered into the L.E.I.N.

(21) (18)—Subject to subsection (19)—(22), a personal protection order is immediately enforceable anywhere in this state by any law enforcement agency that has received a true copy of the order, is shown a copy of it, or has verified its existence on the L.E.I.N.

(22) (19)-If the individual restrained or enjoined BY A 16 17 PERSONAL PROTECTION ORDER has not been served, the A law 18 enforcement agency or officer responding to a call alleging a 19 violation of a THE personal protection order shall serve the 20 individual restrained or enjoined with a true copy of the order or 21 advise the individual restrained or enjoined about OF the existence 22 of the personal protection order, the specific conduct enjoined, the penalties for violating the order, and where the individual 23 24 restrained or enjoined may obtain a copy of the order. The law 25 enforcement officer shall enforce the personal protection order and 26 immediately enter or cause to be entered into the L.E.I.N. that the 27 individual restrained or enjoined has actual notice of the personal

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1 protection order. The law enforcement officer also shall file a 2 proof of service or proof of oral notice with the clerk of the 3 court issuing THAT ISSUED the personal protection order. If the 4 individual restrained or enjoined has not received notice of the 5 personal protection order, the individual restrained or enjoined 6 shall be given an opportunity to comply with the personal protection order before the law enforcement officer makes a 7 8 custodial arrest for violation of the personal protection order. 9 Failure to immediately comply with the personal protection order is 10 grounds for an immediate custodial arrest. This subsection does not preclude an arrest under section 15 or 15a of chapter IV of the 11 code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 764.15 and 764.15a, or 12 a proceeding under section 14 of chapter XIIA of the probate code 13 14 of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712A.14.

15 (23) (20) An individual 17 years of age or more OLDER who 16 refuses or fails to comply with a personal protection order issued under this section is subject to the criminal contempt powers of 17 the court and, if found guilty of criminal contempt, shall be 18 19 imprisoned for not more than 93 days and may be fined not more than 20 \$500.00. An individual less than 17 years of age who refuses or 21 fails to comply with a personal protection order issued under this 22 section is subject to the dispositional alternatives listed in 23 section 18 of chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 24 288, MCL 712A.18. The criminal penalty provided for under this 25 section may be imposed in addition to any penalty that may be 26 imposed for any other criminal offense arising from the same 27 conduct.



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(24) (21) An individual who knowingly and intentionally makes
 a false statement to the A court in support of his or her petition
 for a personal protection order is subject to the contempt powers
 of the court.

5 (25) (22) A personal protection order issued under this
6 section is also enforceable under chapter XIIA of the probate code
7 of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712A.1 to 712A.32, and section 15b of
8 chapter IV of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL
9 764.15b.

(26) (23) A personal protection order issued under this
section may enjoin or restrain an individual from purchasing or
possessing a firearm.

13 (27) (24)—A personal protection order issued under this
14 section is also enforceable under chapter 17.

(28) (25) A court shall not issue a personal protection order that restrains or enjoins conduct described in subsection (1) if any THE RESPONDENT IS A MINOR CHILD LESS THAN 10 YEARS OLD. A COURT SHALL NOT ISSUE A PERSONAL PROTECTION ORDER THAT RESTRAINS CONDUCT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) OR (3) IF EITHER of the following apply:

(a) The respondent is the unemancipated minor child of thepetitioner.

(b) The petitioner is the unemancipated minor child of therespondent.

(c) The respondent is a minor child less than 10 years of age.
 (29) (26)—If the respondent is less than 18 years of age OLD,
 issuance of a personal protection order under this section is

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subject to chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288,
 MCL 712A.1 to 712A.32.

3 (30) (27) A personal protection order that is issued before
4 March 1, 1999 is not invalid on the ground that it does not comply
5 with 1 or more of the requirements added by 1998 PA 476.

6 (31) (28) A court shall not issue a personal protection order 7 under this section if IF the petitioner UNDER THIS SECTION is a prisoner, THE COURT SHALL ONLY ISSUE A PERSONAL PROTECTION ORDER 8 UNDER THIS SECTION IF THE RESPONDENT HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF A SEXUAL 9 ASSAULT IN WHICH THE PETITIONER WAS THE VICTIM. If a personal 10 protection order is issued in violation of this subsection, a court 11 12 shall rescind the personal protection order upon notification and 13 verification that the petitioner is a prisoner AND THAT THE 14 RESPONDENT HAS NOT BEEN CONVICTED OF A SEXUAL ASSAULT IN WHICH THE PETITIONER WAS THE VICTIM. 15

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(32) (29) As used in this section:

17 (A) "CONVICTED" MEANS 1 OF THE FOLLOWING:

18 (i) THE SUBJECT OF A JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION OR A PROBATION
19 ORDER ENTERED IN A COURT THAT HAS JURISDICTION OVER CRIMINAL
20 OFFENSES, INCLUDING A TRIBAL COURT OR A MILITARY COURT.

(*ii*) ASSIGNED TO YOUTHFUL TRAINEE STATUS UNDER SECTIONS 11 TO
15 OF CHAPTER II OF THE CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE, 1927 PA 175,
MCL 762.11 TO 762.15, IF THE INDIVIDUAL'S STATUS OF YOUTHFUL
TRAINEE IS REVOKED AND AN ADJUDICATION OF GUILT IS ENTERED.

(*iii*) THE SUBJECT OF AN ORDER OF DISPOSITION ENTERED UNDER
SECTION 18 OF CHAPTER XIIA OF THE PROBATE CODE OF 1939, 1939 PA
27 288, MCL 712A.18, THAT IS OPEN TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC UNDER SECTION

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1 28 OF CHAPTER XIIA OF THE PROBATE CODE OF 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 2 712A.28.

3 (*iv*) THE SUBJECT OF AN ORDER OF DISPOSITION OR OTHER
4 ADJUDICATION IN A JUVENILE MATTER IN ANOTHER STATE OR COUNTRY.

5 (B) (a) "Federal law enforcement officer" means an officer or
6 agent employed by a law enforcement agency of the United States
7 government whose primary responsibility is the enforcement of laws
8 of the United States.

9 (C) (b) "L.E.I.N." means the law enforcement information
10 network administered under the *L.E.I.N.* C.J.I.S. policy council
11 act, of 1974, 1974 PA 163, MCL 28.211 to 28.216 28.215.

(D) (c)—"Personal protection order" means an injunctive order issued by THE circuit court or the family division of circuit court restraining or enjoining conduct prohibited under section 411h or 411i of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.411h and 750.411i SUBSECTION (1) OR (3).

(E) (d)—"Prisoner" means a person subject to incarceration,
detention, or admission to a prison who is accused of, convicted
of, sentenced for, or adjudicated delinquent for violations of
federal, state, or local law or the terms and conditions of parole,
probation, pretrial release, or a diversionary program.

(F) "SEXUAL ASSAULT" MEANS AN ACT, ATTEMPTED ACT, OR
CONSPIRACY TO ENGAGE IN AN ACT OF CRIMINAL CONDUCT AS DEFINED IN
SECTION 520B, 520C, 520D, 520E, OR 520G OF THE MICHIGAN PENAL CODE,
1931 PA 328, MCL 750.520B, 750.520C, 750.520D, 750.520E, AND
750.520G, OR THE FURNISHING OF OBSCENE MATERIALS TO A MINOR AS
DEFINED IN SECTION 142 OF THE MICHIGAN PENAL CODE, 1931 PA 328, MCL

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750.142, OR AN OFFENSE UNDER A LAW OF THE UNITED STATES, ANOTHER
 STATE, OR TRIBAL OR MILITARY LAW THAT IS SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR TO
 AN OFFENSE LISTED IN THIS SUBDIVISION.

Enacting section 1. This amendatory act does not take effect
unless Senate Bill No._____ or House Bill No._____ (request no.
03593'07 a) of the 94th Legislature is enacted into law.

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